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CHARLES FIORE NURSERIES

General Nursery Catalog

Member of Illinois State Nurserymen's Association
Member of the American Association of Nurserymen

Telephone Libertyville 630

Residence Telephone Highwood 523

PRAIRIE VIEW, ILLINOIS

Office on Grounds on Route 22, One and One-half Miles West of Milwaukee Avenue

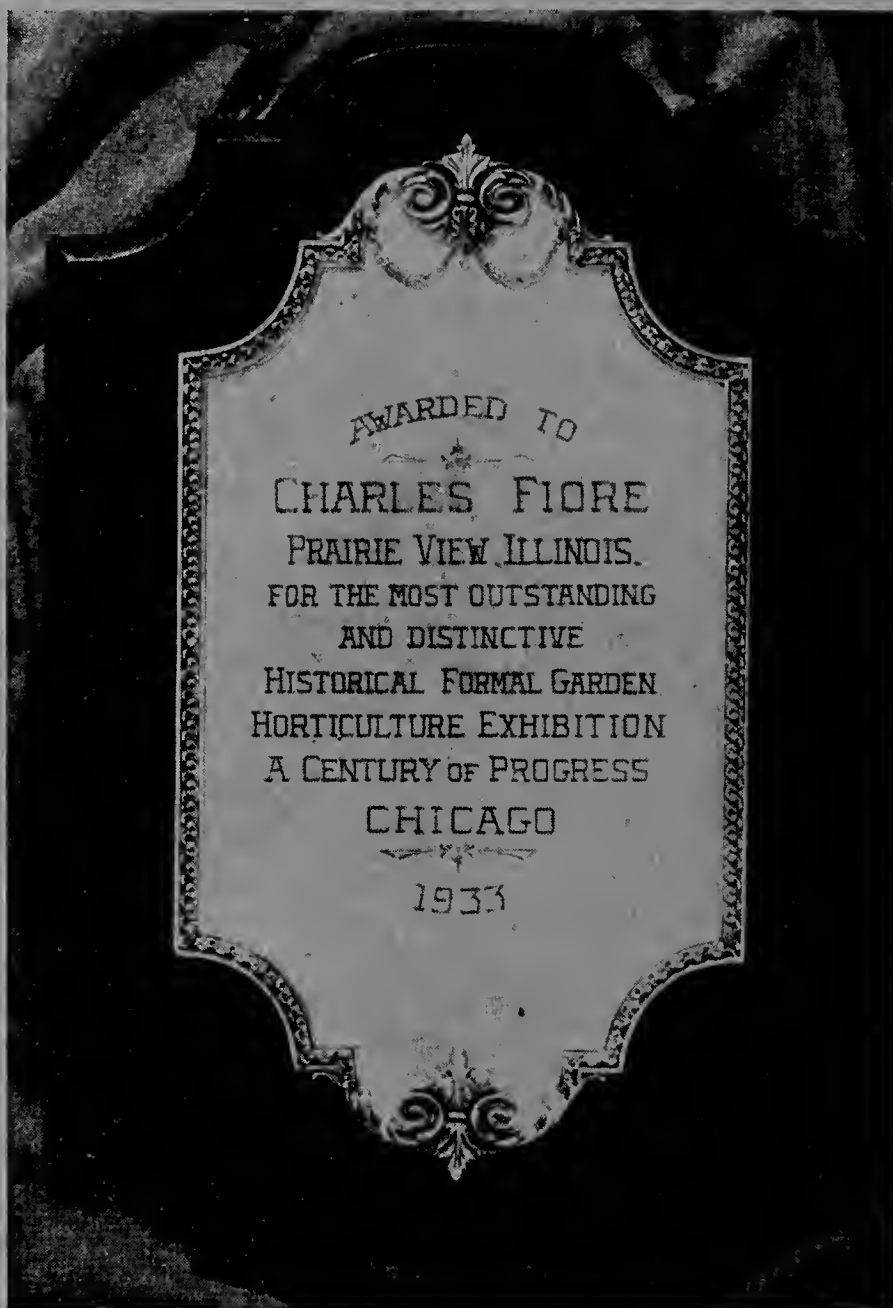
FIORE'S Complete Nursery and Landscape Service . .

QUALITY

SERVICE

WORKMANSHIP

DESIGN



Winner of the Silver Plaque pictured above, Horticultural Exhibits, A Century of Progress, Chicago — 1933.

Winner of Silver and Gold Medals, Horticultural Exhibits, Chicago World's Fair — 1934.

Winner of trophy at Chicago Central States Garden and Flower Show, Chicago Stadium, Chicago, Illinois, 1930.

Winner of Sweepstake and gold medal at the Garden and Flower Show, Navy Pier, Chicago, Illinois, 1932.

Winner of first prize at County Fair, Chicago, Illinois, 1932.

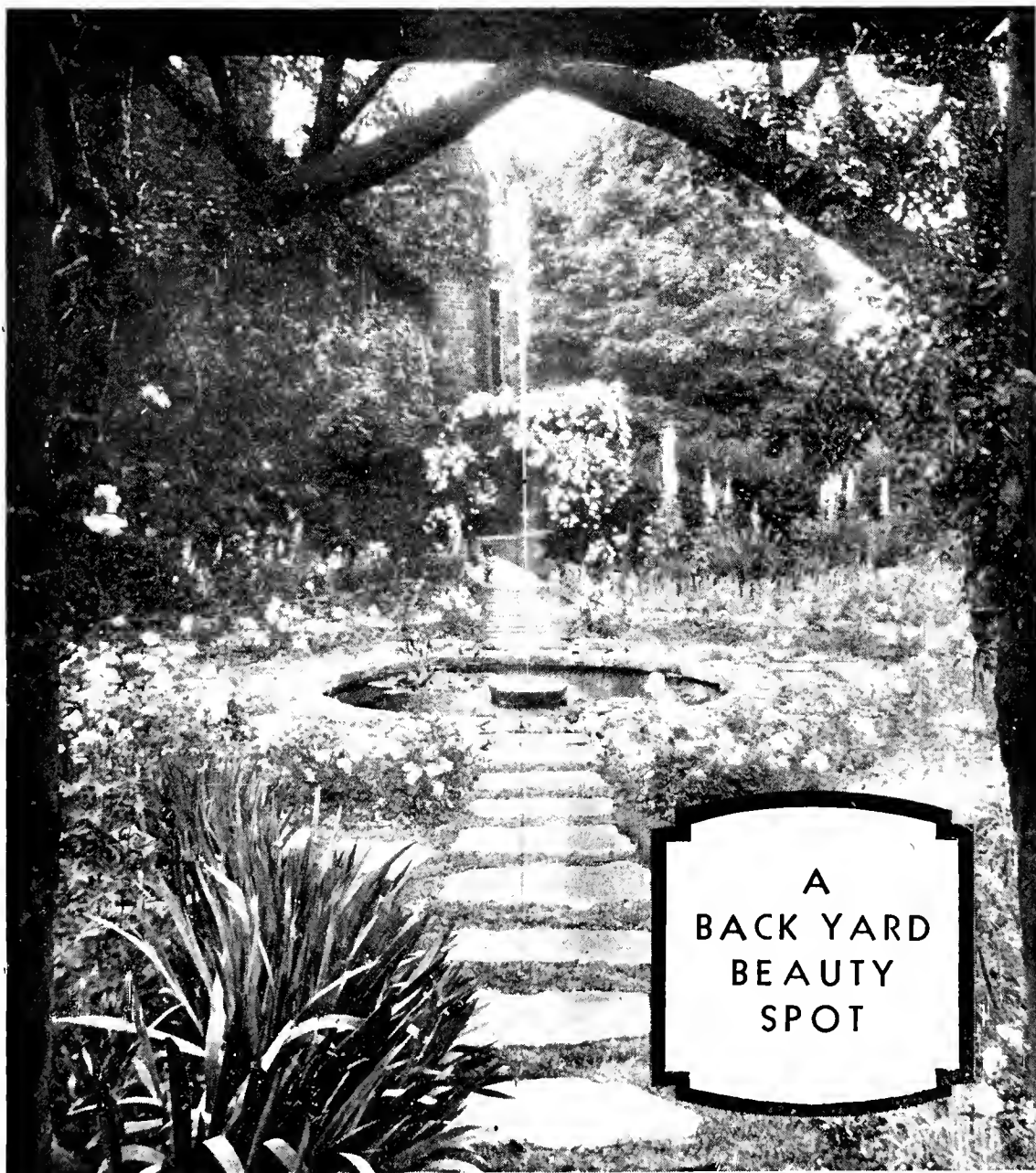
Landscape Service

WE ARE prepared to design and execute all types of gardens both for large estates and small homes.

Being growers, we have the advantage of knowing the exact requirements of different plants. This knowledge is absolutely essential to obtain the best results. Proper planting has much to do with the permanent beauty of any home or public building and thoughtful consideration should be given to the selection of the location of the building or buildings on the lot itself.

While Mr. Fiore, who personally supervises our Landscape Department, makes a specialty of the development of new places, he is fully as competent to advise changes which will add to the completeness of the home surroundings. Let us solve your landscape problems for you—profit by our years of experience.

The proper planting of your home grounds or estate is exceedingly important not only because it is judged by passers-by but because it adds beauty as well as valuation to your property.



ORNAMENTAL AND HARDY SHADE TREES

This section of our nursery business requires a great many acres of land distributed in immense blocks to whatever variety of soil is adapted to each peculiar kind of tree.

In various latitudes, different climatic conditions prevail and accordingly affects vegetation so that it should be borne in mind to consult those who have had experience as to what is likely to thrive in a given locality rather than to plant trees at random. Our list of trees is not a large one, but we prefer to name only those that are certain to thrive within a reasonable distance of Chicago, and have always this in mind, and shall be pleased to advise at any time as to the best kind to use for a given purpose in any locality.

We wish to call the particular attention of our friends and customers to two latest introductions, the Klehm's Moline and Klehm's Vase-Shaped Elms, which are probably the finest trees for street, park and lawn planting that have ever been introduced. You will find full descriptions of these under the heading *Ulmus* (ELMS).

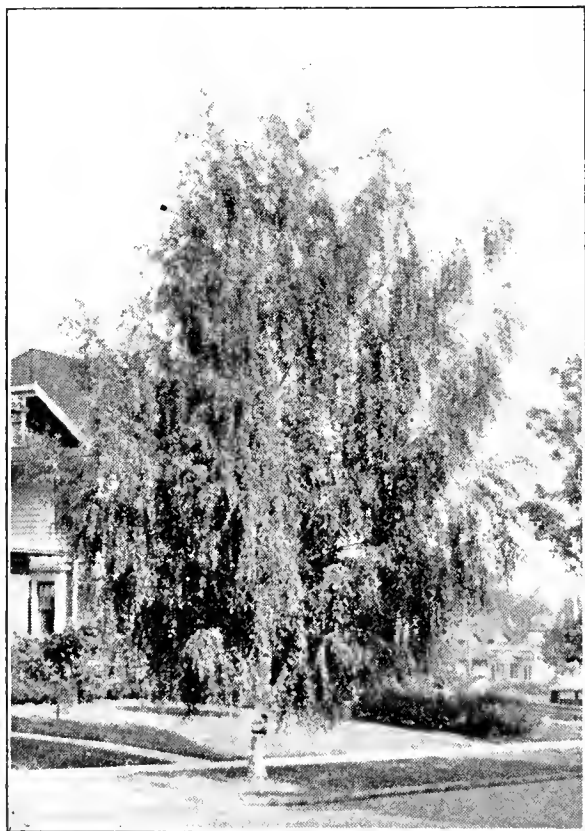
We are always pleased to allow personal selection by our customers for particular ornamental trees, but in no such case will list apply, extra charges will be made for such service.

ACER—MAPLE

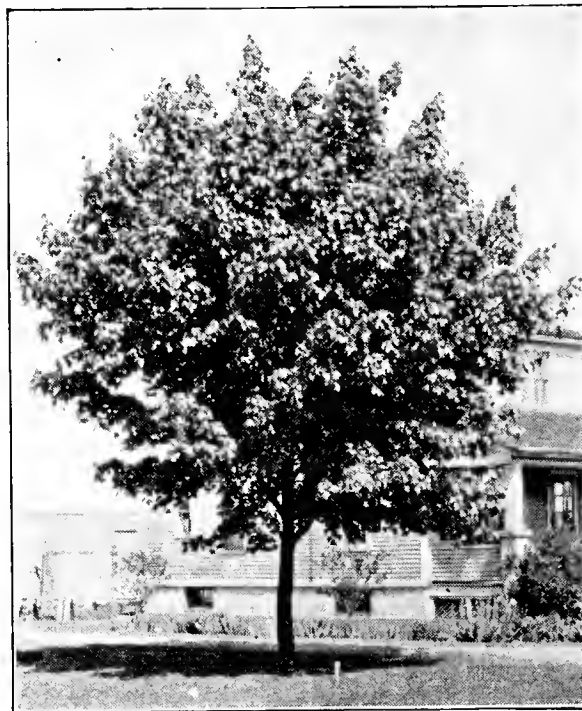
One of the most widely known class of trees. They are comparatively free of insect pests, and for street and lawn planting are invaluable.

Aureum (Golden Maple)—Similar to *Acer Rubrum* with reddish flowers in early Spring. Leaves reddish in early stage turning to greenish yellow. Makes a beautiful specimen for the lawn.

	Each	Per 10
2" to 2½"	\$ 7.50	\$ 70.00
2½" to 3"	10.00	90.00
3" to 3½"	15.00	140.00



BETULA—BIRCH



ACER—MAPLE

ACER—(Continued)

Dasycarpum (Soft or Silver Maple). Rapid growing, large size and irregular form. Foliage bright green above and silvery white beneath; easily transplanted.

	Each	Per 10
8' to 10' .....	.75	6.00
2" to 2½"	2.50	22.50
2½" to 3"	3.00	25.00
3" to 4"	8.00	75.00

Dasycarpum Wieri (Wier's Cut-leaf Maple). Beautiful tree with delicately cut leaves. Of rapid growth, shoots slender and drooping, giving it a habit almost as graceful as the cut-leaved birch. Very attractive lawn tree.

	Each	Per 10
2½" to 3"	5.50	50.00
3" to 4"	10.00	90.00

Ginnala (Amur Maple)

	Each	Per 10
5' to 6' .....	.90	8.00
6' to 7'	1.25	10.00

Palmatum (Green Japanese Maple).

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet B&B	5.00	45.00
3 to 4 feet B&B	7.50	70.00

Platanoides (Norway Maple). A large handsome tree of spreading, rounded form, with broad, deep green, shining foliage, compact habit and stout vigorous growth. Desirable for street, park or lawn.

	Each	Per 10
1" to 1½"	2.50	22.50
1½" to 2"	3.00	25.00
2" to 2½"	6.00	55.00
2½" to 3"	7.50	70.00

Platanoides Schwedleri (Red-Leaved Norway Maple). A distinct and beautiful tree with large deep purplish red leaves in Spring and early Summer, changing to a purplish green late in the season. A hardy and vigorous tree, and one of the finest for the lawn. This variety has been voted the most useful for the general planting.

	Each	Per 10
1" to 1¼"	4.00	35.00
1¼" to 1½"	5.00	45.00
1½" to 1¾"	6.50	60.00
1¾" to 2"	8.00	75.00
2" to 2½"	10.00	90.00
2½" to 3"	15.00	140.00

Rubrum (Red or Scarlet Maple).

	Each	Per 10
6' to 8'	2.50	22.50
8' to 10'	3.50	32.50

Saccharum (Hard or Sugar Maple). Excellent street and shade tree of upright dense growth; the leaves turning to a bright yellow and scarlet in Autumn. Grows well in all except damp and soggy soil.

	Each	Per 10
1" to 1½"	3.00	25.00
1½" to 2"	5.00	45.00
2" to 2½"	6.00	55.00
2½" to 3"	10.00	90.00
3" to 3½"	12.00	110.00
3½" to 4"	15.00	140.00

AESCULUS

Aesculus Hippocastanum (Horsechestnut). Eight to twelve inch, very showy white flowers. Grows very slowly. Makes very good specimen trees growing sixty to eighty feet high.

	Each	Per 10
2" to 2 1/2"	5.50	50.00
4" to 4 1/2"	15.00	140.00
4 1/2" to 5" B&B	50.00	
5" to 6" B&B	90.00	

AILANTHUS—Tree of Heaven

Glandulosa—An extremely quick-growing tree with feathery, tropical-looking foliage. Valuable because it thrives in smoky cities and in soils where other trees perish.

	Each	Per 10
4' to 5'	1.50	14.00
5' to 6'	1.75	16.00
8' to 10'	2.50	22.50
1 1/2" to 2"	4.00	35.00

BETULA—BIRCH

Alba (European White Birch)

	Each	Per 10
5 to 6 feet	1.50	14.00
6 to 8 feet	2.00	18.00
8 to 10 feet	3.00	27.50

Gracilis (Cutleaf Weeping Birch)

	Each	Per 10
6' to 8'	3.00	25.00
1" to 1 1/2"	4.00	35.00
1 1/2" to 2"	5.00	45.00
2" to 2 1/2"	7.50	70.00

Papyrifera (Canoe Birch). Quite erect when young, its branches begin to droop gracefully with age, its bark is white and very effective in landscape views.

	Each	Per 10
6' to 8'	2.00	17.50
1 1/2" to 2"	5.00	45.00
2" to 2 1/2"	8.00	75.00

Populifolia (Gray Birch)

	Each	Per 10
8-10 feet	3.00	25.00

We grow Birches 2 and 3 trees in a group for landscape effects. Prices on request.

CATALPA

Bungei (Umbrella Catalpa). A rapid growing tree with a globe-headed mass of large heart-shaped, deep green leaves.

	Each	Per 10
8-9'—5 year	4.00	35.00

Speciosa (Hardy Western Catalpa). Blossoms in July when few trees are in bloom. The flowers are large, very showy and quite fragrant.

	Each	Per 10
2" to 2 1/2"	2.00	17.50
2 1/2" to 3"	3.00	25.00
3" to 4"	5.00	45.00

CELTIS—HACKBERRY

Occidentalis (Nettle Tree). Light green, glossy, pointed leaves. Branches spread horizontally, forming a wide, elm-shaped head of medium size. Vigorous, hardy, healthy, thriving in all soils.

	Each	Per 10
6' to 7'	1.50	14.00
7' to 8'	2.00	18.00
1 1/2" to 1 3/4"	5.00	45.00
1 3/4" to 2"	7.00	65.00

CERASUS—JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRIES

We offer here the large double-flowering varieties. They bloom early in May and their miraculous beauty, coming so soon after winter has passed, makes a picture of delicate beauty.

Hisakura—Large, double pink. One of the finest of all Japanese Flowering Cherries.

	Each	Per 10
5' to 6' B&B	4.00	35.00
6' to 7' B&B	6.00	55.00

Rosea Flora Plena—Double rose-pink flowers of great beauty.

	Each	Per 10
5' to 6' B&B	4.00	35.00
6' to 7' B&B	6.00	55.00

CERASUS—(Continued)

Shidare Higan (Weeping Flowering Cherry) *Prunus Pendula* Sgl. The weeping, slender branches are covered with light pink flowers which appear long before any of the other Japanese Cherries come in bloom.

	Each	Per 10
5' to 6' B&B	4.00	35.00
6' to 7' B&B	6.00	55.00
2 1/2" to 3" B&B	17.50	170.00

Shirofugen—Large, double, light pink. An exquisite variety.

	Each	Per 10
5' to 6' B&B	4.00	35.00
6' to 7' B&B	6.00	55.00

CERCIS—JUDAS TREE, or REDBUD

Canadensis (American Judas Tree). A very ornamental, native tree of medium size, irregularly rounded form with perfect heart-shaped leaves of pure green. The tree derives the name of Redbud from the profusion of delicate reddish purple flowers with which it is covered before the foliage appears.

	Each	Per 10
4' to 5'	1.50	14.00
5' to 6'	2.00	17.50
6' to 8'	2.50	20.00

CRATAEGUS—HAWTHORN or RED HAW

Coccinea (Scarlet-Fruited Thorn, or Thicket Hawthorn). This charming little tree-like shrub often attains a height of ten feet and is a bower of beauty when in bloom. It is equally ornamental when loaded with its crimson fruits.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' .....	.75	7.00
4' to 5' .....	.80	7.50
5' to 6'	1.00	9.00

Large Specimens on Application.

Cordata (Washington Thorn). Branches upright, forming a round-topped head, leaves heart-shaped. Flowers white with rose colored anthers.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' .....	.75	7.00
4' to 5' .....	.80	7.50
5' to 6'	1.00	9.00

Crusgalli (Cockspur Hawthorn).

	Each	Per 10
3-4 feet .....	.90	8.00
4-5 feet	1.40	13.00
5-6 feet	2.50	22.50
6-8 feet	3.50	30.00

Oxyacantha (English Hawthorn). Small tree with single white flowers and scarlet fruit. The May thorn of England.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' .....	.75	7.00
4' to 5' .....	.80	7.50
5' to 6'	1.00	9.00
1" to 1 1/2"	3.00	25.00
1 1/2" to 2"	4.00	35.00
2" to 2 1/2"	6.00	55.00

Oxyacantha Albo-Plena (Double White Thorn). English Hawthorn. Has small double white flowers. A highly ornamental variety on account of both foliage and flowers. Makes a striking contrast when planted with double scarlet.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' .....	.75	7.00
4' to 5' .....	.80	7.50
5' to 6'	1.00	9.00
1" to 1 1/2"	3.00	25.00
1 1/2" to 2"	4.00	35.00
2" to 2 1/2"	6.00	55.00

Oxyacantha Rosea (Pink English Hawthorn). Flowers rose pink.

	Each	Per 10
3-4 feet .....	.75	7.00
4-5 feet .....	.80	7.50
5-6 feet	1.00	9.00

Oxyacantha Splendens (Paul's Double Scarlet Thorn). The highest colored form of the class and exceedingly showy. Flowers deep crimson with scarlet shade; very double.

	Each	Per 10
4' to 5'	1.50	14.00
5' to 6'	2.00	17.50
1" to 1 1/2"	6.50	60.00
1 1/2" to 2"	10.00	90.00

Punctata (Dotted Hawthorn).

	Each	Per 10
4-5 feet	1.40	12.50
5-6 feet	1.75	15.00

FAGUS—BEECH

<i>Sylvatica</i> (Copper Beech)	Each	Per 10
6-8' B&B	7.50	70.00
8-10' B&B	10.00	90.00

FRAXINUS—ASH

<i>Americana</i> (White Ash)	Each	Per 10
1" to 1½" .....	.90	8.00
1½" to 2"	1.25	11.00
<i>Lanceolata</i> (Green Ash).	Each	Per 10
1" to 1½" .....	.90	8.00
1½" to 2"	1.25	11.00

GLEDITSIA—HONEY LOCUST

Triacanthos (Common Honey Locust). A rapid growing tree with powerful spines and delicate foliage. Grows well in cities where many other varieties fail on account of the smoke and gas.

	Each	Per 10
5' to 6'	1.00	9.00
1½" to 1¾"	3.00	25.00
1¾" to 2"	5.00	45.00
2" to 2½"	6.50	60.00

Triacanthos Inermis (Thornless Honey Locust). A handsome tree of slender habit, almost spineless, and therefore more suitable for lawns. Is not subject to borers.

	Each	Per 10
1" to 1½"	2.00	17.50
1½" to 2"	4.00	35.00
2" to 2½"	6.50	60.00

(ALSO SEE ROBINIA for Black & Globe Locust)

JUGLANS—WALNUT

Nigra (Black Walnut). A native tree much valued for its dark, rich wood. Makes a fine large spreading shade tree. The nuts are borne in heavy crops and are much relished by children.

	Each	Per 10
1½" to 2"	4.00	35.00
2" to 2½"	5.00	45.00

LARIX—LARCH

Europaea (European). An excellent rapid-growing, pyramidal tree, with small branches, drooping with needle-shaped foliage, like the spruce or hemlock.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' B&B	2.50	22.50
4' to 5' B&B	4.00	35.00
5' to 6' B&B	5.00	45.00
6' to 8' B&B	6.00	55.00
8' to 10' B&B	10.00	90.00

LIQUIDAMBAR—SWEET GUM

Styraciflua (Sweet Gum). Symmetrical tree, with star-shaped leaves and gorgeous fall coloring. Cork-ridged twigs. Ball-like fruit.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' .....	.75	7.00
10' to 12'	3.00	27.50

LIRIODENDRON

Tulipifera (Tulip tree). Always straight, clean and symmetrical. Attains great size. Flowers appear in June and resemble large yellow tulips, shaded with green.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' B&B .....	.75	7.00
4' to 5' B&B	1.00	9.00

**MALUS—CRAB****MALUS—CRAB**

Arnoldiana—Originated at Arnold Arboretum. Forms a tree twelve to fifteen feet. Covered with beautiful, large rose-colored flowers gradually turning to white.

	Each	Per 10
4' to 5'	1.50	14.00
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00

Atropurpurea—Single pale pink flowers—green foliage.

4' to 5'	1.15	10.00
5' to 6'	1.50	14.00

Atrosanguinea (Carmine Crab). Brilliant Carmine flowers.

4' to 5'	1.50	14.00
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00

Baccata (Siberian Crab-apple). Small White Flowers.

4' to 5'	1.50	14.00
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00

Bechtel's (Double Pink-flowering crab).

4' to 5'	2.00	18.00
5' to 6'	3.00	25.00
6' to 7'	4.00	35.00

Cathay

5' to 6'	2.00	18.00
6' to 7'	3.00	25.00

Coronaria (Wild Sweet Crab). Pink Flowers—Fragrant.

4' to 5'	1.00	9.00
5' to 6'	1.50	14.00

Dolgo (tree form). Bears fine red crab-apples that can be used for jelly and preserves. A beautiful, shapely tree for the lawn.

5' to 6'	2.50	22.50
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Dr. Van Fleet (Pink). Vigorous grower.

4' to 5'	1.50	14.00
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00

Eleyi (Eley's Crab). A new variety resembling *Floribunda* but producing much larger flowers. Very striking rich fiery red color.

4' to 5'	1.50	14.00
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Floribunda—Pink buds opening white—yellow fruit.

4' to 5'	1.15	10.00
5' to 6'	1.50	14.00

Floribunda Peachblow—Rosy Pink, very graceful form.

4' to 5'	1.50	14.00
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00

Floribunda Atropurpurea—Single Crimson flower (Purple Crab).

4' to 5'	1.15	10.00
5' to 6'	1.50	14.00

Hopa—One of the most beautiful of the purely ornamental flowering crabs. The wood of this tree is a purple red and the leaves, as they appear in great profusion over the entire tree, are red. Coming after the crimson bloom, the fruit also is red all summer long. Pyramidal form useful for formal effects.

	Each	Per 10
4' to 5'	1.50	14.00
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00
6' to 8'	5.00	45.00

Microcarpa Prunifolia—Dwarf grower, deep pink flowers, small fruit, deeply cut foliage.

4' to 5'	2.00	18.00
5' to 6'	3.00	27.50

Micromalus (Midget crab). Deep pink flowers, blooms early and abundantly.

4' to 5'	2.00	18.00
5' to 6'	3.00	27.50

Niedzwetzkyana (Redvein crab) attains a height of twenty feet. Purple foliage and blossoms, Red.

4' to 5'	1.50	14.00
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00

Prunifolia Rinki—Attains a height of 15 feet. Large white flowers. Yellow fruit.

4' to 5'	1.50	14.00
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00

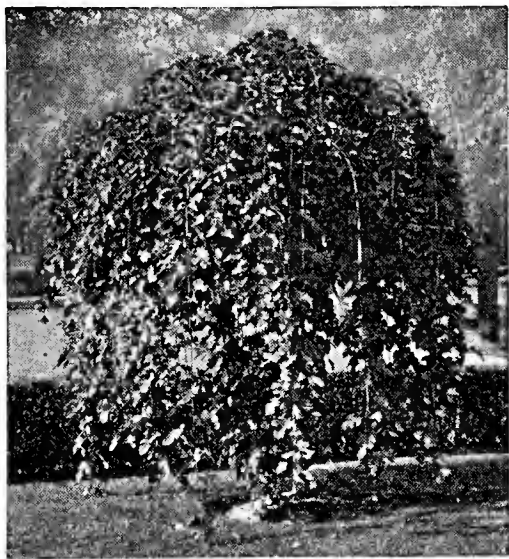
Redtip—A very interesting crab that grows into a good sized spreading tree, covered with rich red leaves during the growing season.

5' to 6'	2.00	18.00
6' to 7'	3.00	27.50

Scheideckeri—Lovely double pink flowers. 20 ft.

4' to 5'	2.00	18.00
5' to 6'	3.00	27.50
tree form	5.00	45.00

Larger sizes on application.



MORUS—MULBERRY

MALUS—(Continued)

Sieboldi Arborescens —White flowers and red fruit.			
4' to 5'	1.50	14.00	
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00	
Snowbank —White flowers and light green foliage.			
4' to 5'	1.50	14.00	
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00	
Spectabilis —Large double deep pink flowers. Very fragrant.			
5' to 6'	2.50	22.50	
6' to 7'	3.00	27.50	
Robusta —Single pure white flowers, very fragrant.			
4' to 5'	1.50	14.00	
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00	
Toringoides.			
4' to 5'	1.50	14.00	
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00	

MORUS—MULBERRY

Tatarica (Russian Mulberry). It bears large crops of rather small, black sweet fruit. It is very hardy, grows rapidly and makes a large tree.			
1 1/4" to 1 1/2"	Each	Per 10	
	1.00	9.00	
Tatarica Pendula (Weeping Mulberry). One of the prettiest small weeping trees.			
	Each	Per 10	
4' to 5'—1 year	2.50	20.00	
4' to 5'—2 year	3.00	25.00	

PLATANUS—SYCAMORE

Occidentalis (American Planetree).			
2" to 2 1/2"	Each	Per 10	
	5.50	50.00	
2 1/2" to 3"	7.00	65.00	
Orientalis Acerifolia (European Sycamore). A very fast growing tree.			
	Each	Per 10	
2" to 2 1/2"	5.50	50.00	
2 1/2" to 3"	7.00	65.00	

POPULUS—POPLAR

Alba (Silver Poplar). A vigorous, hardy tree of rapid growth and spreading habit. The foliage is of a dark green on the upper side and a silvery white beneath.			
	Each	Per 10	
2 1/2" to 3"	3.00	25.00	
3" to 4"	5.00	45.00	
Bolleana (Pyramidal Silver Poplar). A very compact upright grower, resembling the Lombardy Poplar. Leaves glossy green above and silvery beneath, with a trunk of bluish hue.			
	Each	Per 10	
1 1/2" to 2"	3.00	27.50	
2" to 2 1/2"	3.50	30.00	
2 1/2" to 3"	5.00	45.00	
Carolinensis (Carolina Poplar). Unexcelled for quick growth and effect. Pyramidal in form with handsome, glossy, serrated, deep green leaves. Lives under the most adverse conditions.			
	Each	Per 10	
2" to 2 1/2"	3.00	25.00	
2 1/2" to 3"	4.00	35.00	

POPULUS—(Continued)

Nigra Italica (Lombardy Poplar). A well known tree of narrow upright growth, with light green, small leaves. Largely used for quick effects.

	Each	Per 10	
6' to 8'	.40	3.50	
8' to 10'	.50	4.50	
10' to 12'	.70	6.50	
1 1/2" to 2"	.90	8.00	
2" to 2 1/2"	2.50	22.50	

Simonii (Simonis Poplar). This is similar to the Lombardy Poplar and has proved itself entirely hardy for the West. The leaves are glossy and it grows as fast as the Lombardy Poplars.

	Each	Per 10	
8' to 10'	.75	6.50	
10' to 12'	.90	8.00	

PRUNUS—PLUM and ALMOND

Americana (Native Wild Plum). Beautiful white flowers. Perfectly hardy.

	Each	Per 10	
4' to 5'	.45	4.00	
5' to 6'	.55	5.00	
6' to 8'	.65	6.00	

Japanese Flowering Cherry—See Cerasus.

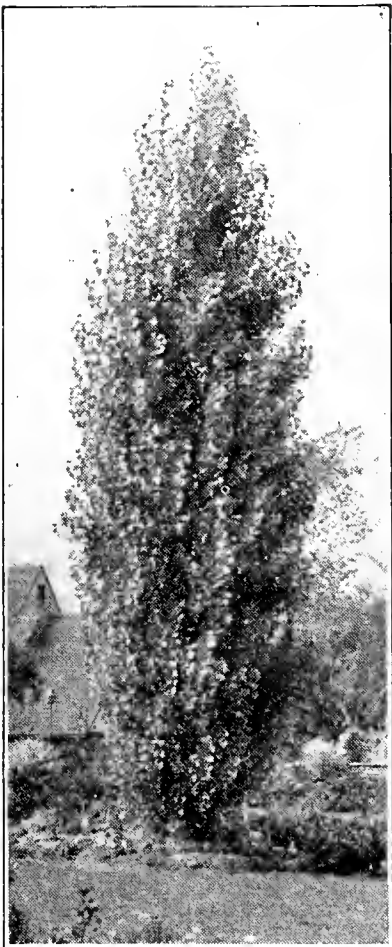
Padus (Cerasus Padus). European Bird Cherry.			
	Each	Per 10	
6- 8 feet	2.00	17.50	
8-10 feet	2.50	22.50	

Pennsylvania (Pin Cherry).			
	Each	Per 10	
4' to 5'	.75	6.50	
5' to 6'	1.00	9.00	
6' to 8'	1.50	12.50	

Pissardi (Purple Leaved Plum).			
	Each	Per 10	
5' to 6'	1.25	10.00	
6' to 7'	2.50	22.50	
2" to 2 1/2"	3.50	30.00	

Serotina (Black Cherry).			
	Each	Per 10	
5' to 6'	.70	6.00	
6' to 8'	.90	8.00	
1 1/2" to 2"	2.50	22.50	

Virginiana (Choke Cherry).			
	Each	Per 10	
5' to 6'	.60	5.00	
6' to 7'	.75	7.00	
1 1/2" to 2"	2.00	12.50	
For other varieties of Prunus see Shrubs.			



POPULUS—POPLAR

QUERCUS—OAK

Alba (White Oak).	Each	Per 10
5' to 6'	1.00	9.00
Palustris (Pin Oak).	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' .....	.50	4.50
8' to 10'	2.50	22.50
Rubra (Common Red Oak).	Each	Per 10
8' to 10'	6.00	55.00

ROBINIA

Pseudoacacia (Black Locust).	Each	Per 10
2" to 2½"	3.00	25.00
2½" to 3"	6.00	55.00
3" to 4"	8.00	75.00
Umbraculifera (Globe or Umbrella Locust).	Each	Per 10
2" to 2½" B&B	15.00	140.00

Also see **Gleditsia** for Honey Locust.

SALIX—WILLOW

Discolor (Pussy Willow). A shrub or short-trunked tree. Buds very large and nearly black; leaves smooth and bright green above, whitish beneath. Catkins appear early in Spring before the leaves.

	Each	Per 10
5' to 6' .....	.50	4.50
6' to 8' .....	.75	7.00

Laurifolia (Laurel-Leaved Willow). This superb tree has the most glossy and shiny foliage of any tree in our climate. Leaves are long, broad and thick and fully as beautiful as those of the bay tree.

	Each	Per 10
4' to 5' .....	.40	3.50
5' to 6' .....	.50	4.50
6' to 7' .....	.75	7.00
1" to 1½"	Tree Form	1.00
1½" to 2"	Tree Form	2.50

Ural Willow.	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' .....	.50	4.50
3' to 4' .....	.75	7.00

Vitellina Britzensis (Bronze-Barked Willow). Attractive in Winter, when the bark turns red.

	Each	Per 10
4' to 5' .....	.40	3.00
5' to 6' .....	.60	5.00
6' to 8'	1.00	9.00

Wisconsin Weeping—Of drooping habit. Valuable on account of its ability to resist severe cold.

	Each	Per 10
6' to 8'	1.25	10.00
8' to 10'	1.50	14.00

SORBUS—ASH

Americana (American Mountain Ash). A tree of coarser growth than the European variety, producing large and lighter colored berries, but of dwarf habit.

	Each	Per 10
1½" to 2"	5.00	45.00
2" to 2½"	8.00	75.00
2½" to 3"	10.00	95.00

Aucuparia (European Mountain Ash). A fast growing, medium sized tree with abundant clusters of bright scarlet berries in the Fall and Winter. Very desirable on account of its showy fruit.

	Each	Per 10
1" to 1½"	1.50	14.00
1½" to 1¾"	3.00	25.00
1¾" to 2"	4.00	35.00
2" to 3"	8.00	75.00
3" to 3½"	10.00	90.00

Aucuparia Pendula (Weeping Mountain Ash). A beautiful variety of rapid growth and pendulous habit.

	Each	Per 10
1½" to 2"	5.00	45.00
2" to 2½"	7.50	70.00

SYRINGA—LILAC

Japonica (Japanese Tree Lilac).	Each	Per 10
6' to 8' B&B	2.50	22.50
8' to 10' B&B	6.00	55.00

TILIA—LINDEN

Americana (American Linden). A western, rapid-growing, large-sized beautiful native tree, with very large leaves and fragrant flowers.

	Each	Per 10
1" to 1½"	3.00	25.00
1½" to 2"	4.00	35.00
2" to 2½"	5.00	45.00
2½" to 3"	7.50	70.00

Europaea (European Linden). Darker bark and smaller foliage than the American variety. When in blossom its yellow flowers are very fragrant.

	Each	Per 10
1½" to 2"	6.00	55.00
2" to 2½"	8.00	75.00

ULMUS—ELM

Most of the Elms are so well known that it is unnecessary to refer to their beauty and value for ornamental planting. There are no finer trees than grafted Vase-shaped and Moline Elms for street and park planting.

Americana (American Elm). Large, stately tree with broad, fan-shaped top; very distinct in appearance.

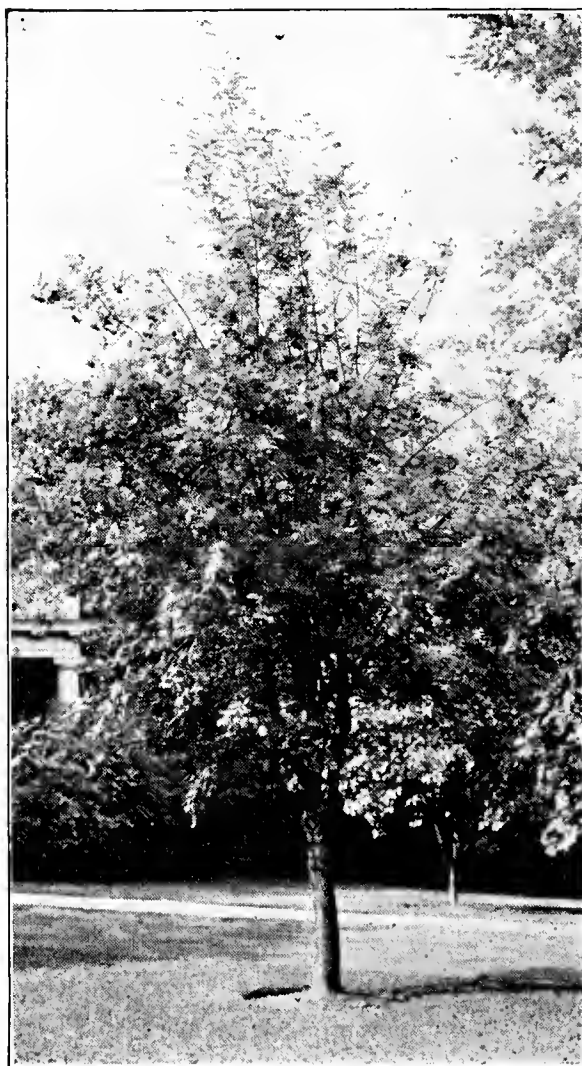
	Each	Per 10
1½" to 2"	2.00	17.50
2" to 2½"	2.50	22.50
2½" to 3"	3.50	30.00
3" to 3½"	7.00	65.00
3½" to 4"	12.00	110.00

Camperdowni (Weeping Elm). Fine for the lawn. Branches grow horizontal and downward. Leaves are large, handsome, dark green and leathery.

8 year head B&B	Each	25.00
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Glabra (Scotch Elm).

	Each	
4" to 4½"	20.00	
4½" to 5"	30.00	



SORBUS—MOUNTAIN ASH



ULMUS—AMERICAN ELM

ULMUS—(Continued)

Klehmi (Vase-Shaped Elm). This is another tree of our own propagation which we reproduce by grafting and budding, so as to retain the graceful form of the parent tree. It is a true vase-shaped tree. They are fast growers, all uniform in habit, and especially recommended for use in landscape and boulevard planting where grace, dignity, uniformity and rapid growth are desired.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/4" to 1 1/2"	1.50	14.00
1 1/2" to 2"	2.50	22.50
2" to 2 1/2"	3.50	30.00
3" to 4"	10.00	90.00

Lake City Elm—A tree that will grow to 35 or 40 feet. Similar to American White Elm, but is a much more vigorous grower. Has beautiful dark green foliage. A fine tree for street planting or as a lawn specimen.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/2" to 2"	3.00	25.00
2" to 2 1/2"	5.00	45.00
2 1/2" to 3"	10.00	90.00

Moline Elm—This is a distinctly attractive type of Elm which we propagate by grafting or budding in order that the beauty of the parent form may be retained. This tree was discovered in Moline, Illinois, by the Klehm Brothers. It is conical in shape, when young, is of rapid growth, with leaves often 6 inches across. The older trees become more spreading with branches almost horizontal. Much superior to seedling Elms.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/4" to 1 1/2"	1.50	14.00
1 1/2" to 2"	2.50	22.50
2" to 2 1/2"	3.50	30.00
3" to 4"	10.00	90.00



ULMUS PUMILA—CHINESE ELM

ULMUS—(Continued)

Pumila (Chinese Elm—Parvifolia). One of the finest and fastest growing Elms in the country. Has very small leaves but makes a very dense growth. Elm lovers should have one or two of this variety of elms planted.

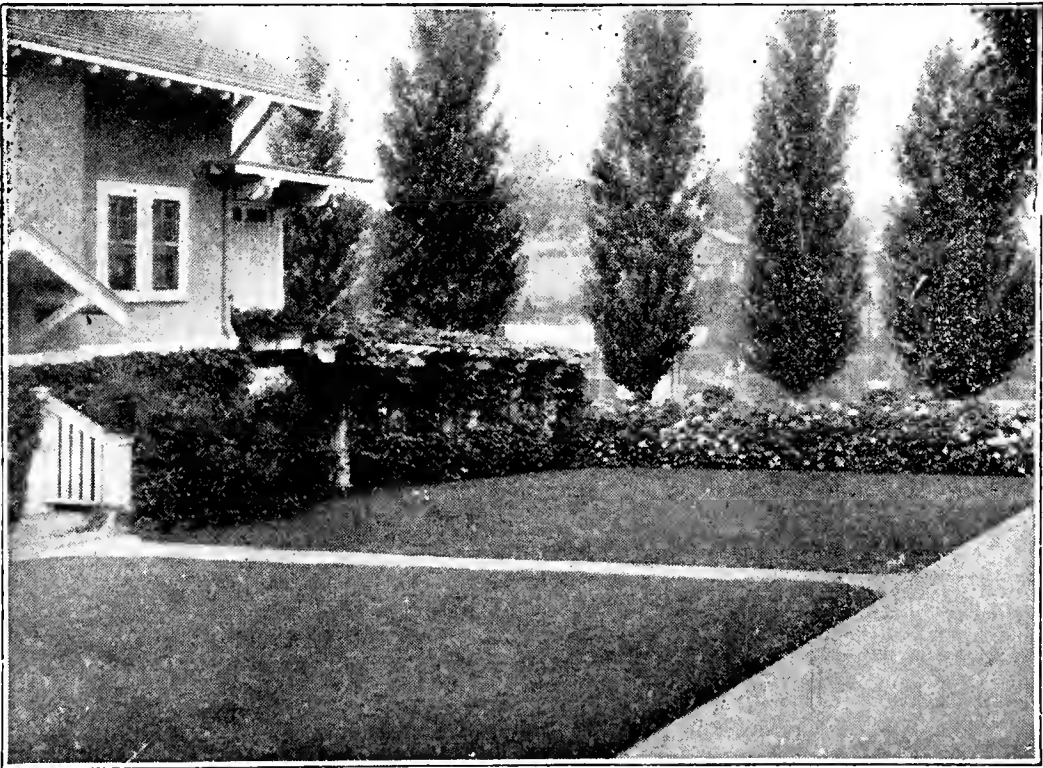
	Each	Per 10
6' to 8'	2.00	17.50
1 1/2" to 2"	3.00	27.50
2" to 2 1/2"	4.00	35.00
2 1/2" to 3"	5.00	45.00
3" to 3 1/2"	10.00	90.00
3 1/2" to 4"	12.00	110.00

Wheatleyi (Wheatley Jersey or Guernsey Elm). Narrow pyramidal tree with ascending branches. Leaves glandular beneath and on the petiole.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/2" to 2"	10.00	90.00
2" to 2 1/2"	15.00	140.00

ATTENTION

If you want shade quickly plant *Ulmus Pumila*. This remarkable tree was introduced in 1908 by Frank N. Meyer, U. S. Government Agricultural Explorer, from near Peking, China. It is a fine case of the survival of the fittest, for it has maintained its existence through the centuries under the most adverse soil and climatic conditions. We recommend the *Ulmus Pumila* very highly. BEAUTIFUL! FAST GROWING! HARDY!



TREES FOR SCREENING

FLOWERING SHRUBS

Everybody knows that shrubs are indispensable, whether on private places, in parks, or any grounds, and may be used in any situation, around porches, at the base of houses, at the entrances, between trees and as backgrounds for perennial borders, or specimens; wherever planted, they always make handsome effects.

Our assortment consists of all hardy varieties and is such that flowers may be had during the entire growing season together with the various colors of the bright yellow, brilliant red and somber shades of purple and variegated foliages. And the Winter effects in some of the shrubs is very striking, especially so when they come in contrast with white snow, such as the Cornus with its red and yellow bark, the Barberry and Viburnums with their bright red berries that hang on the bushes during the entire Winter.

AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS (Downey Shadblow)

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3' .....	.50	4.50	40.00
3' to 4' .....	.60	5.50	50.00

ARALIA

Spinosa (Devil's Walking Stick).

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5' .....	.50	4.50	40.00

ARONIA

Arbutifolia (Red Chokeberry). A very attractive upright shrub; an abundance of white flowers in May with its red berry-like fruit carrying well into Winter. 8 feet.

18" to 24" .....	.50	4.50	40.00
2' to 3' .....	.60	5.50	50.00
3' to 4' .....	.70	6.50	60.00

Melanocarpa (Black Chokeberry). Lower growing inclined to sucker, thereby making a good subject for a subshrub or filler,—especially on rocky slopes. Leaves smooth, turning red and yellow, fruits black, disappearing sooner than the reds.

18" to 24" .....	.50	4.50	40.00
2' to 3' .....	.60	5.50	50.00
3' to 4' .....	.70	6.50	60.00

BERBERIS—BARBERRY

Mentorensis (New Evergreen Barberry). U. S. Plant Patent No. 99. A sturdy shrub suitable for hedges requiring practically no pruning. Thick dark green foliage that is evergreen almost the year round.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
18" to 24" .....	.60	5.50	

Minor (Box Barberry). A Thunbergi type but foliage so round and dense, and growth so evenly compact it bears a striking resemblance to Boxwood. Slower growing and more dwarfed than Thunbergi.

9" to 12" .....	.35	3.00	25.00
12" to 15" .....	.40	3.50	30.00

Thunbergi (Japanese Barberry). Neat and dense in growth. Graceful drooping habit, small bright green leaves changing to brilliant scarlet and gold in the Fall. The scarlet fruits last and keep their color well through the Winter.

18" to 24" .....	.30	2.50	20.00
24" to 30" .....	.35	3.00	25.00
30" to 36" .....	.50	4.50	40.00

Thunbergi Atropurpurea (New Red-Leaved Barberry). It is similar in all respects to the green-leaved Japanese Barberry which was so popular, but the foliage of this new variety is of a rich, lustrous, bronzy red, becoming more brilliant and gorgeous throughout the Summer and in Fall changing to vivid orange, scarlet and red shades.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
18" to 24" .....	.50	4.50	40.00
24" to 30" .....	.65	6.00	50.00

BUDDLEIA—BUTTERFLY BUSH

Attractive long white leaves. Blooms all the latter part of the Summer. Can be planted promiscuously among shrubs or in masses for a background.

Farquhari—Rather dwarf, compact growth; with medium sized flower spikes, bright lilac purple.

Isle De France—The (New) sensational variety. Rich reddish purple flowers are borne in long panicles.

Magnifica—Shrub of perennial habit. Long spikes of lilac-blue flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 years .....	.40	3.50	35.00

CALYCANTHUS

Floridus (Sweet Shrub).

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
18" to 24" .....	.30	2.50	20.00
2' to 3' .....	.40	3.50	30.00

CARAGANA—PEA SHRUB

Arborescens—A shrub or low tree. Pea-shaped, yellow flowers in May.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5' .....	.50	4.50	40.00
5' to 6' .....	.75	7.00	60.00

Decorticans—Dwarf habit, small deep green foliage and deep golden yellow blossoms.

2' to 3' .....	.50	4.50	
3' to 4' .....	.75	7.00	

Frutescens—Blooms early, lively yellow. Small deep green foliage.

2' to 3' .....	.50	4.50	
3' to 4' .....	.75	7.00	

Lorbergi—Finest and most unusual of all Caraganas. Elegant branches with feather-like foliage of a beautiful light green.

2' to 3' .....	.50	4.50	
3' to 4' .....	.75	7.00	

CEPHALANTHUS

Occidentalis (Button Bush). Fragrant, creamy white flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
18" to 24" .....	.20	1.50	10.00
3' to 4' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5' .....	.50	4.50	40.00

CHIONANTHUS

Virginica (White Fringe). A large slow-growing shrub with dark green foliage. An abundance of white tassel-like flowers in June. 12 feet.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3' .....	.70	6.50	60.00
3' to 4' .....	.80	7.50	70.00

CORNUS—DOGWOOD

Valuable shrubs when planted singly or in groups or masses, some distinguished by their elegantly variegated foliage, others by their bright colored bark.

Alba Sibirica (Red Dogwood). The best of the Cornus varieties on account of its red branches which are very showy in Winter.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4' .....	.30	2.50	20.00
4' to 5' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6' .....	.50	4.50	40.00



BERBERIS—BARBERRY



CORNUS—DOGWOOD

CORNUS—(Continued)

Lutea (Golden Bark Dogwood). Bright yellow bark in Winter, particularly effective in Shrubberies planted with the Red-branched Dogwood.

2' to 3'	.30	2.50	20.00
3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5'	.50	4.50	40.00

Paniculata (Gray Dogwood). Smooth, ash colored bark; pointed leaves, light green above, whitish beneath; flowers greenish white; fruit white.

3' to 4'	.45	4.00	35.00
4' to 5'	.60	5.50	50.00

Sericea (Amomum) (Native Silky Dogwood). A free growing species with panicles of white flowers. Purple-blue bark in Winter.

3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5'	.55	5.00	45.00

Sibirica Elegantissima (Silver Variegated-Leaved Dogwood). Very fine variegated-leaved shrub; the leaves are broadly margined with white. Bark bright red in Winter.

4' to 5'	.50	4.50	40.00
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CORYLUS—HAZELNUT

Americana (American Hazelnut). 8-10 feet. Thrives in shady location. Attractive foliage. Nuts edible.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00

COTONEASTER

Acutifolia (Peking Cotoneaster). Tall upright shrub with small, oval lustrous leaves. The small white flowers are followed by black fruit.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3'	.30	2.50	20.00
3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5'	.50	4.50	40.00

Divaricata (Spreading Cotoneaster).

2' to 3'	.35	3.00	25.00
3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00

Horizontalis.

12" to 15" B&B	1.00	9.00	80.00
24" to 30" B&B	2.00	18.00	170.00

Wilsoni (Wilson Cotoneaster).

2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00

CYDONIA—JAPANESE QUINCE

Japonica—Attractive shrub. Their large, brilliant red flowers are among the first blossoms in the Spring, covering every branch and twig before the leaves are developed.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00

DEUTZIA

Lemoine—Semi-dwarf variety, single white flowers in clusters.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
18" to 24"	.40	3.50	30.00
2' to 2½'	.50	4.50	40.00

Pride of Rochester—One of the hardiest varieties. Blooms profusely, double white flowers tinged pink.

3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5'	.50	4.50	40.00



DEUTZIA LEMOINE

DIERVILLA—WEIGELA

Lutea (Native Mountain Honeysuckle). Often called Bush Honeysuckle. Small yellow flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3'	.30	2.50	20.00
3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00

ELAEAGNUS

Angustifolia (Russian Olive). Hardy large shrub or small tree with attractive silvery gray foliage.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5'	.50	4.50	40.00
6' to 8'	.60	5.50	50.00

Argentea (Silverberry).

2' to 3'	.60	5.50	50.00
3' to 4'	.70	6.50	60.00

EUONYMUS

Alatus (Cork-Barked Strawberry Tree). Dwarf shrub with curious cork-barked branches and bright red fruit. Beautiful in Autumn when leaves are a brilliant scarlet.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4'	.75	7.00	65.00
4' to 5'	1.25	10.00	90.00
5' to 6'	3.00	25.00	200.00

Americanus (Brook Euonymus). Tall shrub with slender green branches. Very showy fruit.

3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00
4' to 5'	.70	6.50	60.00
5' to 6'	1.50	14.00	120.00

Atropurpurea (Wahoo). Native shrub. Brilliant Autumn coloring.

2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00
4' to 5'	.70	6.50	60.00

Europeus (European Burning Bush). Orange-red fruit in Autumn; dark green foliage.

2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
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FOR OTHER VARIETIES OF EUONYMUS SEE EVER-GREEN VINES.



COTONEASTER



HYDRANGEA

EXOCHORDA—PEARL BUSH

Grandiflora —Single Pearl-white flowers in May.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4' .....	.50	4.50	40.00
4' to 5' .....	.60	5.50	50.00

FORSYTHIA—GOLDEN BELL

The earliest showy flowering shrub. Great profusion of bell-shaped, yellow flowers appearing two or three weeks before the leaves.

Fortunei (Fortune's Golden Bell). Growth upright, foliage deep green; flowers bright yellow.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4' .....	.35	3.00	25.00
4' to 5' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6' .....	.50	4.50	40.00

Intermedia (Hybrid Golden Bell). Flowers bright golden; foliage glossy green. Very showy. The hardiest of the Forsythia.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4' .....	.35	3.00	25.00
4' to 5' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6' .....	.50	4.50	40.00

Suspensa (Drooping Golden Bell). Resembling Fortunei in its flowers, but growth more drooping.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5' .....	.50	4.50	40.00

HAMAMELIS

Virginiana (Witch Hazel). Succeeds best in moist places with partial shade. Yellow flowers; good foliage.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4'	1.00	9.00	80.00
4' to 5'	1.25	10.00	90.00
5' to 6'	1.50	14.00	120.00

HYDRANGEA

Aborecens Alba Grandiflora (Snowball Hydrangea). An early variety. Also called "Hills of Snow" on account of its blooms, which are of the largest size of pure snow-white color. Begins to bloom in July.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3' .....	.35	3.00	25.00
3' to 4' .....	.40	3.50	30.00

Paniculata Grandiflora (Pee Gee Hydrangea). Flowers white, in great pyramidal panicles a foot long, and are produced in August and September, when very few shrubs are in flower. One of the finest flowering shrubs.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3' .....	.35	3.00	25.00
3' to 4' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'—Tree Form	1.50	14.00	

HYPERICUM

Aureum—Very showy shrub growing to 3 feet. Grows in loamy or sandy soil. Prefer partial shade and bloom longer if not exposed to sun. Flowers handsome, bell-shaped and yellow.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
18" to 24" .....	.60	5.50	50.00

Prolificum —Same as above only growing 5 feet in height with glossy dark green foliage. Flowers yellow. July.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3' .....	.60	5.50	50.00
3' to 4' .....	.75	7.00	65.00

KERRIA

Japonica —Handsome shrub with white flowers growing 4 to 5 feet. Shrub we recommend very highly.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3' .....	.35	3.00	25.00
3' to 4' .....	.60	5.50	50.00

KOLKWITZIA

Amabilis (Beauty Bush). Develops into a handsome shrub of graceful habit. The funnel-shaped pink flowers are borne profusely after thoroughly established. Very hardy. 6 feet.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3' .....	.60	5.50	50.00
3' to 4' .....	.75	7.00	65.00

LIGUSTRUM—PRIVET

The Privet is used perhaps more than any other shrub for formal hedges, and may be pruned into any desired shape. It may also be massed or grouped effectively with other shrubs.

Amurensis (Amoor River Privet North).			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3' .....	.15	1.25	10.00
3' to 4' .....	.20	1.85	16.00

Ibota			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4' to 5' .....	.25	2.00	18.00

Lodense Privet—Is one of the most dwarfed privets that we have in the Northern States. The leaves are very small, just a little bigger than the Boxwood leaves, the color is very dark. This variety makes a beautiful hedge for any formal effect.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
12" to 15" .....	.30	2.50	20.00
15" to 18" .....	.40	3.50	30.00

Regelianum (Regel's Privet). A low shrub with drooping branches.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3' .....	.30	2.50	20.00
3' to 4' .....	.40	3.50	30.00

LONICERA—UPRIGHT HONEYSUCKLE

The Honeysuckles have bright and fragrant flowers followed by showy berries that last through the Fall. Make very desirable and attractive hedges.

Belle Albida (White Belle Honeysuckle). White flowers, showy red fruit in great profusion.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4' .....	.30	2.50	20.00
4' to 5' .....	.35	3.00	25.00
5' to 6' .....	.40	3.50	30.00

Morrowi (Morrow's White-Flowering Honeysuckle). A bushy variety of spreading habit, with yellow and white flowers, succeeded by fruit.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4' .....	.30	2.50	20.00
4' to 5' .....	.35	3.00	25.00
5' to 6' .....	.40	3.50	30.00

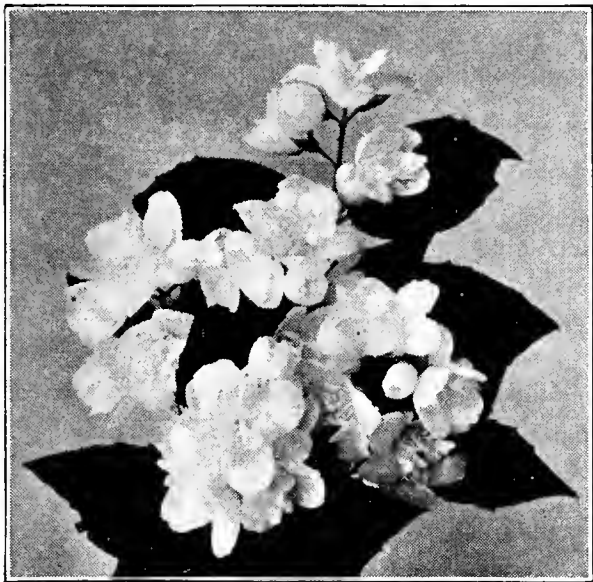
Ruprechtiana (Manchurian Honeysuckle). Flowers in May; bluish pink, shaded yellow; very sweet; bearing bright red fruit.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4' .....	.35	3.00	25.00
4' to 5' .....	.50	4.50	40.00

Tatarica Alba (White Tatarian Honeysuckle). Hardy vigorous grower. White flowers in early spring followed by scarlet fruit. 8 feet.



KOLKWITZIA—BEAUTY BUSH



PHILADELPHUS VIRGINALIS

LONICERA—(Continued)

Tatarica Grandiflora Rosea (Pink Tatarian—Large Pink-Flowering Honeysuckle). A beautiful shrub, very vigorous, bright red flowers striped with white in June.			
3' to 4'	.30	2.50	20.00
4' to 5'	.35	3.00	25.00
5' to 6'	.40	3.50	30.00
Tatarica Rubra (Red Tatarian).			
3' to 4'	.30	2.50	20.00
4' to 5'	.35	3.00	25.00
5' to 6'	.40	3.50	30.00

MAHONIA

Aquifolium (Oregon Holly).			
	Each	Per 10	
18" to 24" B&B	2.50	22.50	
24" to 30" B&B	5.00	45.00	

PHILADELPHUS—SYRINGA or MOCK ORANGE

Of vigorous habit, very hardy, with large, handsome foliage and beautiful white flowers produced in great profusion. They merit a place in every collection of shrubbery.			
Bouquet Blanc—One of the best of the double flowering Philadelphus—very profuse bloomer.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00
Coronarius (Garland Mock Orange). Flowers creamy white in June. One of the best.			
3' to 4'	.30	2.50	20.00
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00
Foliis Aureis—Golden dwarf form—yellow foliage.			
2' to 3'	.80	7.50	70.00
Falconeri (Falconer's Mock Orange). A very graceful widespreading shrub with pure white, fragrant flower.			
3' to 4'	.30	2.50	20.00
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00
Grandiflora—One of the most popular of the Philadelphus. Grows very rapidly and blooms very freely.			
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00
Lemoinei Erectus (Lemoine's Erect Mock Orange). Dwarf, compact habit; flowers small and pure white.			
2' to 3'	.30	2.50	20.00
3' to 4'	.35	3.00	25.00
Nivalis (Snowbank Mock Orange). Tall, free-flowering and odorless. Flowers white.			
3' to 4'	.30	2.50	20.00
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00
Virginalis (Lemoine's Semi-Double Mock Orange). Double, white flowers; very fragrant and profuse bloomer.			
2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00
4' to 5'	.70	6.50	60.00

PHYSOCARPUS

Monogynus (Dwarf Ninebark).			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3'	.30	2.50	20.00
3' to 4'	.35	3.00	25.00
Opulifolia (Ninebark Common).			
3' to 4'	.30	2.50	20.00
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00
Opulifolia Aurea (Golden Ninebark).			
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00

POTENTILLA—CINQUEFOIL

Fruticosa—Low yellow flowering shrub.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
18" to 24"	.10	3.50	30.00
24" to 30"	.50	4.50	40.00
Veitchii.			
18" to 24"	.40	3.50	30.00
24" to 30"	.50	4.50	40.00

PRUNUS—PLUM and ALMOND

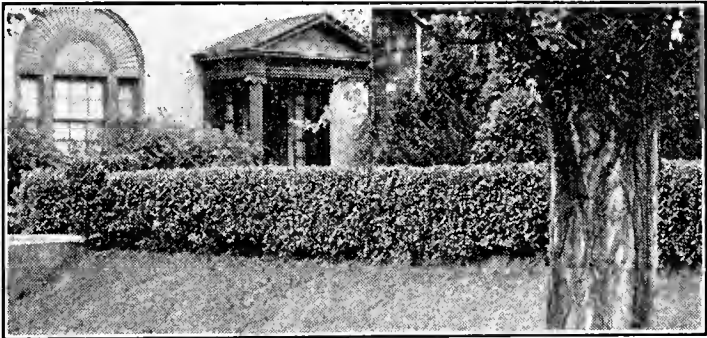
Cistena (Hansen's Purple Leaved Plum 5-6 ft.). A dwarf variety with rich purple red foliage.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
5' to 6'	1.25	10.00	90.00
6' to 7'	2.00	17.50	170.00
Japonica Alba (Double white-flowering Almond).			
2' to 3'	.50	4.50	40.00
3' to 4'	.60	5.50	50.00
Japonica Rubra Flore Pleno (Double Pink-Flowering Almond).			
2' to 3'	.60	5.50	50.00
3' to 4'	.75	7.00	65.00
Pissardi (Purple leaved Plum). 12-15 ft. An ornamental tree with purplish foliage.			
5' to 6'	1.25	10.00	90.00
6' to 7'	2.50	22.50	180.00
2" to 2 1/2"	3.50	30.00	250.00
Pumila (St. Jo Cherry).			
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00
4' to 5'	.60	5.50	50.00
Triloba (Double Pink-Flowering Plum).			
3' to 4'	.90	8.00	70.00
4' to 5'	1.25	10.00	90.00
5' to 6'	2.00	17.50	165.00
Tomentosa (Nanking Cherry).			
2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	.60	5.50	50.00

PRUNUS (Ornamental Plums). SEE ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES for other varieties.

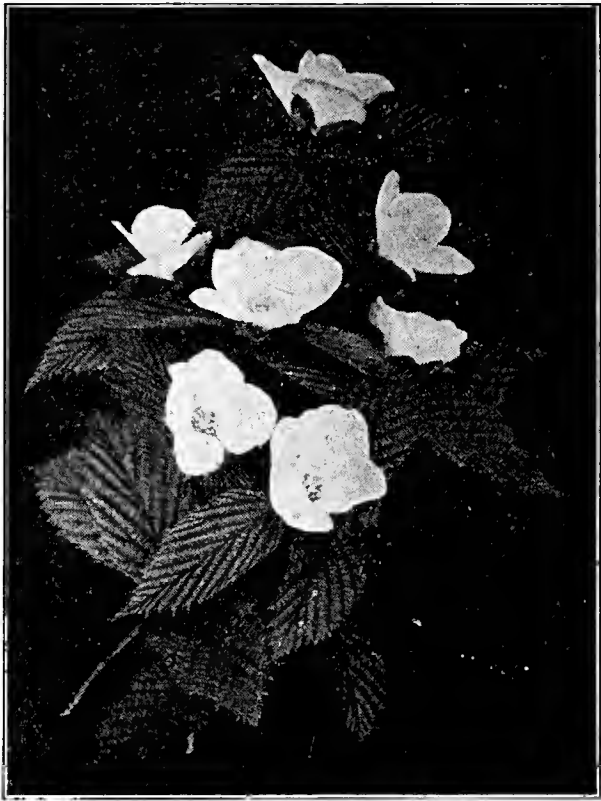
JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRIES—SEE CERASUS under trees.

RHAMNUS

Cathartica (Common Buckthorn). A dense twiggy bush, tall grower with dark foliage, small white flowers. Fine for dense and tall hedges.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5'	.50	4.50	40.00
5' to 6'	.60	5.50	50.00
Frangula (Glossy Buckthorn). Shining foliage and attractive pink fruit.			
3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5'	.50	4.50	40.00
5' to 6'	.60	5.50	50.00



LIGUSTRUM—PRIVET



RHODOTYPOS—JETBEAD

RHODOTYPOS—JETBEAD

Kerrioides (White Kerria). Shiny leaves and large white flowers. Black bead-like berries in Autumn.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3'	.30	2.50	20.00
3' to 4'	.60	5.50	50.00

RHUS—SUMAC

Wonderful coloring of the foliage in the Fall and highly decorative fruits persisting through the Winter. An easily grown and interesting group of shrubs.

Canadensis (Aromatica). Fragrant sumac. Fragrant leaves; yellow flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
18" to 24"	.40	3.50	30.00
2' to 2½'	.50	4.50	40.00
2½' to 3'	.60	5.50	50.00

Copallina (Shining Sumac). Brilliant foliage and large panicles of red berries.

3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00
4' to 5'	.60	5.50	50.00

Cotinus (Purple Fringe or Smoke Tree). Noted for their brilliant Autumn foliage. Splendid for mass planting.

3' to 4'	.60	5.50	50.00
4' to 5'	.80	7.50	70.00
5' to 6'	1.00	9.00	80.00

Glabra (Smooth Sumac). Very effective in Autumn with its crimson seeds and foliage.

3' to 4'	.35	3.00	25.00
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00

Glabra Laciniata (Smooth Cut-Leaved Sumac). Dwarf variety, very striking on account of the deeply cut leaves, resembling a fern.

3' to 4'	.60	5.50	50.00
4' to 5'	.70	6.50	60.00

Typhina (Staghorn Sumac). Tall growing variety.

3' to 4'	.30	2.50	20.00
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00

RIBES—FLOWERING CURRANT

A very showy, yellow-flowering shrub which blooms in great profusion soon after the "Golden Bells." Flowers followed by black fruit.

Alpinum (Mountain Currant). A good old variety of dwarf compact habit.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
15" to 18"	.40	3.50	30.00
18" to 24"	.50	4.50	40.00
2' to 2½'	.60	5.50	50.00

RIBES—(Continued)

Aureum (Yellow-Flowered Currant). Very showy, with glabrous, shining leaves.

3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5'	.50	4.50	40.00

ROBINIA

Hispida (Rose Acacia). Branches covered with rosy pink, attractive flowers, April-May.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4' to 5'	.60	5.50	50.00
5' to 6'	.75	7.00	65.00

ROSA

Rugosa, Hybrids and Miscellaneous

Belle Poitevine.—Large loosely formed flowers of bright magenta pink, borne in large clusters continuously.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00

Blanda (Meadow Rose). Soft pink flowers borne in clusters.

2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00

F. J. Grootendorst.—Small fringed flowers of bright red produced in large clusters.

3 year	.75	7.00	
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Grootendorst Pink.—A pink variety of Grootendorst.

3 year	.75	7.00	
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Harrison's Yellow.—Semi-double, moderately fragrant, bright yellow flowers, borne several together on medium length stems.

3 year	.75	7.00	
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Hugonis.—Single, early yellow, free bloomer.

2' to 3'	.50	4.50	40.00
3' to 4'	.60	5.50	50.00

Lucida (Virginiana). Bright pink flowers followed by shining red fruits.

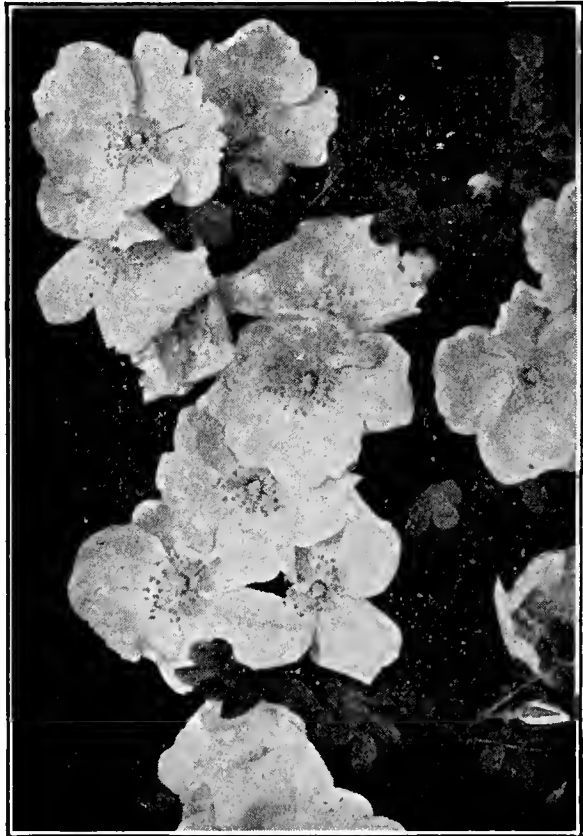
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00

Persian Yellow.—Double, small, golden yellow.

2' to 3'	.50	4.50	40.00
3' to 4'	.60	5.50	50.00

Rubiginosa (Sweetbriar).—Single pink flowers borne singly, orange red fruit.

2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00



ROSA—HUGONIS

ROSA—(Continued)

Rubrifolia—Valued on account of its purplish leaves during the entire summer. Pinkish flowers in May and June and bright red fruit after the flowers are through in the Fall.

2' to 3'	.35	3.00	25.00
3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00

Rugosa—Large single pink flower about 3 inches across. Bright red seed pods or hips follow the blossoms.

2' to 3'	.35	3.00	25.00
3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00

Rugosa Hansa—Double, reddish violet flowers of large size.

2' to 3'	.35	3.00	25.00
3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00

Setigera—Deep rose, fading to white, about 2 inches across. Late bloomer.

2 year	.40	3.50	30.00
3 year	.50	4.50	40.00

Wichuraiana—Single White.

2 year	.35	3.00	25.00
3 year	.40	3.50	30.00

ROSES—Hardy Climbing

American Beauty—Large double flowers in June and occasionally throughout the Summer.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 year	.60	5.50	50.00

Blaze—Everblooming Pauls Scarlet, Plant Patent No. 10.

	Each	Per 10
3 year	1.50	12.50

Crimson Rambler—Great masses of crimson semi-double flowers. Desirable for porch planting.

3 year	.60	5.50	50.00
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Dorothy Perkins—Clear Cherry pink flowers borne in great profusion and lasting a long time. Very strong grower.

3 year	.60	5.50	50.00
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Excelsa—Double scarlet-crimson blooms with light streaks and shades. Clusters very large.

3 year	.60	5.50	50.00
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Gardenia Rambler—Yellow buds and creamy flowers with rich yellow centers, borne in small sprays.

3 year	.75	7.00	65.00
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Paul's Scarlet—The brightest and purest of all the pillar roses. Semi-double flowers in clusters which last a long time.

3 year	.60	5.50	50.00
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MOSS ROSES

Crested Moss—Beautiful pink buds and blooms with a feathery hooded calyx.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
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3' to 4'	.75	7.00	65.00
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Salet—Pink.

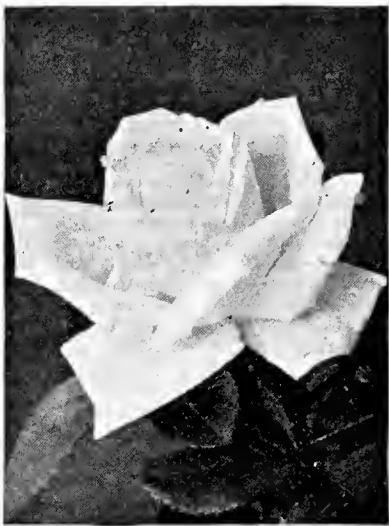
3' to 4'	.75	7.00	65.00
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White Bath.

3' to 4'	.75	7.00	65.00
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ROSA—CRIMSON RAMBLER



FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

American Beauty—Crimson pink, very large flower; fragrant.
Frau Karl Druschki—The most popular of all White Roses.
General Jacqueminot—The old favorite, bright red rose.
Mrs. John Laing—Well-formed, double, soft pink flowers.
Paul Neyron—Shell-pink. Very free bloomer.
Prince Camille De Rohan—Crimson maroon. One of the darkest roses.
Ulrich Brunner—Cup shaped bright crimson flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 year	.60	5.50	50.00
3 year	.75	7.00	65.00

HYBRID TEA ROSES

Gruss An Teplitz—Rich scarlet shading to velvet crimson; very fragrant; a free strong grower.
Madame Caroline Testout—Rich pink, with contrasting shade of soft pink on the inside of the petal. Very free bloomer.
K. A. Victoria—White. Same as Druschki but flowers are smaller.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 year	.75	7.00	65.00
3 year	1.00	9.00	80.00

ROSES—Baby or Dwarf Polyantha

Brilliant Echo—Large clusters of medium-sized flowers varying from creamy white to soft pink.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 year No. 1	.60	5.50	50.00

Cecile Brunner—Pink and gold buds with flowers like tiny Tea Roses.

3 year No. 1	.60	5.50	50.00
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RUBUS—FLOWERING RASPBERRY

Deliciosus (Rocky Mountain Bramble or Thimbleberry) 5 feet. Handsome, thornless shrub bearing a profusion of snow-white flowers in June.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3'	.75	7.00	65.00
3' to 4'	.90	8.50	80.00

SAMBUCUS—ELDER

Attractive in flower and fruit, but chiefly grown for their beautiful leaves.

Acutiloba (Cut-Leaved American Elder). Upright growing, very dark green leaves finely cut.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00

Canadensis (American Elder). Broad panicles of white flowers in June; reddish purple berries in Autumn.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00

Nigra Aurea (Golden-Leaved American Elder). Golden yellow foliage. Does best when planted in the bright sun and severely pruned each season before the growth starts.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00

SORBARIA

Sorbifolia (Ural False Spirea) 5-6 feet. Leaves out very early in the spring, with large, fluffy heads of white flowers. June-July.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3' .....	.35	3.00	25.00
3' to 4' .....	.40	3.50	30.00

SPIREA—MEADOW SWEET

Elegant low shrubs, of the easiest culture. One of the loveliest genus of plants yet known.

Arguta (Garland Spirea). Very early, white blossoms, dwarf habit, free flowering.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4' .....	.50	4.50	40.00

Anthony Waterer (Anthony Waterer's Dwarf Red-Flowering Spirea). Dwarf compact habit, brightest crimson flowers produced freely in June, and at intervals during the entire Summer.

18" to 24" .....	.35	3.00	25.00
2' to 2½' .....	.40	3.50	30.00

Billardi Pink—Spikes of bright pink flowers.

3' to 4' .....	.30	2.50	20.00
4' to 5' .....	.35	3.00	25.00

Callosa Alba (Fortune's Dwarf Spirea). Dwarf, compact habit, large, flat clusters of white flowers nearly all Summer.

15" to 18" .....	.40	3.50	30.00
18" to 24" .....	.50	4.50	40.00

Crispifolia (Crisp-Leaved Spirea). Of slender, upright growth with long, narrow leaves and spikes of white flowers in July and August.

2' to 3' .....	.50	4.50	40.00
3' to 4' .....	.60	5.00	45.00

Froebeli (Froebel's Violaceous Pink Dwarf Spirea). Habit similar to Anthony Waterer, but a stronger, more open and better grower. Fine for massing. Flowers pink. One of the best dwarf shrubs we have to offer.

18" to 24" .....	.30	2.50	20.00
2' to 3' .....	.40	3.50	30.00

Opulifolius—SEE PHYSOCARPUS.

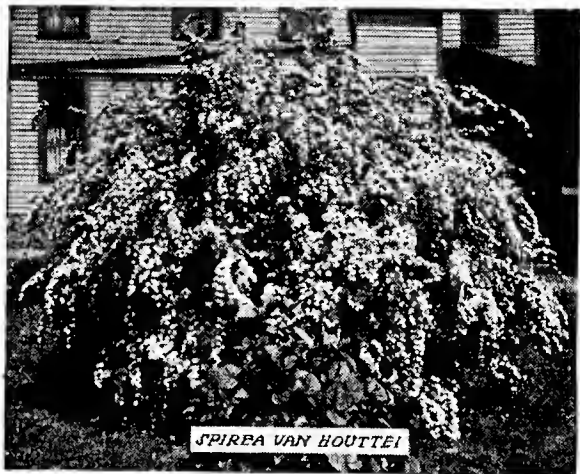
Sorbifolia—SEE SORBARIA.

Thunbergi—3-4 feet. Low growing shrub with slender spreading branches. Feathery bright green foliage. Showy white flowers, April.

2' to 3' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4' .....	.45	4.00	35.00

Trichocarpa (Korean Spirea). A new Spirea with very large flat heads of white flowers with a distinct eye in dome-shaped clusters. Thrifty in growth, and perfectly hardy. 6 ft.

2' to 3'50	4.50	40.00
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SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI

SPIREA—(Continued)

Van Houttei (Bridal Wreath). "The shrub for the Millions." Habit of plant is weeping, yet upright, giving it a graceful appearance even when out of flower. Garlands of showy, white flowers early in June are borne in dense clusters along the branches. One of the finest ornamental shrubs we have to offer, and the best there is for foundation planting.

3' to 4' .....	.30	2.50	20.00
4' to 5' .....	.35	3.00	30.00
5' to 6' .....	.45	4.00	35.00

SYMPHORICARPOS—SPREADING SNOW-BERRY

Racemosus (Snowberry). Ornamental shrub with small pink flowers. Characteristic because of its large white berries.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2' to 3' .....	.25	2.00	15.00
3' to 4' .....	.30	2.50	20.00

Vulgaris (Indian Currant or Coralberry). Dwarf, compact habit. Valuable because of its red fruit covering the upper part of the branches.

2' to 3' .....	.25	2.00	15.00
3' to 4' .....	.30	2.50	20.00

SYRINGA—LILAC

Japonica (Japanese Tree Lilac) 18-20 feet—SEE LISTING UNDER TREES.

Persica (Persian Lilac). Slender, often arching branches, producing flowers of a purple-lilac-red in broad panicles.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5' .....	.50	4.50	40.00
5' to 6' .....	.60	5.50	50.00

Villosa—Late Lilac, 8-10 feet. Bushy, compact grower. Large attractive leaves. Pale pink flowers June.

3' to 4' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5' .....	.50	4.50	40.00

Vulgaris (Common Purple Lilac). Too well known to need description.

3' to 4' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5' .....	.50	4.50	40.00
5' to 6' .....	.60	5.50	50.00

Vulgaris Alba (Common White Lilac). The white variety well known.

3' to 4' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5' .....	.50	4.50	40.00
5' to 6' .....	.60	5.50	50.00

NAMED VARIETIES. BUSH AND TREE FORM

Alphonse Lavelle—Double violet lavender.
Amelia Duprey—Single light blue.
Belle de Nancy—Double rose white center.
Chas. Joly—Double purple.
Charles the Tenth—Single Reddish purple.
China J. Hers—Chinese.
Congo—Single red.
Ludwig Spaeth—Single dark red.
Marie LeGraye—Single white.
Michael Buchner—Double pale lilac.
President Grevy—Large double blue.
Pres. Lincoln—Single-wedgewood blue.
Reaumur—Single-purplish lilac.
Ronsard—Single, bluish lavender.
Rubra de Marley—Single reddish-purple.
Senator Volland—Bright rose.
Sweginzowii—Chinese Lilac with yellowish pink blooms. Very fine.

Villosa Henryi Lutea —Pink.	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3' to 4'	1.00	9.00	80.00
4' to 5'	1.50	14.00	120.00
5' to 6'	2.00	18.00	170.00
6' to 7'	3.50	30.00	275.00
Large sizes on application.			

TAMARIX—TAMARISK

Foliage light and feathery. The loose rose colored flowers are borne along the terminal branches.

Amurensis (Amur Tamarisk). A shrub or small tree of very graceful form, and clothed with soft, feathery cedar-like foliage. Blooms freely, the branches fairly covered with small spikes of dainty pink flowers.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4' to 5' .....	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6' .....	.50	4.50	40.00



SYRINGA—LILAC

TAMARIX—(Continued)

Gallica (Indian Tamarisk). Light pink flowers from May to June; blue-green foliage.			
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00
Hispida Aestivalis (Spanish Tamarisk). A handsome and distinct species with bluish foliage and carmine-rose flowers in September.			
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00

VIBURNUM—ARROWWOOD

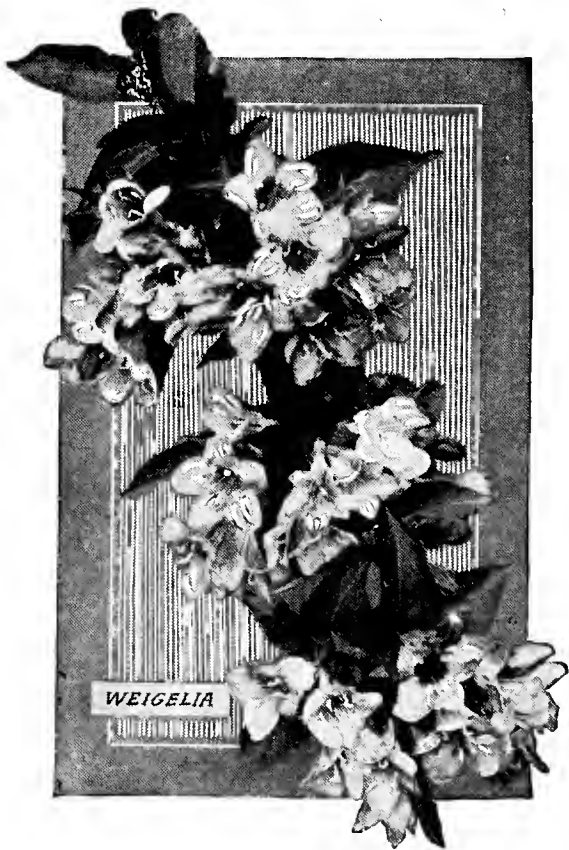
One of the most useful shrubs, being hardy, of good habit, bearing handsome flowers in Summer, followed with showy fruit.			
Acerifolium (Mapleleaf Viburnum).			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
18" to 24"	.60	5.50	50.00
2' to 3'	.75	7.00	65.00
3' to 4'	.85	8.00	75.00
Americanus (American Cranberry Bush). Bright scarlet berries in large bunches persisting all Winter.			
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00
Carlesi (Mayflower Viburnum). The most desirable of all Viburnums. Semi-dwarf flowering shrub with distinct pink-tinted wax-like flowers in clusters, possessing a delightful fragrance. 5 feet.			
2' to 2 1/2'	1.75	15.00	120.00
2 1/2' to 3'	2.00	18.00	150.00
Tree form 3' stem	3.00	25.00	200.00
Dentatum (Arrowwood). Handsome glossy leaves and white flowers succeeded by fine steel-blue berries in the Fall.			
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00
Lantana (Wayfaring Tree). One of the first Viburnums to bloom. Remarkable for its wrinkled leaves with silvery underlining.			
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00
Lentago (Sheepberry). Tallest growing. Flowers creamy white, very fragrant, followed by clusters of berries in the Fall.			
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00
Molle (Kentucky Viburnum) 8-10 feet. Similar to Dentatum. Of slower growth and more attractive foliage. Single white flowers April-May. Blue-black fruit.			
2' to 3'	.40	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00
4' to 5'	.60	5.50	50.00

VIBURNUM—(Continued)

Opulus (High Bush Cranberry). Both ornamental and useful. Its red berries resembling Cranberries, esteemed by many, hang until destroyed by frost late in the Fall.			
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00
Opulus Nanum —A dwarf form with small leaves.			
10" to 12"	.40	3.50	30.00
Opulus Sterile (Common Snowball). The old-fashioned Snowball.			
3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5'	.50	4.50	40.00
Prunifolium (Black Haw). A spreading branched shrub or tree. Yellowish-white flowers in spring followed by large blue-black berries. Well adapted to rocky hillsides. 15 feet.			
2' to 3'	.70	6.50	60.00
3' to 4'	.80	7.50	70.00
Pubescens (Downy Viburnum). Dwarf grower with greenish white flowers followed by black fruit.			
3' to 4'	.40	3.50	30.00
4' to 5'	.50	4.50	40.00
Tomentosum (Doublefile Viburnum) 6-8 feet. Single flowering Japanese Snowball. May-June. Berries red to black.			
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00

WEIGELIA—DIERVILLA

A shrub that ought to be in every yard. Produces an abundance of trumpet-shaped flowers in colors white to red.			
Abel Carriere —Blooms May and June. Rose-carmine flowers with orange spots; very rich and showy.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4' to 5'	.40	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	.50	4.50	40.00
Eva Rathke (Carmine-Red Weigelia). Richest deep crimson flowers borne freely in early Summer.			
2' to 3'	.50	4.50	40.00
3' to 4'	.60	5.50	50.00
Fleur De Maid (Pink Weigelia). An early blooming variety with rosy red and clear salmon-red flowers.			
2' to 3'	.50	4.50	40.00
3' to 4'	.60	5.50	50.00
Floribunda (Deep Crimson Free-Flowering Weigelia). Beautiful crimson flowers in June. Free-flowering.			
2' to 3'	.50	4.50	40.00
3' to 4'	.60	5.50	50.00
Rosea (Rose Colored Weigelia). Large sized shrub producing a great profusion of pink flowers in June.			
3' to 4'	.50	4.50	40.00
4' to 5'	.60	5.50	50.00



WEIGELIA—DIERVILLA

EVERGREENS FOR YEAR-ROUND BEAUTY



ABIES—DOUGLAS FIR

Evergreens are always impressive in Winter. They give a note of cheer and warmth to the Winter landscape. The influence of evergreens around the home gives a friendly aspect to our surroundings. If for no other reason, the Winter effect alone makes evergreens worthwhile.

It is satisfactory to know that your planting of evergreens increases in value each year. At the same time it adds dignity and stability to the appearance of your home grounds and without question makes them more readily saleable.

Each (x) indicates one transplanting. (B&B) signifies balled and burlapped.

ABIES—FIR

Concolor (White Fir). Must be considered as a decided acquisition, the general outline being symmetrical but without stiffness. The spread of branches in young and healthy trees being wide in proportion to the height warns intending planters that sufficient space should be given for perfect development. Concolor Fir is also known as "Silver Fir", "White Fir." It can be planted in groups or in single specimens.

	Each	Per 10
2½' to 3' XXX B&B	4.00	35.00
3' to 4' XXX B&B	6.00	55.00
4' to 5' XXX B&B	8.00	75.00
5' to 6' XXX B&B	15.00	140.00
6' to 7' XXX B&B	20.00	190.00
7' to 8' XXX B&B	30.00	290.00

Pseudotsuga Douglasi (Douglas Fir). One of the fastest growing and most beautiful of the evergreens in the Western states. It reaches sixty feet or more in height with a spread of from twelve to eighteen feet on the branches. Foliage is green with bluish bottom. No garden should be without a Douglas Fir.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXX B&B	2.00	17.50
3' to 4' XXX B&B	3.00	25.00
4' to 5' XXX B&B	5.00	45.00
5' to 6' XXXX B&B	7.00	65.00
6' to 7' XXXX B&B	10.00	90.00
7' to 8' XXXX B&B	15.00	140.00
8' to 9' XXXX B&B	22.50	200.00
9' to 10' XXXX B&B	35.00	300.00
10' to 11' XXXX B&B	40.00	350.00
11' to 12' XXXX B&B	50.00	450.00

CHAMAECYPARIS—RETINOSPORA

Filifera (Thread Branched Cypress). This variety of the Evergreens has long, stringy, drooping branches and bright green foliage. It is very graceful and decorative.

	Each	Per 10
18" to 24" XX B&B	3.00	25.00
2½' to 3' XXX B&B	5.00	45.00

Aurea (Golden Thread Branched Cypress). This Golden Thread Branched Cypress is very bright, conspicuous, golden yellow. It grows more slowly than the Filifera.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXXX B&B	5.00	45.00
3' to 3½' XXXX B&B	7.50	70.00

Plumosa (Plume Cypress). This Cypress forms a dense cone of fine texture useful for shearing into formal shapes.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXXX B&B	5.00	45.00
3' to 3½' XXXX B&B	7.50	70.00

JUNIPERUS—JUNIPER

Communis Depressa (Common Prostrate Juniper). This is a rather low-spreading plant, extending along the surface of the ground, often to a distance of seven to eight feet in every direction. The extremities of the branches are usually ascending, but rarely to a greater height than three feet. The leaves are sharp-pointed, gray-green, marked on the upper surface by broad white bands, light silvery beneath.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXX B&B	3.00	25.00
3' to 4' XXX B&B	4.00	35.00
4' to 5' XXXX B&B	6.00	55.00

Communis Depressa Aurea (Golden Prostrate Juniper). The golden form is very similar in habit to the green variety; the foliage is brilliant golden color, brightest in the Spring and darkening during the year.

	Each	Per 10
1½' to 2' XXX B&B	3.00	25.00
2' to 3' XXX B&B	4.00	35.00

Communis Depressa Plumosa (Andorra Juniper). One of the finest Evergreens recently introduced. If you are seeking a good novelty of exceptional merit, your planting should include this tree. It is the most satisfactory low-growing variety.

As soon as the frost comes in the Fall, it changes to a rich, purple-bronze color. This is not the brownish winter color some evergreens develop but a real red-dish purple color, entirely distinct in this respect from all evergreens. During the Spring and Summer it is bright green. It is still rare and stocks are limited.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXX B&B	5.00	45.00
3' to 4' XXX B&B	6.00	55.00

Communis Hibernica (Irish Juniper). Foilage glaucous green.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' XX B&B	3.00	25.00
4' to 5' XX B&B	4.50	42.50



JUNIPERUS PFITZERIANA

JUNIPERUS—(Continued)

Chinensis Pyramidalis (Column Chinese Juniper).

This extremely narrow columnar tree was first discovered in China by the Late Frank N. Meyer, plant explorer sent out by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Small plants, when received from the nursery, do not have so narrow a form, but develop the narrow shape as they grow older. There are two distinct forms of this tree, one having green foliage, the other blue foliage.

Blue Form or Green Form.	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXX B&B	3.00	25.00
3' to 4' XXX B&B	4.00	35.00
4' to 5' XXX B&B	5.00	45.00
5' to 6' XXX B&B	8.00	75.00
6' to 7' XXXX B&B	10.00	90.00
7' to 8' XXXX B&B	15.00	140.00

Chinensis Pfitzeriana (Pfitzer Juniper). One of the finest of all Evergreens with low flat spreading top, there is nothing finer for porch foundation planting. The taller Evergreens behind and the very dwarf variety in front. Rich dark green foliage, succeeds in the very extreme north.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XX B&B	3.00	25.00
3' to 4' XXX B&B	6.00	55.00
4' to 5' XXXX B&B	12.00	100.00
5' to 6' XXXX B&B	18.00	160.00

Chinensis Sargentii (Sargent Juniper). This is a sea-shore Juniper discovered by Sargent in northern Japan about 1892. It forms a prostrate mat, eight to ten feet across when fully developed, but, like all dwarf evergreens, may be kept smaller by trimming. It never reaches more than a few inches in height.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXX B&B	5.00	45.00
3' to 4' XXXX B&B	7.50	70.00

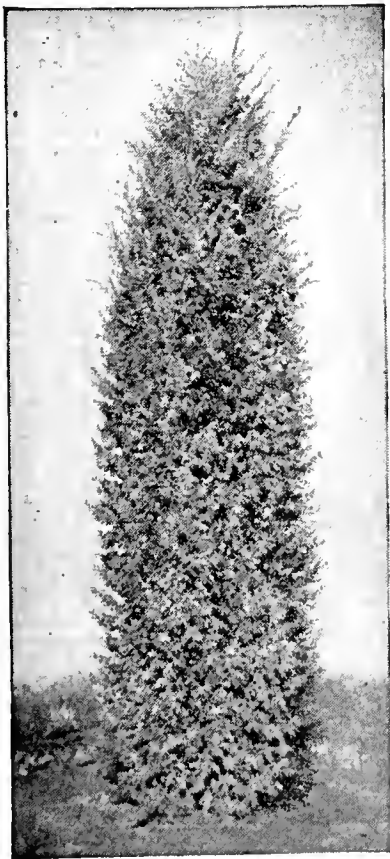
Communis Suecica (Swedish Juniper). An old favorite variety of extremely columnar form, having grayish-green prickly needles. A most compact grower, reaching, eventually, ten to twelve feet, with a diameter at the base of only twelve to fifteen inches. A good tree for formal uses. Can be kept small by trimming.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XX B&B	3.50	30.00
3' to 4' XXX B&B	5.00	45.00

Excelsa Stricta (Spiny Greek Juniper). This beautiful variety forms a tall, dense, narrow, conical head, tapering gradually from the ground to a sharp terminal point, and is of a fine glaucous color.

The growth is slow so that the tree is well adapted for foundation planting, rock gardens, or other situations where small or dwarf trees are required.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/2' to 2' XX B&B	3.00	25.00
2' to 2 1/2' XX B&B	4.50	40.00
3' to 3 1/2' XXX B&B	8.00	70.00



SWEDISH JUNIPER

JUNIPERUS—(Continued)

Horizontalis Douglassi (Waukegan Juniper). This is one of the D. Hill Nursery Co., introduction to which they have given especial attention for a number of years. Its unique point of merit is its color. It takes on a winter hue. During the Summer months it is of a soft blue color.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXX B&B	4.00	35.00
3' to 4' XXX B&B	6.00	55.00

Japonica (Japanese Juniper). This variety differs from the other creeping Junipers in the texture of its foliage and in its color which is a very decided bright grayish-blue. It has sharp, pointed leaves, which are marked on the upper surface by two fine, white lines.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXX B&B	5.00	45.00
3' to 4' XXX B&B	7.50	70.00

Ketleri (Ketler Redcedar). An upright Evergreen of broad pyramidal form. Deep green scale-like leaves.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' XX B&B	5.50	45.00
4' to 5' XXX B&B	7.50	70.00

Sabina (Savin Juniper). A low many-branched shrub, usually growing not over two or three feet high, but sometimes reaching a larger size in old trees. Its branches are spreading, dense, thickly covered with branchlets and heavily clothed with short, tufted foliage.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXX B&B	4.00	35.00
3' to 4' XXX B&B	5.00	45.00

Sabina Tamariscifolia (Tamarix Savin Juniper). The unusual feature of this variety is the fine texture of its foliage. It is very good for ground covering and a splendid tree for rock gardening.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/2' to 2' XXX B&B	4.00	35.00

Sabina Von Ehron (Von Ehron Juniper). An interesting and rare variety very seldom seen in nurseries. It has a very compact, pretty, low form, bearing both juvenile and adult foliage. Branches are upright and wide-spreading. Has a tendency to make very irregular growth so that it is very picturesque and thus especially suited for Japanese Gardens.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' XXX B&B	6.00	55.00
4' to 5' XXX B&B	8.50	75.00

Scopulorum (Colorado Juniper). The Colorado Juniper is narrow, compact and symmetrical. It has one single stem, in contrast to some varieties of Junipers with several stems. This makes it safe from heavy snows and wind. The inner foliage remains a good, healthy color through the tree.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXX B&B	3.00	25.00
3' to 4' XXX B&B	4.00	35.00
4' to 5' XXX B&B	5.00	45.00
5' to 6' XXX B&B	8.00	70.00

Squamata Meyeri (Meyer Juniper). The late Frank N. Meyer, plant explorer of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, found this tree in China. The original trees were distributed by the United States Government. It has also been called "Fish-back Juniper." It has a most unusual color and habit. The leaves are plump, pointed and prickly, and of bright, shining blue color. The foliage appears of different colors when viewed from various angles. There are distinct tones of green, white, and pinkish-red, making it the most striking in color of any evergreens. It makes an ideal planting for the rockery or around a pool. It never fails to attract attention.

	Each	Per 10
12" to 15" XX B&B	3.00	25.00
15" to 18" XX B&B	4.00	35.00
18" to 24" XX B&B	6.00	55.00

Virginiana (Redcedar). The Redcedar is America's best advertised evergreen. Nature planted it over almost all the North American continent.

Redcedars can be trimmed into any shape or size, which makes it desirable for hedges and situations requiring trees that will remain small.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' XXX B&B	3.50	30.00
4' to 5' XXX B&B	5.00	45.00
5' to 6' XXX B&B	7.50	70.00
6' to 7' XXXX B&B	10.00	90.00
7' to 8' XXXX B&B	15.00	140.00
8' to 9' XXXX B&B	25.00	240.00

Larger sizes on application.

JUNIPERUS—(Continued)

Virginiana Cannarti (Cannart Redcedar). This is a pyramidal, compact grower of medium size, reaching fifteen to twenty feet. With only a few moments' trimming each spring, it can be kept at any size wanted. It has rich green, heavy tufted foliage. Some trees bear blue and silver berries, which adhere late in Autumn and are greatly enjoyed by birds.

			Each	Per 10
3' to 4'	XX	B&B	4.00	35.00
4' to 5'	XXX	B&B	5.00	45.00
5' to 6'	XXXX	B&B	7.50	70.00
6' to 7'	XXXX	B&B	10.00	90.00
7' to 8'	XXXX	B&B	15.00	140.00
8' to 9'	XXXX	B&B	25.00	240.00

Virginiana Elegantissima (Goldtip Redcedar). Goldtip Redcedar never fails to bring forth an exclamation of delight from anyone who views it for the first time. It comes out in the Spring with rich cream colored tips which gradually darken during the summer and fall until it becomes almost the color of old gold.

			Each	Per 10
1½' to 2'	XXX	B&B	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	XXXX	B&B	8.00	70.00

Virginiana Glauca (Silver Redcedar). The most popular variety of Redcedar is the Silver Redcedar. The glaucous blue color, especially attractive during the Spring growing season makes it very desirable, adding color contrast for landscape work. The growth is quite rapid, the long, slender branchlets producing a graceful effect.

			Each	Per 10
3' to 4'	XX	B&B	4.00	35.00
4' to 5'	XXX	B&B	5.00	45.00
5' to 6'	XXXX	B&B	7.50	70.00
6' to 7'	XXXX	B&B	10.00	90.00
7' to 8'	XXXX	B&B	15.00	140.00
8' to 9'	XXXX	B&B	25.00	240.00

Virginiana Globosa (Globe Cedar). This is the only Juniper that can be trimmed in globe shape and can be used as boxwood in urns. It is a wonderful ornamental tree for Northern States.

			Each
18" by 18"	XXX	B&B	7.50

Virginiana Globosa Glauca (Silver Globe Cedar). This is practically the same as the above variety, only bluish in color.

			Each
18" by 18"	XXX	B&B	7.50

Virginiana Kosteri (Koster Juniper). This interesting variety, which is recognized as a type of Juniperus Virginiana, closely resembles, the Juniperus Chinensis Pfitzeriana.

The habit is semi-dwarf, naturally spreading foliage of a decidedly out of the ordinary color. The term "marine blue" may not actually fit the tree, but it has a color of foliage of a refreshing bluish green shade.

			Each	Per 10
3' to 4'	XXX	B&B	6.00	55.00
4' to 5'	XXX	B&B	10.00	90.00

Virginiana Schotti (Schott Redcedar). A splendid columnar type of compact symmetrical growth. Bright green foliage throughout the year. Valuable for border planting and as garden specimens.

			Each	Per 10
3' to 4'	XX	B&B	5.00	45.00
4' to 5'	XX	B&B	6.50	55.00
5' to 6'	XXX	B&B	8.00	70.00

LARIX—SEE DECIDUOUS TREES.

PICEA—SPRUCE

Canadensis (White Spruce). Described by Bailey, the eminent horticulturist, as "A native of the Northern part of America." Derives the name White Spruce due to its light frosty green foliage, slightly tinged with blue.

			Each	Per 10
2' to 3'	XXX	B&B	3.00	25.00
3' to 4'	XXX	B&B	4.00	35.00
4' to 5'	XXX	B&B	6.00	55.00
5' to 6'	XXX	B&B	10.00	90.00

Canadensis Albertiana (Black Hill Spruce). The Black Hills Spruce is hardiest of all Spruces, symmetrical, compact and bushy of growth; in fact the very smallest trees soon form round, sturdy, compact bodies. As the trees grows and develops, it continues to carry the particular style of growth and generally becomes the most compact growing specimen of the Spruce family; even in old trees the lower branches are retained, thus forming a close ground cover.

			Each	Per 10
2' to 3'	XXX	B&B	3.00	25.00
3' to 4'	XXX	B&B	4.00	35.00
4' to 5'	XXXX	B&B	6.00	55.00
5' to 6'	XXXX	B&B	8.00	70.00
6' to 7'	XXXX	B&B	10.00	90.00
7' to 8'	XXXX	B&B	15.00	140.00



COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE

PICEA—(Continued)

Excelsa (Norway Spruce). This familiar Spruce is more generally used than any of the others. It grows rapidly, does well in most soils and withstands the bleak cold winds of Winter. If left untrimmed, the trees spread out magnificently and make desirable specimens. They make splendid windbreaks and shelter belts. If planted as hedges and kept sheared, they become impenetrable and are good for this purpose as any evergreens.

			Each	Per 10
2' to 3'	XXX	B&B	2.00	15.00
3' to 4'	XXX	B&B	2.50	20.00
4' to 5'	XXX	B&B	3.50	30.00
5' to 6'	XXXX	B&B	5.00	45.00
6' to 7'	XXXX	B&B	7.50	70.00
7' to 8'	XXXX	B&B	10.00	90.00
8' to 9'	XXXX	B&B	12.00	110.00
9' to 10'	XXXX	B&B	15.00	140.00

Pungens Glauca (Colorado Blue Spruce). Other trees there are of almost every imaginable form and color, but here is truly the culmination of nature's highest effort to produce the beautiful. Picture in your mind a perfectly shaped tree with an abundance of heavy foliage of a rich, glistening blue, which flashes and sparkles in the sunlight, and you can form only a faint idea of the magnificent beauty of this truly marvelous tree.

The glory of the Blue Spruce is its foliage, which is an intense steel-blue. It has created a sensation throughout the United States and Europe, and is indeed a triumph in evergreen-growing.

			Each	Per 10
2' to 3'	XXX	B&B	5.00	45.00
3' to 4'	XXXX	B&B	8.00	75.00
4' to 5'	XXXX	B&B	10.00	90.00
5' to 6'	XXXX	B&B	15.00	140.00
6' to 7'	XXXX	B&B	20.00	190.00
7' to 8'	XXXX	B&B	25.00	240.00
8' to 9'	XXXX	B&B	40.00	350.00
9' to 10'	XXXX	B&B	50.00	450.00

Pungens Viridis (Green Colorado Spruce). Habit of growth similar to Colorado Blue Spruce. Foliage bluish-green.

			Each	Per 10
2' to 3'	XX	B&B	2.50	22.50
3' to 4'	XX	B&B	5.00	45.00
4' to 5'	XX	B&B	6.00	55.00
5' to 6'	XXX	B&B	7.00	60.00

Pungens Kosteri (Koster Blue Spruce). Koster Blue Spruce is so well known that an explanation to you is not necessary as regards its color or its hardness.

			Each	Per 10
3' to 4'	XXXX	B&B	17.50	150.00
4' to 4½'	XXXX	B&B	20.00	190.00
4½' to 5'	XXXXX	B&B	30.00	290.00
5' to 6'	XXXXX	B&B	50.00	480.00
6' to 7'	XXXXX	B&B	60.00	580.00
7' to 8'	XXXXX	B&B	85.00	800.00

PINUS—PINE

Nigra Austriaca (Austrian Pine). The leaves are two in a sheath, straight and slender, from four to five inches long and of such a deep rich green color that it is known in some parts of the world as the "Black Pine." No tree shows such remarkable resistance to the trying conditions of city planting. Coal gas and smoky atmosphere have no effect on its growth. It is a tree equally satisfactory for seashore planting and for the inland country. "We desire to advocate the Austrian Pine for planting whenever a strong, hardy evergreen is desired. In groups or for avenues in particular situations, it is one of the most desirable trees at our command."

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXX B&B	2.00	17.50
3' to 4' XXX B&B	4.00	35.00
4' to 5' XXXX B&B	5.00	45.00
5' to 6' XXXX B&B	8.00	70.00
6' to 7' XXXX B&B	10.00	90.00
7' to 8' XXXX B&B	15.00	140.00

Ponderosa (Pondcrosa Pine). Sometimes this variety is called Bull Pine or Western Yellow Pine. It is the most widely distributed Pine in North America. Very deep rooted and drought-resistant. It is a handsome, ornamental tree, with interesting long needles.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' XXX B&B	4.00	35.00
4' to 5' XXXX B&B	6.00	55.00
5' to 6' XXXX B&B	8.00	75.00

Mughus (Mugho Pine). This is the genuine, true dwarf type, many stemmed, compact, with good dark green color, which it retains throughout the Winter. It can be used in many different ways in Landscaping, for foundation planting and for rock-gardens. It is a wonderful dwarf tree from every angle, especially in the Spring when the new growth comes out in a bluish green color.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/2' to 2' XXX B&B	2.50	22.50
2' to 2 1/2' XXX B&B	4.50	40.00
2 1/2' to 3' XXXX B&B	6.50	60.00
3' to 3 1/2' XXXX B&B	12.00	111.00

Strobus (White Pine). The White Pine is the largest of all conifers native to the eastern part of the United States. It grows rapidly and has long, flexible needles whitish beneath.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' XXX B&B	3.50	30.00
4' to 5' XXXX B&B	5.00	45.00
5' to 6' XXXX B&B	7.50	70.00
6' to 7' XXXX B&B	10.00	90.00
7' to 8' XXXX B&B	15.00	140.00

Sylvestris (Scotch Pine). This well-known tree, though tall, seldom grows straight, and the branches shoot out rather obliquely. The bark is rough and cracked and the leaves are short, pungent, concave on the upper surface, convex on the under, and of a pale green color.

	Each	Per 10
3' to 4' XXX B&B	3.50	30.00
4' to 5' XXX B&B	5.00	45.00
5' to 6' XXXX B&B	7.00	65.00
6' to 7' XXXX B&B	10.00	90.00
7' to 8' XXXX B&B	12.00	110.00
8' to 9' XXXX B&B	18.00	170.00

TAXUS—YEW

Baccata (English Pyramidal Yew). Taxus Baccata is one of the best Pyramidal types. Grows very dense and narrow. Highly recommended for formal planting especially in shady places.

	Each	Per 10
20" to 24" XXXX B&B	8.50	80.00
24" to 30" XXXXX B&B	10.00	90.00
30" to 36" XXXXX B&B	12.50	100.00

Cuspidata (Spreading Japanese Yew). The most common form. A spreading bush, about twice as wide as high. Very hardy. Responds eagerly to shearing as for a hedge, although the upright form is better for this purpose. Older Taxus bear lovely reddish fruit which turn blue in the Fall.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/2' to 2' XXX B&B	4.00	35.00
2' to 2 1/2' XXXX B&B	6.00	55.00
2 1/2' to 3' XXXXX B&B	8.00	75.00
3' to 3 1/2' XXXXX B&B	10.00	90.00

Large sizes on application.

TAXUS—(Continued)

Cuspidata Capitata (Upright Japanese Yew). A distinctly valuable Yew, growing forty to fifty feet high. Under cultivation, somewhat smaller. Has been cultivated throughout Japan from time immemorial, and introduced into America many years ago, having taken its place as one of the most noteworthy and valuable on the entire list.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/2' to 2' XXX B&B	5.00	45.00
2' to 2 1/2' XXX B&B	7.50	70.00
2 1/2' to 3' XXXX B&B	10.00	90.00
3' to 3 1/2' XXXX B&B	12.50	100.00

Cuspidata Nana (Dwarf Japanese Yew). Similar to Taxus Cuspidata, but is very dwarf and compact-growing. The foliage consists of little bunches of black-green foliage. Of irregular and picturesque outline, ultimately becoming two to three feet high and five or more feet wide. Absolutely hardy. It retains its rich, dark green color entirely throughout the winter. Will remain dwarf and grow more attractive with age. Very long-lived.

	Each	Per 10
1' to 1 1/2' XXX B&B	4.00	35.00
1 1/2' to 2' XXX B&B	6.50	60.00
2' to 2 1/2' XXX B&B	8.50	80.00
2 1/2' to 3' XXX B&B	11.00	100.00

Media Hicksii (Hick's Upright Yew). Strong upright pyramidal, fine for hedges.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/2' to 2' XXX B&B	3.00	25.00
2' to 2 1/2' XXXX B&B	5.00	45.00
2 1/2' to 3' XXXXX B&B	7.50	70.00
4' to 5' XXXXX B&B	15.00	140.00

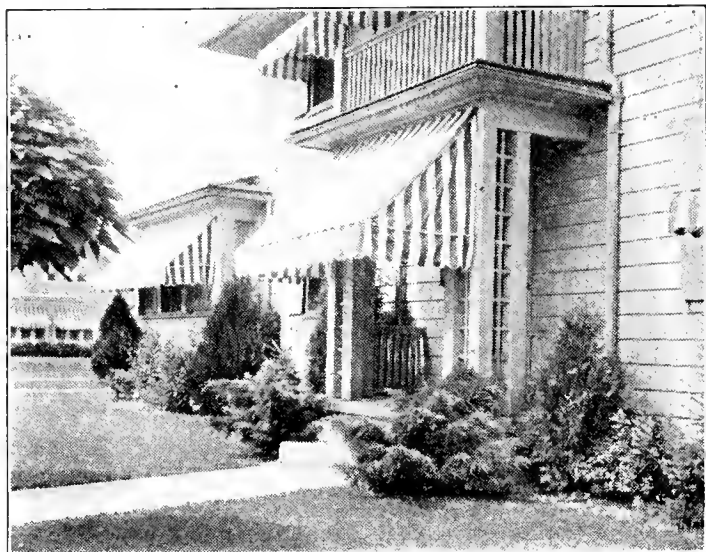
THUJA—ARBORVITAE

Occidentalis (American Arborvitae). The Arborvitae is very hardy and dependable in almost any situation. A moist location is preferred. Stands trimming well, and for this reason is widely used for hedges. The rate of growth and ultimate height depend largely upon conditions. It usually grows bushy at the bottom and tapering towards the top. Foliage is very soft and flexible and of fine deep green color.

	Each	Per 10
2' to 3' XXX B&B	2.00	15.00
3' to 4' XXX B&B	2.50	20.00
4' to 5' XXXX B&B	3.50	30.00
5' to 6' XXXX B&B	5.00	45.00
6' to 7' XXXX B&B	9.00	80.00
7' to 8' XXXXX B&B	12.00	110.00
8' to 9' XXXXX B&B	15.00	140.00



PINUS—SCOTCH PINE



ENTRANCE PLANTING

THUJA—(Continued)

Occidentalis Douglasi Aurea (Douglas Golden Arborvitae). Among the golden forms, the Douglas Golden Arborvitae is well known and widely used. It forms a broad, bushy pyramid, very similar in outline to a good type of American Arborvitae. The foliage is decidedly golden.

		Each	Per 10
2' to 3'	XXX B&B	2.00	15.00
3' to 4'	XXX B&B	2.50	20.00
4' to 5'	XXXX B&B	5.00	45.00
5' to 6'	XXXX B&B	7.50	70.00
6' to 7'	XXXX B&B	9.50	80.00
7' to 8'	XXXX B&B	12.00	110.00

Occidentalis Douglasi Pyramidalis (Douglas Pyramidal Arborvitae).

		Each	Per 10
4' to 5'	XX B&B	7.50	70.00
5' to 6'	XX B&B	10.00	95.00
8' to 10'	XXX B&B	20.00	155.00

Occidentalis Globosa (Globe Arborvitae). The Globe Arborvitae is one of the oldest of the ornamental evergreens and can be planted as foundation planting or in tubs.

		Each	Per 10
18" by 18"	XXX B&B	2.50	20.00
20" by 20"	XXX B&B	3.50	30.00
24" by 24"	XXXX B&B	5.00	45.00

Occidentalis Pyramidalis (Pyramidal Arborvitae). The most popular form of Arborvitae today is the Pyramidal. This tree fills a real need in landscaping and has a place of importance in practically every evergreen landscape planting. Usually it reaches about twenty feet in height and the most desirable strains remain very narrow in habit, measuring two or three feet or less in diameter at the base. The color is much greener in Winter than the American Arborvitae and the foliage is more dense.

		Each	Per 10
2' to 3'	XXX B&B	2.50	20.00
3' to 4'	XXXX B&B	3.50	30.00
4' to 5'	XXXX B&B	5.00	45.00
5' to 6'	XXXX B&B	8.00	70.00
6' to 7'	XXXXX B&B	12.00	110.00
7' to 8'	XXXXX B&B	18.00	170.00

Occidentalis Wareana (Ware Arborvitae Siberian). This is conical in outline and covered with dark green foliage which is somewhat different from the American Arborvitae, being much heavier and deeply crested. The branches are short and stiff. It is much used for foundation planting and frequently for hedges. The name Siberian has been given to it because of its rugged constitution. A symmetrical, compact grower, very long-lived.

		Each	Per 10
1½' to 2'	XX B&B	3.00	25.00
2' to 3'	XXX B&B	4.00	35.00
3' to 3½'	XXX B&B	6.00	55.00
3½' to 4'	XXX B&B	8.00	75.00

TSUGA—HEMLOCK

Tsuga Canadensis (Canada Hemlock). As a screen or hedge, the Hemlock is greatly admired as it bears the shears well, grows thriftily and is of a dark green color and very dense. The results are most satisfactory.

		Each	Per 10
2' to 3'	XXX B&B	3.50	30.00
3' to 4'	XXX B&B	6.00	55.00
4' to 5'	XXX B&B	8.00	75.00
5' to 6'	XXX B&B	10.00	90.00

Larger sizes on application.

EVERGREEN VINES

PACHYSANDRA

Pachysandra Terminalis (Japanese Spurge). Attractive Evergreen Vine and ground cover. It is not a clinging vine or one which will cover a wall, but is suitable for use as a low border where it serves a very satisfactory purpose, or as an under-planting to trees and shrubs.

	Per 100	Per 1000
4" to 6"	6.00	50.00

EUONYMOUS

Radicans (Wintercreeper). This is a self-clinging vine climbing to fifteen feet. It is a good covering for low walls, also useful for under planting among evergreens.

	Each
12" to 15" B&B.....5 Year	1.00
15" to 18" B&B.....6 Year	1.50
18" to 24" B&B.....8 Year	2.50

Radicans Acutus (Sharpleaf Winter Creeper). Fast growing climbing vine.

	Each	Per 10
3 years	.50	4.50

Radicans Colorata—Leaves bright red in autumn.

3 years	.50	4.50
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Radicans Kewensis (Baby Winter Creeper). Has very small leaves, ½" or less long.

3 years B&B	.50	4.50
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Radicans Vegetus (Bigleaf Winter Creeper). Is a bushy form growing to 5'. This species is popular for covering brick walls and foundations.

3 years	.50	4.50
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CLIMBING VINES

AMPELOPSIS

Engelmanni (Engelmann's Five-Leaved Creeper). Hardy climbing vine, five-leaved, clings to either wood, stone or brickwork.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 year	.35	3.00	25.00

Quinquifolia (Virginia Creeper). A rapid growing, hardy vine suitable for covering trellises, stone walls or verandas.

3 year	.40	3.50	30.00
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Tricuspidata (Boston Ivy). Glossy green foliage that turns to crimson in the Fall. Clings to brick or stone.

3 year	.60	5.50	50.00
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Tricuspidata Veitchi (Boston or Japanese Ivy). Similar to tricuspidata but smaller leaves. Young leaves purple.

3 year	.60	5.50	50.00
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ARISTOLOCHIA

(Dutchman's Pipe)

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Sipho.			
3 year	.40	3.50	30.00

BIGNONIA—TRUMPET VINE

Radicans (Trumpet Creeper). Rapid grower with luxuriant foliage and large trumpet-shaped flowers of orange-red.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 year	.50	4.50	40.00

CELASTRUS

Orbiculatus (Oriental Bittersweet). Shrubby climber, attractive when its clusters of orange-crimson capsuled fruit are displayed in Fall.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 year	.50	4.50	40.00
3 year	.60	5.50	50.00
4 year	.80	7.50	70.00

Scandens (American Bittersweet). Glossy foliage, small yellow flowers, producing sprays of orange-red berries.

2 year	.50	4.50	40.00
3 year	.60	5.50	50.00
4 year	.80	7.50	70.00

CLEMATIS

Henryi (Large-Flowered creamy white Clematis). Large, creamy white flowers.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 year	1.00	9.00	80.00
Jackmani (Large-Flowered Violet-purple Clematis). Large, velvety purple flowers.			
2 year	1.00	9.00	80.00
Paniculata (Sweet Autumn Clematis). A strong growing variety with small star-like flowers, delicate scented.			
3 year .....	.60	5.50	50.00
Ramona (Large-Flowered Blue Clematis). Large sky-blue flowers.			
2 year	1.00	9.00	80.00
Virginiana (Sweet Autumn Clematis).			
2 year .....	.25	2.00	15.00

EUONYMUS—SEE EVERGREEN VINES.

HEDERA—IVY

The Ivies are evergreens and frequently suffer from exposure to the bright sunlight in winter. For this reason the north side of a wall or building is a better situation than the south.

Helix (English Ivy). A familiar evergreen vine, dark green leaves, favors shady location. The young wood sometimes winter-kills in this climate, due to the action of the sun more than the cold. Suitable to cover buildings, rock, trellis work, graves, and as a carpet under trees in places where grass will not grow.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 year .....	.60	5.50	50.00

LONICERA

Hirsuta (Hairy Honeysuckle).			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 year .....	.50	4.50	40.00
4 year .....	.60	5.50	50.00
Japonica Halliana (Hall's Honeysuckle). Fragrant white and yellow flowers.			
3 year .....	.35	3.00	25.00
Sempervirens (Scarlet Trumpet Honeysuckle). A profusion of scarlet, trumpet-shaped flowers are borne in clusters during the entire season.			
3 year .....	.35	3.00	25.00
4 year .....	.45	4.00	35.00



SILVER LACE VINE



BIGNONIA—TRUMPET VINE

LYCIUM

Chinese (Chinese Matrimony Vine). Trailing grower, good for pillars or embankments. Soft, green foliage, small purple flowers, scarlet fruits.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 year .....	.45	4.00	35.00

POLYGONUM—SILVER LACE VINE

Auberti —One of the most desirable flowering climbers. The plant is of strong, vigorous growth, attaining a height of 25 feet or more, producing through the summer and fall great foamy sprays of white flowers, and a well established plant during its long flowering period is a mass of bloom.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
Strong plants .....	.90	8.00	75.00

VITIS

Aestivalis (Summer Grape).			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 year .....	.35	3.00	25.00
3 year .....	.60	5.50	50.00

WISTERIA

Frutescens (American Purple Wisteria). A very rapid growing vine, with small pale blue fragrant flowers.			
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 year .....	.50	4.50	40.00
Alba (White Wisteria).			
3 year .....	.50	4.50	40.00

LARGE VINES ON APPLICATION—TREE FORMS ON APPLICATION.



PEONIES FOR COLOR MASSES

At no time during the growing season does a peony planting look unsightly, for its beautiful green and dense foliage always harmonizes well with the landscape. This fact really makes Peonies indispensable in a landscape project.

WE SELL OUR PEONIES IN LARGE CLUMPS TO OBTAIN IMMEDIATE EFFECT AND NOT 3 TO 5 EYE DIVISIONS.

Asa Gray (Crousse 1886). Although this variety was introduced quite a few years ago, it has always been rather scarce. Unique flowers of milk-white thickly sprinkled with minute carmine dots, the total effect being delicate pink. Mid-season.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.25	12.50

Baroness Schroeder (Kelway 1889). If we had to name the best white Peony in the popular price class, we would not hesitate a second to name Baroness Schroeder, a late bloomer. The petals are white with soft baby pink center. The flower is of immense size, globular type. Deliciously fragrant.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.25	12.50

Felix Crousse (Crousse 1881). Rose type. Rich, even, brilliant, ruby-red. Late mid-season. Very effective. Fragrant.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps .....	.90	9.00

Festiva Maxima (Mieliez 1851). Early, pure white with carmine touched center. Free bloomer; fragrant. Most popular white in existence.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps .....	.50	5.00

Gigantea—Early midseason. Enchanting coloring; an exquisite shade of bright pink or lilac-rose, tipped with silvery white, reflecting a silvery sheen. Has an agreeable spicy June rose fragrance. Blossoms 7 to 8 inches across, occasionally 10 to 12 inches. Rose type. On account of the enormous size of the stems, sometimes need support.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.00	10.00

Karl Rosenfield (Rosenfield 1908). The flower is large, of semi-rose type, a perfect ball-like form when fully opened, of a most perfect, rich, deep brilliant crimson, on long straight stem; slightly fragrant. The plant is tall, strong and upright in growth, and bears a large strikingly brilliant flower on every stem. The foliage is rich dark green. Blooms early mid-season. Both for landscape planting and cut flowers this Peony has proven ideal.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.25	12.50

La France (Lemoine 1901). The color is a La France pink, finishing soft apple blossom pink as the flower ages, slightly reflecting mauve. The outer guards have a splash of crimson through the center, deepening at the base. The flower appears to light up and glow wonderfully. Deliciously fragrant. The variety produces an abundance of enormous full, rather flat, perfectly double flowers of rose type. Blooms late in mid-season.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	5.00	50.00

Le Cygne (The Swan) (Lemoine 1907). No name could better describe this variety; the grandest of the white flowers that you ever beheld; foliage of a darker green than most other Peonies; globular, compact type of bloom with a true June rose fragrance.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	15.00	150.00

Livingstone (Crousse 1879). Very massive, solid light pink. Perfect rose type; very large and compact flower. Odorless. Livingstone should be in every collection for its color, shape and lateness.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.00	10.00

Lord Kitchener (Renault 1916). Here is the ideal red Peony for landscape effects. It gives an abundance of blossoms almost from the first year that it is planted. The color is a brilliant cherry-red, one of the most brilliant found in Peonies. Early.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.50	15.00

Madame Ducl (Mechin 1880). The color is a beautiful silvery mauve-rose; the flower is of the typical bomb type of perfect form. The variety that holds its lovely coloring and perfect form to the end. The guard petals are broad and prominent, surmounted by a chrysanthemum-like center of narrow, compact, incurved petals.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps .....	.75	7.50

Madame Emile Galle (Crousse 1881). Exquisite shade of shell-pink with touches of heliotrope and lavender. Large, compact, flat, rose type. Beautiful in bud. Late. Deliciously fragrant.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps .....	.90	9.00

Madame Gaudichau (Millet 1902). Exceptionally dark crimson-garnet with blackish hues. Very large, globular flower with broad petals. The stalks and leaf stems are dark crimson.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	7.50	75.00

Marie Crousse (Crousse 1892). The color is the most uniform salmon-pink with life and freshness that is unsurpassed by any other Peony. Medium tall grower. Mid-season.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	2.00	20.00

Marie Lemoine (Calot 1864). Sulphur-white, shaded chamois with occasional white tip. Rose type, very compact. Enormous flower on erect, strong stem of medium height. Most pleasing and pronounced fragrance of any Peony. Very late.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.00	10.00

Martha Bullock (Brand 1907). Pink mammoth, cupshaped blossom. Deep rose-pink in the center, shading to silvery shell-pink in the outer petals. Stalks strong and erect. The delicate shadings of this flower form soft shell-pink on the outside to a deep-rose pink in the center. Fragrant, gigantic in size and exquisitely beautiful.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	10.00	100.00

Mons. Jules Elie (Crusse 1888). Wonderful glossy lilac-pink, shading to a deeper rose at the base, the entire flower being overlaid with a sheen of silver. The flowers measure over 9 inches across. Bomb type, early to mid-season.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.25	12.50

Monsieur Martin Cahuzac (Dessert 1899). Darkest color of all Peonies. One of the richest shades of maroon imaginable. A perfect, solid ball of deep maroon with garnet hues and brilliant black luster. Mid-season.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	3.00	30.00

Officinalis Mutabilis—Early Salmon-pink.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.50	15.00

Officinalis Rosea—Large rose colored variety. Very early.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.50	15.00

Officinalis Rosea Plena—Pink Double flowers.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.50	15.00

Officinalis Rosea Superba—Brilliant deep rose-pink, fragrant flowers very early.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.50	15.00

Officinalis Rubra—Large blooms of vivid crimson. Very early.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.50	15.00

Philippe Rivoire (Crosse 1895). Large, perfect flowers with deeply serrated petals of a very dark and uniform amaranth-red; of rose type. A strong grower and a free bloomer. Blooms late. Has a lovely tea rose fragrance.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	15.00	150.00



FELIX CROUSSE



MME. DUCEL

Reine Hortense (Calot 1857). Lovely, delicate hydrangea-pink, enveloped in a halo of very fine white. Deliciously fragrant. Mid-season.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.25	12.50

Sarah Bernhardt (Lemoine 1906). The ideal of refinement in Peonies; apple blossom pink with each petal silver-tipped, making it about as perfect a Peony as could be imagined. It possesses an agreeable fragrance, blooms mid-season till late.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.50	15.00

Solfatare—A beautiful creamy yellow Peony. Very distinct and desirable variety. Free bloomer and fragrant.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.00	10.00

Souvenir de L'Exposition Universelle—Flat rose type. Lilac rose with silver reflex. Fragrant and free-blooming.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	2.00	20.00

Therese (Desert 1904). Second highest scoring Peony. The flower is of an enormous size and true rose type, with delicate fragrance. Color rich satin pink with lighter center. The plant is of vigorous growth, very free blooming and the foliage is a rich green.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	4.00	40.00

Venus (Kelway 1888). It blooms mid-season. The flower, high crown type, is of a delicate shell pink color, and is produced on long upright stems; it has true June rose fragrance.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	1.00	10.00

JAPANESE PEONIES

These Peonies bloom from one to two weeks earlier than the Chinese varieties and in our latitude bloom for Decoration Day or before. Their colors are brilliant and their earliness adds considerably to the Peony flowering season.

Mikado (Japan). We consider this one of the most beautiful of all Japanese Peonies. It is exceptionally dependable, blooms freely. The foliage is a beautiful dark green, which harmonizes wonderfully with the exquisite crimson coloring of the flowers. The outer petals are a uniform shade of crimson and surround a center of broad, partially transformed staminoids of chamois-yellow, faced crimson.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	2.00	20.00

Hirishima (Japan). Violet-rose with bluish cast. Blooms early.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	2.00	20.00

Whitley Major—Slightly tinted pink, fading to pure white. Strong, upright grower, free bloomer.

	Each	Per doz.
8 to 12 eye clumps	3.50	35.00



PERENNIALS

ACHILLEA—MILFOIL, YARROW

Achilleas are of easy culture and grow in any good garden soil, but preferring the sun. They are useful for the border, wild garden or shrubbery; also for cutting.

Filipendulina (Fern-leaved Yarrow). A showy sort with dense heads of golden yellow flowers. 3 feet. June and July.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Millefolium Rosea—2 feet. Carmine rose.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Ptarmica (The Pearl). This is the white variety of Achillea. The flowers are born in the greatest profusion the entire Summer on strong, erect stems 2 feet high. They are of great value as a Summer cut flower.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Tomentosa—Yellow.

6" to 8"

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

ACONITUM—MONKSHOOD

These are hood-shaped flowers, valuable for cutting, very effective in flower borders and shrubberies, thriving anywhere. Do not plant near vegetable gardens. Roots are poisonous.

Autumnalis—Dark blue. September and October.

3 to 4 ft.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Fischeri—They grow 2 feet high, bloom in September. Flowers are very large pale blue.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Napellus.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Wilsonii—Tall growing 5 to 6 feet. Bloom in September.

The flowers are clear blue and very effective.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

ADONIS

Vernalis—6 in. high, yellow flowers, blooming in May.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

AEGOPODIUM

Aegopodium—Bishop weed or Goutweed.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

AETHIONEMA—PERSIAN CANDYTUFT

Grandiflorum—A lovely little rock plant about 12 inches high. Blue-green foliage which remains handsome all summer. During June the plant is covered with long spikes of clear rose-colored flowers.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Persicum—Strong, twiggy bushes, covered with long, slender spikes of rosy pink flowers. One of our best rock plants. Nine inches. June-July flowering. (Many other varieties are grown in Europe, all more or less tender and not suited for the average American garden).

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

AJUGA—BUGLEWEED

A useful plant for the rockery and carpeting the ground particularly in shady positions, as under trees where grass will not grow.

Genevensis—Flowers are deep blue, grow 6 to 8 inches in height and bloom during May and June.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Reptans rubra—Bronze foliage, blue flowers, the most compact in habit.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

ALYSSUM—MADWORT

Showy spring-flowering plants. Valuable for front row in border or rock garden.

Argenteum—Dwarf, dense grower, yellow flowers in bloom all Summer. Leaves silvery underneath.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Sexatile Compactum—Broad masses of bright yellow flowers in early Spring.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

ANCHUSA—SEA BUGLOSS

Stately and handsome perennial belonging to the Forget-me-not family. The leaves are rough and hairy and the drooping flowers are borne in racemes on branching stems.

Italica Dropmore—Dropmore variety. Beautiful gentian-blue flowers. Thrives best in partial shade. Grows 5 feet.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Myosotidiflora—Grows one foot high. A Russian species, bears in April a profusion of pretty pale blue Forget-me-not flowers.

each 30c; per 10 \$2.75



ACHILLEA

ANEMONE—WIND FLOWER

Pulsatilla (Pasque Flower). Grows from 9 to 12 inches high and produces violet or purple flowers during April and May. An interesting plant for the rockery or well drained border.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Pulsatilla Rubra—Of dwarf habit with reddish purple flowers.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Sylvestris (Snowdrop Windflower). This is one of the best in moist sandy soils. Bears good size delicate white flowers on long stems. Blooms late May. 2 inch pots.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

ANEMONE JAPONICA—JAPANESE WIND FLOWER

A valuable and beautiful species 2 to 3 ft. tall, blooming freely from late August till severe frosts. One of the most important garden plants; the graceful blooms, often 3 inches across, borne on long stems make a wonderful display and are fine for cutting. They prefer shade, moisture, a fertile and well drained location. Protect in winter. When once established they should not be disturbed, will gain in size and beauty each year.

Gente Blanche.

each 30c; per 10 \$2.75

Hupensis—Rose-Pink.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Louise Uhink.

each 30c; per 10 \$2.75

Rosea Superba.

each 30c; per 10 \$2.75

ANTHEMIS—MARGUERITE

These hardy Marguerites are most satisfactory perennials. They will succeed in the poorest soil, but need full sun.

Kelwayi—Grows 2 feet. Daisy-like yellow blossoms, produced all Summer. Excellent for cutting.

each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

AQUILEGIA—COLUMBINE

The Columbine is one of the most beautiful of the hardy perennials, producing graceful spurred flowers on 2-ft. stems. They are much prized for cut flower purposes, making dainty decorations. They are one of the most important of our early hardy flowers and should be grown in quantity, being easy to establish and thriving in almost any situation, best if sheltered but exposed to full sun.

Alpine—Blue. 24 inches. Blooms during April, May, June and July.

each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

Canadensis (American Columbine). 1 to 2 feet. May-June. Handsome scarlet and orange flowers.

each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

**AQUILEGIA****AQUILEGIA—(Continued)**

Coerulea (Rocky Mountain Columbine). 2 feet. April-July. One of the most beautiful of our native American flowers. Sepals, deep blue; petals, white.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Long spurred Hybrids—

Long-spurred Blue Shades.

Long-spurred Pink Shades.

Long-spurred Strawberry Red.

Long-spurred Pure White.

Long-spurred Yellow—(New).

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Mrs. Scott Elliott's Strain of Long-spurred Hybrids—This strain is allowed by the Royal Horticultural Society to be the best ever raised, and has received awards whenever exhibited. The blooms are of large size and the spurs very long. The colors range through shades of lavenders, mauves, blues, purples, whites, creams, yellows, pinks, reds, etc. There are no jarring or crude tints and the whole form a most harmonious mass of coloring seldom seen in other flowers.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

ARABIS—ROCK CRESS

Charming dwarf spring-flowering plants of easy cultivation; valuable for edging and for rock gardens, but does equally well in the border garden forming a dense beautiful carpet of pure white flowers.

Alpina—6 inches. Early in the Spring the pure white flowers make a pleasing contrast in the beds, bordering with golden Alyssum and blue Aubrietia.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Alpina Flore Pleno—Same as above but with double white flowers; very fine rock plant.

each 35c; per 10 \$3.25

ARENARIA—SAND-WORT

These are extremely pretty little alpine plants and will thrive in any ordinary soil in exposed places. Used in rockeries.

Montana—A pretty creeping plant which during June is covered with attractive silvery white flowers. A good edging plant and invaluable for rock garden. Grows 6 inches high, in close tufts.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

ARISAEMA—JACK-IN-THE-PULPIT

Triphyllum—6-12 inches; brownish purple; May.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

ARMERIA—THRIFT SEA PINK

Dwarf growing perennials with grassy leaves and a tufted habit of growth. The flowers are borne in globular heads during May and July, and the plants are suitable for edgings to borders.

Formosa Hybrids—24 inches. Shades of Pink.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Lauchiana—Dwarf rosy crimson.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Maritima—3 to 6 inches. Silvery pink flowers.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

ARNICA

Montana—1 ft. Mountain Tobacco. Flower heads yellow, 3 or 4 together about 2 inches diameter, ray florets numerous. July. Habit tufted. Very handsome but rare plant. Excellent for rockery.

each 35c; per 10 \$3.25

ARTEMISIA

A most useful class of plants, either for the border or for filling in within the shrubbery.

Frigida.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Lactiflora (Hawthorne Scented Magwort). A most desirable and effective plant either for the border or to plant among shrubbery; it is of strong, free growth with erect stems 3 1/2 to 4 1/2 feet high, terminated with great panicles of Astilbe-like, Hawthorn-scented, creamy white flowers produced from the latter part of August to the end of September, particularly valuable, being unlike any other plant in bloom at that time.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Silver King (Ghost Plant). A very showy white-leaved contrast plant growing 3 feet high and maturing its beautiful mist-like foliage early in Summer. Long sprays may be cut to mix with Winter bouquets.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

ASCLEPIAS—BUTTERFLY WEED

Tuberosa—2 feet. One of the most showy of our native perennials. Compact umbels of brilliant orange flowers from July until frost.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

ASPHODELUS—ASPHODEL, KING'S SPEAR

Luteus—An effective plant for the border with sword-like foliage and 3 feet high spikes of fragrant yellow lily-like flowers in July.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

ASTER—MICHAELMAS DAISY

These are among the showiest of our late flowering hardy plants, giving a wealth of bloom during September and October, a season when most other hardy flowers are past, and for the best effect should be planted in masses of one color. They grow freely in any soil.

Climax—Light lavender-blue flowers with gold centers. Splendid cut flowers.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Countess of Dudley—Charming clear pink flowers with yellow eye, of bushy habit and free-flowering. A very compact, neat plant. Late September. 9 inches.

Lady Henry Maddocks—Clear pale pink flowers, very free-flowering and of dwarf compact habit. September. 1 foot.

Marjorie—A charming plant of compact habit, bearing large flowers of a bright rose-pink. A most brilliant color. Mid-September. 1 foot.

Nancy—Of dwarf bushy habit and very free-flowering, the plants being covered with pale flesh-pink flowers toward the end of September. 1 foot.

Ronald—Forming a dwarf bush covered with flowers of a pleasing bright shade of lilac-pink with rose-pink buds, very showy. Mid-September. 1 foot.

Snowsprite—A very dwarf, early fall-flowering variety forming compact clumps. These are smothered with large semi-double white flowers. Early September. 1 foot.

Sunset—2 ft. Bushy growth completely covered with soft rose-pink flowers in late September.

Victor—The dwarfiest of all and very pretty. The flowers are of good size and of a beautiful clear pale lavender-blue; a charming rock-plant, flowering early September. 8 inches.

White Lady—5 ft. October. Pure white.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

DWARF ALPINE ASTERS

Alpinus—Mixed 3 to 10 inches high. Bears large showy bluish-purple flowers with yellow centers in May and June.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Alpinus Albus—Fine dwarf white Aster, bearing large, single white flowers on stems 6 to 8 inches high. May and June. Excellent for rock gardens; plant in full sun, 6 to 8 inches apart.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

JAPANESE HARDY ASTERS

Mauve Cushion—Distinct species. It forms a circular cushion-like plant 1½ feet across, rarely exceeding 9 inches in height, the flowers of delicate, soft mauve, with silvery white reflection, measure over 1¼ inches in diameter, and are produced in such lavish profusion as to completely cover the plant; the blooms begin to expand early in October, but are not at their best until November. Plant in full sun, 1 foot apart.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

ASTILBE

See—*Spirea Astilbe*.

AUBRIETIA

Dainty, delicate dwarf creeping plants.

Bougainvillei—Dark blue.

Graeca—Light blue.

Leichtlinii—Deep rosy purple.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80



CANTERBURY BELLS

AURICULA

Prize Show Mixed. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

BAPTISIA

Australis (False Indigo). Forms a spreading bush 3 to 4 feet high with dark bluish-green leaves, cut very deeply to form three oval leaflets and bears its Lupin-like blue flowers in dainty branching spikes in June and July.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

BETONICA—BETONY

Grandiflora Rosea—Bright rose. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Grandiflora Superba—Red purple flowers in large heads, fine border plant. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

BOCCONIA

Cordata (Plume Poppy). 5 ft. A handsome border plant of cream color.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

BOLTONIA—FALSE CHAMOMILE

The *Boltonias* bloom at the same time and resembles some of the wild *Asters* of the woodland. The leaves are long and grayish and in these characteristics are roughly distinguished from the perennial *Asters*. The *Boltonias*, because of their great height, are highly desirable in large perennial border because the plants literally bear thousands of star-like flowers. They serve excellently as cut-flowers.

Latisquama—Height 4 to 5 feet. Bloom from July to October. Are a very delicate pink slightly tinged with lavender.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Asteroides—Same as above. White.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

CALAMINTHA

Alpina—A good rock plant or for the edge of the border, succeeds well in dry ground in a sunny position. It has spreading tufts of pretty foliage spangled with lavender-blue flowers.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

CALLIRHOE—POPPY MALLOW

Involucrata—A showy trailing perennial bearing from early Summer till Fall large, crimson, saucer-shaped flowers. Best in rockery or border.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

CAMPANULA CALYCANTHEMA—CANTERBURY BELLS

Canterbury Bells—Cup and saucer. This variety comes in white, pink, blue and mixed colors.

each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

CAMPANULA—BELLFLOWERS

A large, beautiful and most important family for the flower garden. The dwarf species are charming for rockeries. The plants range from 18 inches to 24 inches in height and are most effective when planted in a mixed border near the early Phloxes. The *Pyramidalis* is a tall growing variety often reaching 5 to 6 feet in height.

Carpatica (Harebell). A pretty species growing in compact tufts, not exceeding 8 inches high; flowers clear blue; held erect on wiry stems. It begins blooming in June, continuing until October. As an edging for a hardy border or for the rockery it is unsurpassed.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Carpatica White—Same as above. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Garganica—Blue. A gem for the rock garden. Forms a low spreading tuft which in June is covered with starry light blue flowers having a white eye. Exquisite hanging over a rock.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Latifolia Macrantha—3 ft. Erect stems. Large bells, violet-blue.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Persicifolia Grandiflora Coerulea—2-3 ft. June-July. Blue Double.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Pusilla—Light blue bells, very free blooming. 4 in. July.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Pusilla Alba—Same as above, but pure white.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Pyramidalis (Chimney Bellflower). Of blue coloring, growing 5 to 6 feet.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Pyramidalis—White. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Rotundifolia—6 to 12 inches. One of the prettiest species, slender branching stems, covered with dainty frail blue flowers.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Sarmatica—A low-growing much branched variety. Each plant with 8 to 10 stems not over 16 inches high. Covered with pale blue, bell-like flowers. Foliage a silvery gray. Splendid variety for rockery or border.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80



A PERENNIAL GARDEN

CAMPANULA—(Continued)

Turbinata—Grows about 6 inches high. A beautiful variety forming close mats of foliage and bearing large cup-shaped flowers of blue, sitting close to the plant and fairly smothering it. June and July.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

HARDY CARNATIONS

The Truest Hardy Outdoor Carnations. A beautiful strain of hardy pinks, which resembles most of all the indoor Carnations, blooming in great abundance all summer, in the most magic colors, flowers being semi—to full double. Excellent for cutting and very hardy.

Beatrix—A lovely pale pink flower for border or rockery.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Grenadin Scarlet—A large flowering type. Very desirable for garden or cutting.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Grenadin White—White form of the above. Extremely desirable plant of the easiest culture.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Napoleon 3rd—Bright red. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

CASSIA—AMERICAN SENNA

Marylandica—Grows 3 to 4 feet, during July and August. Is a bushy growing plant with large panicles of bright yellow curiously shaped flowers in abundant auxiliary clusters.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

CANTANANCHE—CUPID'S DART

Has hoary, lance-shaped leaves, and crisp chaff-like flowers resembling those of the everlasting. Belongs to the Daisy order and is an attractive plant when in flower. Flowers are useful for cutting.

Alba Bicolor—White form. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Coerulea—Pretty deep blue flowers in great profusion, 2 feet. Blooms from June to September.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

CENTAUREA—HARDHEADS, KNAPWEED

The flowers heads are like showy, ragged-thistle blooms of bright red, deep purple, golden yellow and blue. They grow 2 to 3½ feet tall and bloom during the Summer months.

Dealbata—2 feet. Large and striking rose-pink flowers, feathery foliage. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Macrocephala—The showiest of all; great thistle-like golden yellow flowers on stiff stems.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Montana Blue—2 feet. June-September. Numerous deep blue flowers somewhat resembling the annual cornflower.

each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

CEPHALARIA—ROUNDHEADS

Tartarica Alpina (Giant Scabiosa). 5 feet. June and July. Flowers yellow on terminal heads somewhat like a Scabiosa. Good for shrubby borders.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

CERASTIUM—SNOW IN SUMMER

Tomentosum—A desirable low-growing plant with silvery foliage and white flowers in June, suitable for the rockery, or border.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80



SHASTA DAISIES

CHRYSANTHEMUM—HARDY DAISY

Fine hardy border plants, their large Daisy-like flowers being produced in great profusion. They are splendid for cut flower purposes.

SHASTA DAISIES

Alaska—A decided improvement on the original; with blooms $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 inches across of pure glistening white. Very free-flowering and in bloom all summer and fall. 2 ft.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Arcticum—(Arctic Daisy). Among fall flowering perennials this is one of the best. It forms an attractive clump of dark green foliage, and in September multitudes of white flowers, slightly tinged rose or lilac, 2 inches wide, appear. September to November.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Diener's New Double White Giant Shasta Daisy.

each 35c; per 10 \$3.25

King Edward VII—Immense beautiful pure white flowers, on tall stems. July to September. 3 feet.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Korean—A remarkable perennial from Korea with ironclad hardness. Large white flowers with golden center resembling a glorified daisy. Flowers often turn to a light pink. 2 to 3 feet high, in bloom from October to December.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Leucanthemum Fl. Pl.—Pure double white. Early.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

May Queen—Not the largest, but the earliest. Valuable as a cut flower.

each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell—This magnificent white Daisy is undoubtedly the largest flowered of its class. Flowers frequently measure six inches across with very broad petals of great substance. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

CHRYSANTHEMUMS
(Hardy Fall flowering chrysanthemums)

Aladdin (1932)—Starts blooming about September 10. Charming orange bronze. Large blossoms, long stems.

Azalea Mum—A good pink.

Boston—Single burnt-orange.

California—Single yellow-bronze.

Carrie—Large deep yellow. Matures September 25. Height 2 feet.

Fire Fly—Reddish-bronze.

Frances Whittlesey—Rich bronze and garnet red.

Idolph—Soft rose. September 30. Height 2 feet.

Jewell—Deep pink.

Mariabeau—Large dark rose.

Mrs. J. Willis Martin—Strawberry red.

Murillio—Of strong growth. Finest shade of pink among the early hardies. Height 2 feet.

October Girl—Bright pink.

Old-Fashioned Hardy Red.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—(Continued)

Old-Fashioned Hardy White.

R. Marion Hatton—Bright canary yellow.

Rodell—Yellow button.

Ruth Cumming—Reddish-bronze with terra cotta and higher tone.

Ruth Hatton—Clear Ivory white with lemon shading in center.

Sunkist—New! Bright orange, exceedingly free flowering. Height 18 inches. The flowers are $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter. Matures September.

Tasiva—Very free flowering. White. Matures October 1st. Height 2 feet.

White Doty—Pure white with creamy center.

Winnetka—Large, pure white. Very free flowering. Flowers September 20. Height $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Wolverine—The finest brilliant yellow garden Chrysanthemum. Beautiful color. Matures August 30. Height 2 feet.

Yellow Normandie—A beautiful bronze yellow. Flowers September 10. Height $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Zaza—Yellow with orange at the base of the petals. Shows color October 1. Flowers $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. Height 2 feet.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

CIMICIFUGA—SNAKE ROOT

Racemosa—Grows 4 to 8 feet tall. Is late-blooming. July to August. The large leaves are cut very deeply and the flowers, white, small, feathery and closely set, are borne on long stalks.

each 30c; per 10 \$2.75

CLEMATIS

Davidiana—4 feet. June-August. Delicately scented, pale blue flowers in clustered heads.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

COREOPSIS—TICKSEED

One of the most popular hardy plants; the flowers are a rich golden yellow of a beautiful graceful form and bloom June to October.

Lanceolata Grandiflora—2 feet. June to October. About the best yellow cut flower blooming incessantly.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Verticillata—Slender habit, linear whorled leaves, yellow dark disc; elegant.

each 20c; per 1 \$1.80

CYPRIPEDIUM—LADY'S SLIPPER

Pubescens—(Large Yellow Lady's Slipper). Very much like *Parvillorum*, only the flowers are larger. This should be planted in a rich bed in which leaf-mold should be a part, in some moist, yet well-drained, shady spot.

each 35c; per 10 \$3.25

Spectabile (Showy Lady's Slipper). The finest and most showy of all our orchids. It grows about two feet high, bearing along the stalk several rather large, roundish leaves, and on top one or two quite large, rose-purple or nearly white flowers.

each 35c; per 10 \$3.25



HARDY CHRYSANTHEMUM

DAHLIAS

The following varieties will add charm to your garden.

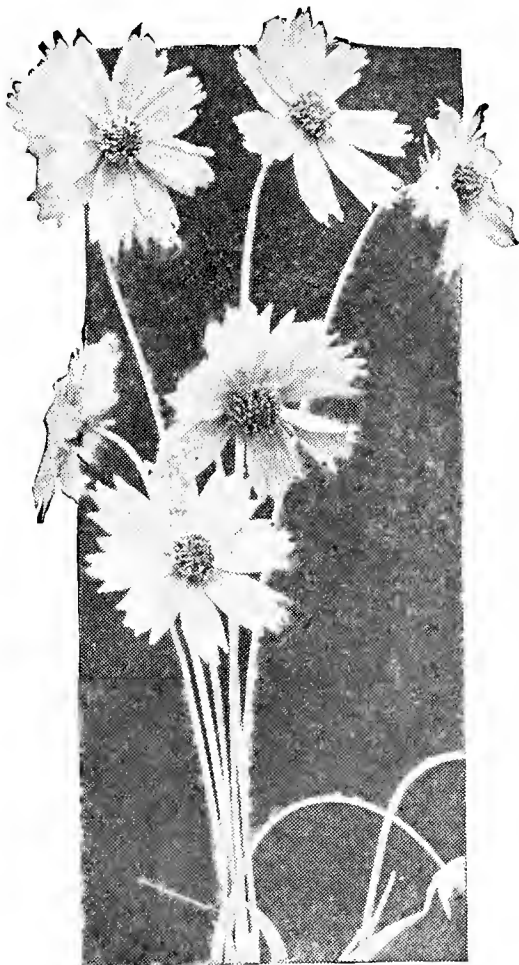
Elkridge (White)	\$1.00
Ida Perkins (White)	.75
Jane Cowl (Yellow)	.75
Jersey Beauty (Pink)	.50
Jersey Glory (Gold)	.50
Edna Ferber (Yellow)	1.00
Marmion (Yellow)	.75
Papillion (Peach)	.75
Mrs. Ide Warner (Purple)	.50
Judge Marean (Rose)	.75
Charm (Burnt Orange)	.50

DELPHINIUM—PERENNIAL LARKSPUR

- Few plants are so beautiful in the garden as the perennial Larkspur. They are valuable for their variety in height, the various species growing from 1 to 6 feet in height. They range in color from the palest lavender to the deep blue. They thrive in most any soil, but a good rich soil will repay with larger and better flowers. If you remove the flower before the seed pods form, they will flower again later in the season, but they will not be so tall and the flowers will be smaller.
- Belladonna Improved** (Cliveden Beauty). Larger flowered and a stronger grower than the original Belladonna.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Bellamosum**—This is a dark form of the light blue Belladonna with intensely rich, deep blue flowers. Heights 3 to 4 feet.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Blackmore & Langdon's Hybrids**—Direct from B & L., England. Considered the choicest hybrids in existence.
each 30c; per 10 \$2.75
- Chinese Blue**—2 feet. Pure blue in branching dwarf spikes. Very graceful for cutting.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Fiore's**—Mixed Hybrids.
each 30c; per 10 \$2.75
- Formosum**—3 feet. June-July. Deep blue, white eye, open spike.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Gold Medal Hybrids**—These seeds are specials, being saved from selected plants. Many are double flowered and they range in color from pale lavender to indigo-blue. 4-5 feet.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
- Iceberg**—48 in. The best white variety.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
- Millicent Blackmore Hybrids**.
each 30c; per 10 \$2.75
- Wrexham**—Hollyhock flowered strain in blue, white and pink combinations. Many are double and colors are superb. Named "Hollyhock" for height and immense blooms characteristic of this variety.
each 30c; per 10 \$2.75



DELPHINIUM—LARKSPUR



COREOPSIS—TICKSEED

WORTH WHILE DELPHINIUMS

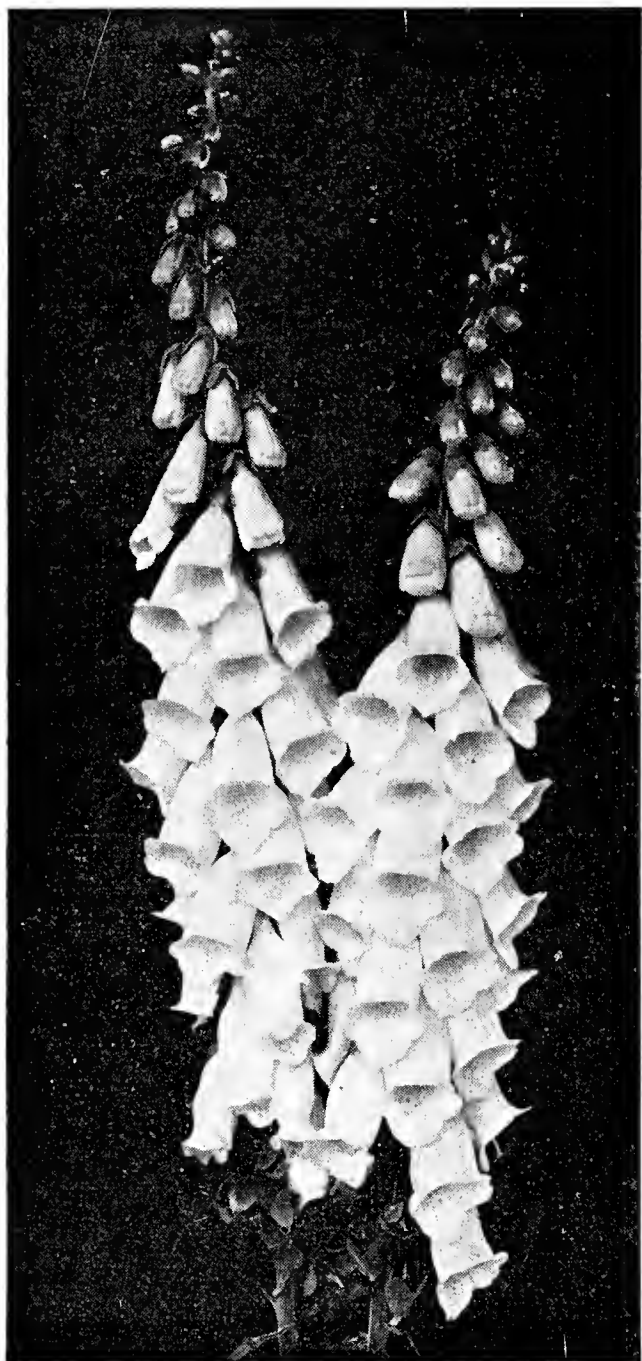
- Our world-renowned Delphiniums have been to the fore at all the leading flower shows.
- Blue Gown**—Brightest Ultramarine 6'.
Capri—Sky blue.
King of Delphiniums—Blue shaded plum.
Lady Augusta—Brilliant gentain 6'.
Lady Eleanor—Double pale blue.
Moerheimii—White.
Mrs. Foster Cunliffe—Double mauve.
Mrs. Newton Lees—Mauve and Pale blue.
Mrs. Shirley—Lilac.
Rose Marie—Rich deep violet.
The Alake—Rich purple.
Violet Robinson—Deep violet. each \$1.00; per 10 \$9.00

DIANTHUS (BARBATUS)—SWEET WILLIAM

- Sweet William look well in solid beds or masses and require a good rich, well manured soil to grow them to perfection. Excellent border plants and fine for cut flowers.
- Barbatus**. Single. Sweet William 2 ft.
Newport Pink—(Pink Beauty). Bright salmon-rose.
Purple Beauty—Bright deep purple.
Scarlet Beauty—Very bright color.
White. each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

DIANTHUS—HARDY GARDEN PINKS

- These very desirable sweet-scented, low-growing, early-blooming and free-flowering Hardy Garden Pinks are unequalled for rock gardens; for the old-fashioned gardens, and for the borders of beds and drives. They should be planted where they receive full sunlight and in good soil.
- Caesius** (Cliff Pink). 1 Ft. Flowers delicate rose pink. Fragrant. each 18c; per 10 \$1.50
- Deltoides**—(Maiden Pink). Delicate pink blossom carried above fine feathery foliage. Excellent for the rockery and as an edging plant. each 18c; per 10 \$1.50
- Plumarius**—Double Mixed. This variety is the old-fashioned fragrant garden pink. Fine for perennial border or rock work. each 18c; per 10 \$1.50
- Plumarius**—Single Mixed. each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

**DIGITALIS—FOX GLOVE****DICENTRA—DIELYTRA—BLEEDING HEART**

Exima—Plumy Dwarf type. 12 in. Racemes of pendant pink flowers borne above fine cut feathery foliage.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Spectabilis—An old-fashioned favorite. Its long racemes of graceful heart-shaped pink flowers are always attractive. It is used largely for forcing and is perfectly at home in any part of the hardy border and especially valuable for planting in the shade.

each 40c; per 10 \$3.50

DICTAMNUS—GAS PLANT

Fraxinella Alba—White variety.

Fraxinella Rubra. each 50c; per 10 \$4.50

DIGITALIS—FOXGLOVE

The Foxgloves, old-fashioned, dignified and stately, are wholesome company in any garden. The strong flower stalks rising from rich and luxuriant masses of leaves, always give an appearance of strength to the hardy border, and during their period of flowering in June, dominate the whole garden.

Gloxinaeflora—Purple.

Giant Primrose.

Rose.

White.

Shirley—mixed.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

DODECATHEON—SHOOTING STAR

Meadia—Native flower blooming in April and May. 1 ft. Flowers lilac. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

DORONICUM—LEOPARDBANE

Excelsum—15-18 inches. Early spring-flowering plants with golden yellow, daisy-like flowers.

each 30c; per 10 \$2.75

ECHINOPS—GLOBE THISTLE

Ritro—3 to 4 ft. Steel blue flowers.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

ELYMUS GLAUCUS—BLUE LYME GRASS

This is a handsome Grass, with narrow glaucous silvery foliage; well adapted for the border or the edge of beds containing taller sorts.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

EPIMEDIUM—BISHOP'S HAT

Sulphureum—A dwarf-growing plant suitable for a shady position in the rock garden or the edge of the border, with leathery, bronze foliage and panicles of small sulphur-yellow flowers in May.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

ERIGERON—FLEA BANE

Valuable Summer flowering plants with elegant single aster-like flowers, much prized for cutting.

Speciosus Grandiflorus—Large flowers, rich purple. 24 inches. June. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

ERYNGIUM—SEE HOLLY

Handsome ornamental plants for flowers and shrubbery borders. Flowers July to September. The leaves are prickly, flower heads are surrounded by spreading prickly floral bracts and the flower head itself is a small teazel. The flowers are very decorative in baskets when combined with Gladioli. The branches can be dried and the flowers used in winter bouquets.

Planum—Grows 2 to 3 feet. Small steel-blue globular flowers; graceful decorative plant. each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

EUPATORIUM—THOROUGH WORT

Strong growing border plants, suitable for cutting. They bear minute flowers in dense heads; ordinary garden soil suits them.

Coelestinum (Mist Flower). Blooms in September and October. Is of a light blue shade.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

EUPHORBIA—MILK WORT

Corolata (Flowering Spurge). A most showy and useful native plant, growing about 18 inches high and bearing from June to August, umbels of pure white flowers, with a small green eye.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Myrsinites—A pretty prostrate species. Bluish foliage with crowded heads of yellow flowers.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Polychroma—1 foot. April-May. Leaves oblong and dark green, floral leaves different shades of yellow at flowering time. Flowers bright yellow, changing to rosy bronze. Grows into fine compact bush.

each 35c; per 10 \$3.25

NATIVE FERNS

Woodland and swamp ferns indifferent to soil reaction or preferring circumneutral soil.

Adiantum

Pedatum (Maidenhair Fern). Highly desirable. 1 to 2 feet.

Athyrium

Felix-Femina (Upland Lady Fern). Attractive but spreads rapidly; 1-3 feet.

Cystopteris

Fragilis (Woodland Brittle Fern). A low delicate ground covering plant; attractive but fronds short-lived; 6-8 inches.

Dryopteris

Marginalis (Margined Wood Fern). Evergreen; fine for holding soil on slopes; one of the best ferns for home gardens; 1-2 feet.

Pteritis

Nodulosa (Ostrich Fern). Fronds brittle, so plant where sheltered from wind; 2-4 feet.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

FUNKIA—HOSTA; PLANTAIN LILY

The Plantain Lilies are among the easiest plants to manage; their broad, massive foliage makes them attractive subjects for the border even when not in bloom. They succeed equally well in the sun or shade.

Coerulea Lanceolata—Broad green leaves. Flowers from July to August. Color lilac. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Glaucia—A very fine Japanese species with large blue-gray leaves. It makes a fine specimen plant in the border and may also be used in the rock garden. each 50c; per 10 \$4.50

Robusta Elegans—A very robust grower, heavily margined variegated leaves of yellow and deep green foliage. Grows about 2 1/2 feet high. Blooms bluish-lavender. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Subcordata Grandiflora—White. each 30c; per 10 \$2.75

Variegated—Variegated foliage; bluish mauve flowers. A beautiful edging plant. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

GAILLARDIA—BLANKET FLOWER

Grandiflora—One of the showiest hardy plants, growing about 2 feet high and succeeding in any soil in a sunny position; beginning to flower in June, they continue the entire season. The large flowers are of gorgeous coloring. The center is dark red-brown, while the petals are marked with rings of brilliant crimson, orange and vermillion, and often a combination of all in one flower; excellent for cutting. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

GENTIANA—GENTIAN

Andrews (Bottle Gentian). One of the most fascinating native plants. The flowers, which are tightly closed, are borne at the tops of a stem from 6 to 8 inches long, and are an intense deep blue. Blooms best in moist, sunny places. July and October. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

GERANIUM—HARDY GERANIUM

Ibericum—Large bluish-violet flowers. 12 inch. June. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Sanguineum—10-12 inches; carmine; June-August. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

GEUM

Coccineum—Large double flowers of orange-red. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

GLOBULARIA—GLOBE DAISY

Trichosantha—Dark blue fluffy balls during summer. Shrubby plants for the hardy garden or rockery. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

**GYPSOPHILA—BABY'S BREATH****GYPSOPHILA—BABY'S BREATH**

The Gypsophilas will thrive in any soil in a sunny position, and on account of their gracefully arranged large panicles of minute flowers should be in every garden.

Bristol Fairy—Early double pure white large flowering perennial Baby's Breath. New form blooming early and producing second crop of spikes after first have been cut. each 35c; per 10 \$3.25

Paniculata—This is the favorite old-fashioned single flowering variety, a plant possessing a grace not often found in any other flower. When in bloom during July and August it forms a symmetrical mass 2 to 3 feet in height, and as much through, of minute pure white flowers, forming a beautiful gauze-like appearance. When cut it is exquisite in combination with other flowers. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Repens—An elegant trailing plant for the rockery, with clouds of small white flowers in July and August. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

HELENIUM—SNEEZEWORT

The Heleniums are tall autumnal plants which are closely related to the Sunflower. The blooming period is from June to the end of September and during this time the plants are covered with flowers of mahogany-crimson, coppery-bronze, lemon-yellow, and light and dark rich yellows. The flowers are flat and are borne in large heads of clusters.

Autumnale Rubrum—Grows 3 to 4 feet, during August and September it has flowers. Oxblood-red changing to terra cotta. Makes a wonderful display.

Riverton Beauty.

Riverton Gem—2 to 4 feet. Covered from August to October with brilliant old gold and splashes of darker shades, changing later to wallflower-red. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

HELIANTHEMUM—ROCK, or SUN ROSE

Mutabile—Low-growing evergreen plants forming large clumps, completely covered with bloom during July and August. Pale rose changing to lilac, then to white. 8 to 12 inches. Excellent for rockeries. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

HELIANTHUS—SUNFLOWER

Multiflorus Fl. Pl.—3-5 feet; like a double yellow Dahlia; Aug.-Sept. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

HELICHRYSUM

Lanatum—A tender perennial cultivated for its woolly stems and woolly leaves. It can be used as an edging in ribbon borders or as an ornament in lawn vases. Cream-white color. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

HELIOPSIS—ORANGE SUNFLOWER

A very brilliant border plant, resembling a double sunflower; flowers are double yellow; produced on long wiry stems; an excellent cut flower.

Pitcheriana—3-4 feet high. The flowers are of a beautiful deep golden yellow color about 2 inches in diameter; of very thick texture and blooms all Summer. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

HEMEROCALLIS—YELLOW DAY LILY

The Day Lillies are magnificent hardy plants and are undoubtedly among the finest plants for ordinary garden culture. The flowers are produced in spikes of from six to a dozen blooms, opening in succession, and many have a delightful fragrance.

Dr. Regel—Handsome rich and orange yellow flowers in May. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Flava (Lemon Lily). Sweet scented, clear full yellow. Grows 2 1/2 feet. Flowers in June. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Fulva (Brown Day Lily). Coppery orange, shaded crimson. 3 feet. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Thunbergi—Much like Flava, but flowers in July, a month later and 6 to 10 inches of the upper portion of the flower scapes are thickened and fattened. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

HEMEROCALLIS—(Continued)

Cinnabar (Stout). Fine delicate shade of brownish-red; sepals and petals strongly gold-glistening; outer half of petals sprinkled with rich fulvous red. Blooms spread 5" with as many as 18 flowers on one stem—July, August; 2½ to 3' **each \$3.00**

Mikado (Stout). Flowers rich orange with a large spot of mahogany-red in each petal. June, July. 3 ft. **each \$3.50**

Vesta (Stout). Deep orange flowers with a glistening gold sheen. Semi-dwarf habit with fine foliage. Flower-stems about 8" above the foliage level. Open flowers have spread of more than 4" and hold up well in hot weather. **each \$3.00**

Wau-Bun (Stout). Large flowers of light cadmium-yellow, slightly sprinkled with faint traces of fulvous red, abundantly gold glistening. Petals are large and broad, with ends slightly twisted, a pleasing characteristic found in no other Day-lily. June and July; 3 ft. **each \$3.00**

HEPATICA—LIVERLEAF

Acutiloba—3.5 inches; white; lavender; pink; April. **each 15c; per 10 \$1.20**

HESPERIS MATRONALIS

Sweet Rocket—Belongs to the Wall Flower family. Deliciously sweet-scented flowers for garden or cutting. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

HEUCHERA—CORALBELLS

Neat growing and graceful flowering perennials yielding an abundance of flowers suitable for cutting. Belong to Saxifrage order. They have roundish or heartshaped leaves, a thick woody root stock and bear their dainty flowers in graceful panicles or racemes. Exceptionally fine for rock gardens, for the front of borders and cut flowers.

Maxima—2 feet. July to August. Long stems of large crimson-pink flowers. Splendid for cutting. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

Sanguinea—2 feet. July-August. Long stems. Large crimson-scarlet flowers. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

HIBISCUS—ROSE MALLOW

Noble, shrub-like plants, with handsome green foliage, bearing throughout the Summer, large bright flowers, from 3 to 5 inches in diameter. Bloom during August and September. Very hardy.

Mallow Marvels, Red—Very choice. Beautiful red. **each 25c; per 10 \$2.25**
Mallow Marvels, Pink. .. **each 25c; per 10 \$2.25**
Mallow Marvels, White. **each 25c; per 10 \$2.25**

**HOLLYHOCK—DOUBLE****HIERACIUM—HAWKWEED**

Aurantiacum—Orange 12 inches. **each 18c; per 10 \$1.50**

Villosum (Shaggy Hawkweed). 12 inches in height. Blooms during July. Plant is covered with a white silkiness effective for its large golden yellow flowers and silvery foliage. Suitable for rock work. **each 18c; per 10 \$1.50**

HOLLYHOCK

One of the most charming of the biennials. They flower during August and September, and are very effective when used as a hedge or a background. The single varieties are more permanent than the double varieties, but both prove very hardy.

Double Yellow
Double Lilac
Double White
Newport Pink—Finest double pure pink.

Single Varieties

Pink
White
Rose
Yellow
Crimson
each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

HYPERICUM

Polyphyllum—Dwarf spreading habit, yellow flowers in abundance. **each 25c; per 10 \$2.25**

IBERIS—PERENNIAL CANDYTUFT

Dwarf evergreen plants, 6 to 10 inches. Covered with blooms in Spring and early Summer. Excellent for rockeries or borders where bright dwarf masses are wanted.

Sempervirens—Flowers form a sheet of whiteness. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

INCARVILLEA

Delavayi—Rose pink flower produced in large trusses on stiff 18 inch stems. **each 25c; per 10 \$2.25**

INULA—FLEABANE

Golden Beauty—Free flowering border plants with yellow flowers. **each 25c; per 10 \$2.25**

IRIS GERMANICA—GERMAN or FLAG IRIS

Most popular of all Irises; will thrive and bloom in any location and soil. They are sun-loving plants, and, like any other plant, respond to care. Although they may be planted in early Spring, the most favorable time to plant is during August and September, as that is their dormant season. If necessary, Irises may be planted up until frost, but some slight protection is needed then to keep them from heaving out of the ground by thawing.

Celeste—An open-shaped flower of delicate light color. The standards and falls are pale throughout; haft finely reticulated, dusky auricula-purple; beard white and conspicuous. Very vigorous. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

Duke of York—Soft mauve blue with heavy orange beard. **each 50c; per 10 \$4.50**

Edith—This variety is deep yellow splashed with purple. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

Flavescens—This has the most beautiful delicate yellow coloring. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

Her Majesty—The standards or upper petals are lovely rose-pink, the falls or lower petals are a deeper shade tinged with dark crimson. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

Honorabilis—The standards are golden, the falls a mahogany brown. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

Isoline—Round standards of pale pinkish buff, strongly flushed mauve; the sharply reflexed falls are Chinese violet with russet tints at the sides. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

Koche—Deep purple. Early. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

Majestic—Enormous rich red-purple flowers. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

Morning Splendor—48 in. S. petunia violet; F. rich raisin-purple. A beautiful red effect in the garden; delightfully fragrant. **each 35c; per 10 \$3.25**

Pallida Dalmatica—The upper petals are clear lavender blue, the lower petals are deep lavender. This is a very large and superb variety. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**



IRIS

IRIS GERMANICA—(Continued)

Princess Victoria Louise—Standards, sulphur yellow; falls, rich plum, bordered cream. 2 ft. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Sherwin Wright—This is a splendid golden yellow Iris without shading or markings. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

True Charm—White standards suffused with lavender; falls creamy white edged with lavender. each 35c; per 10 \$3.25

Rheingauperl—Exquisite soft pink, fragrant. each 50c; per 10 \$4.50

Souv. de Mme. Gaudichau—40 inches. This is the largest, darkest, and finest of the dark purples. One of the scarce varieties but yet reasonable enough for all to enjoy. Fragrant. each 50c; per 10 \$4.50

White Knight (Saunders). A cool, pure white. 20 inch. each 35c; per 10 \$3.25

IRIS KAEMPFERI—JAPANESE IRIS

A field of Japanese Iris is a most gorgeous sight. Seeing them for the first time one cannot withhold an exclamation of surprise and having once seen can never forget their striking beauty. The same rule applies to these Iris as to late planting, as to the German Iris.

Gekka-no-nami—Earliest. Has three white petals. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Koki-no-Iro (Purple and Gold). Enormous, double flowers often 10 inches across. Color, rich violet-purple with white petaloids tipped violet; a golden throat with bluish white rays. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Kumo-no-Obi (Band of Cloud). Lower and upper petals nearly the same size. Bright, clear purple, with distinct rays and halo of white surrounding the golden throat. White standards tinted purple. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Moniji-no-taki—Rosy crimson with fancy white variegation. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Patrocole—Single. Superb dark violet blue. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Uchiu—Six large petals. Crimson-purple, white veins, yellow center. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

DWARF IRISES

Some of the most interesting sorts of Irises are here listed and described. These are splendid for naturalizing and for large permanent plantings.

Cristata—A dainty native creeping species, only 3 inches in height; flowers rich amethyst-blue; a gem for the rock garden. Blooms in May. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Cyanea—Rich royal purple with black shading. Fragrant. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Excelsa—Pale lemon yellow. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Leopold—Bluish-purple with white beard. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Pumila—These little Pumila Irises do not grow over four inches high and bloom during May and even in April in certain places. They are fine for bordering flower beds or planting in front of taller Irises. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

DWARF IRISES—(Continued)

Siberica—Vigorous free-flowering Iris of the easiest culture; fine for the flower border, for naturalizing and for water-side planting. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Schneekuppe—Pure white. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

LAMIUM—DEAD NETTLE

Album—Rock plant with attractive white flowers. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Maculatum—Rock plant with purple-red flowers and variegated foliage. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS—HARDY PEA

Very decorative climbing vines of the Pea family, for growing on fences, trellis, etc., as floral screens and for cutting. Bloom all summer.

Pink Beauty—A pale pink variety. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

White Pearl—Large-flowering. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

LAVANDULA—LAVENDER

Vera—This is the true sweet lavender, grows about 18 inches high; delightfully fragrant. Blue flowers in July and August. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

LEONTOPODIUM—EDELWEISS

Alpinum—4-12 in. June-July. The flowers are of downy texture, pure silver-white and star-shaped. Requires a dry, sunny location with good drainage. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

LIATRIS—KANSAS GAY FEATHER

Liatris is a rather queer plant. It grows in long spikes 4 to 5 feet tall and is densely covered with slender grass-like leaves of a light green. The small flowers are light rosy-purple. A peculiar habit of the plant is that the flowers start at the top and bloom down, instead of starting at the bottom of the spike and blooming up.

Pycnostachya—One of the choicest and boldest species. Flowers purple in dense spikes. each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

Spicata (Button Snakeroot). Is native in Western and Southern states. Grows 2 to 3 feet high, blooms during July, August and September and has purple flowers. each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

LILIUM

Belamcanda Chinensis (Blackberry Lily). Flowers orange colored, spotted black on 24-inch stems. A lovely old-fashioned flower for the hardy border. July, August. each 30c; per 10 \$2.75

Candidum (Old Fashioned Madonna Lily). Blooming in late June or early July. Lovely planted with Delphinium. Medium each 35c; per 10 \$3.25 Large each 50c; per 10 \$4.50



REGAL LILY

LILIUM—(Continued)

Henryi—Orange yellow.
 Medium each 35c; per 10 \$3.25
 Large each 50c; per 10 \$4.50

Philippinense formosanum—A very graceful Lily, growing 2 to 3 feet high with grassy foliage and slender stem; flowers very long and trumpet-shaped, white with reddish brown shading on exterior, tips of petals elegantly recurving. Very fragrant.

Medium each 35c; per 10 \$3.25
 Large each 50c; per 10 \$4.50

Our own improved strain.

Medium each 75c; per 10 \$7.00
 Large each 1.00; per 10 \$9.00

Regale (The Regal Lily). Hardy and excellent for forcing. The flowers are white slightly touched with pink and having a center of beautiful canary-yellow. Delightfully perfumed.

Medium each 35c; per 10 \$3.25
 Large each 50c; per 10 \$4.50

Rubrum or Roseum—Pink.

Medium each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
 Large each 40c; per 10 \$3.75

Speciosum Album—Beautiful Snow-white flowers with a golden stripe through the center of each petal, and anthers of a coppery cast.

Medium each 35c; per 10 \$3.25
 Large each 50c; per 10 \$4.50

Tenuifolium (Coral Lily of Siberia). It is a gem, perfectly hardy. One of the earliest to flower. 24 in. high with the flowers up and down on stem. Blooms are deep scarlet and have recurled petals of waxy texture.

Medium each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
 Large each 40c; per 10 \$3.75

LILY OF THE VALLEY—CONVALLARIA MAJALIS

For outdoor planting, clumps are best to plant. They do best in a shady, moist place. We especially recommend the clumps, as they give a quicker and better effect at less cost. Clumps. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

LINARIA—TOAD FLAX

Dalmatica Macedonica—12 to 18 inches, with yellow flower. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

LINUM—FLAX

Flavum—Yellow. Fine variety with transparent, yellow blossoms. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Perenne Blue—May-Aug. 2 ft. Has dainty sky-blue flowers on graceful arching stems. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

LOBELIA

Cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). Handsome border plants. Rich fiery cardinal flowers, strong plants, often producing 10 to 18 spikes, 24 to 30 inches long. Thriving in any ordinary garden soil, but preferring a moist, deep loam, where they will not suffer from drought. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Syphilitica—24 to 30 inches. Often producing 4 to 6 spikes of blue flowers. Streaked with white. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

LUPINUS—POLYPHYLLUS

Most beautiful hardy border plants producing tufts of soft green foliage from which arise spikes of stately flowers. Do not disturb the plants after they are once established.

Albus—Large, pure white spikes. 2-3 ft.

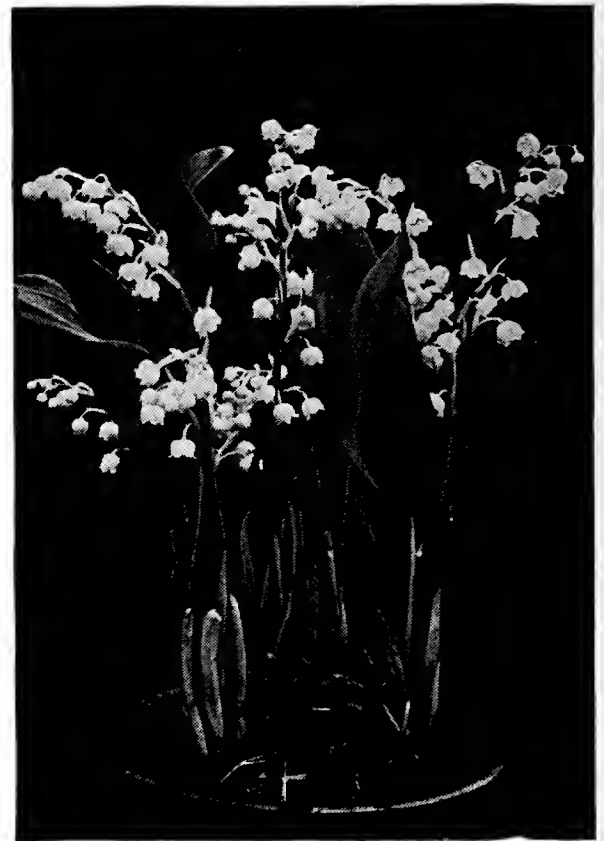
Blue—Grows 3 feet. Beautiful blue flowers.

Chocolate Soldier—Yellow, to chocolate.

Luteus—Yellow shades.

Moerheimi Pink—Compact growing with rose and white flowers.

Roseus—4 feet. Light and dark rose flowers. Long stems. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

**LILY OF THE VALLEY****LYCHNIS—LAMP FLOWER**

A fine old-fashioned flower, bearing large heads of brilliantly colored flowers, that liven up the border during Summer and early Autumn.

Alpine—4 inches. April. Close tufts of olive green foliage. Clusters of rose-colored flowers. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Chalcedonica (Jerusalem Cross). 3 feet. June-August. Burning star. Flowers which are of the most fiery red imaginable appear in clusters, each individual blossom forming a maltese cross. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Chalcedonica Alba—Same as above except white. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Haageana Hybrids—1 foot. June and July. Mixed colors ranging from nearly white to bright scarlet. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Viscaria Splendens—1½ feet. Makes large clumps of almost evergreen foliage. Its flowers are bright rose; useful for cut flowers. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

LYSIMACHIA

Nummularia (Moneywort). Creeping Jenny, an exceptionally good, nearly evergreen, ground cover for the rock garden. In the Spring it is covered with bright yellow flowers which continue at intervals all Summer. The foliage is a bright shiny, light green that is attractive the entire year. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Clethroides—Long, recurved spikes, 2 feet long, of pure white flowers, from June to September. A desirable variety. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

LYTHRUM

Roseum Superbum—4 feet. July-September. A native perennial, good for massing. Flowers rosy lilac produced on long slender spikes. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

MATRICARIA—FEVERFEW

Capensis—The hardy white Feverfew, Marguerite-like foliage with clusters of double pom pom flowers; from June to October. One of the best all season cut flowers. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

MERTENSIA—BLUE BELLS or VIRGINIA COWSLIP

Virginica—18 inches. May to June. Light blue. The flowers are reddish purple when in bud, as the flowers open they change to a lovely gentian-blue. They hang in drooping, nodding, graceful clusters and individual flowers are funnel-shaped. Moist soil in a shady location. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

MONARDA—BERGAMOT or BEE BALM

Didyma—June to September. Brilliant scarlet, 3 feet. Fine for naturalizing in woods and shrubbery; bearing large beautiful flowers. Grows in all places and soils.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

MYOSOTIS—FORGET-ME-NOT

The true Forget-me-not, a lovely dwarf plant for damp places, spreading rapidly and carpeting the ground. Makes excellent edgings and carpetings for beds or borders of perennial plants.

Palustris—This is the true Swamp Forget-me-not.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

NEPETA—MAUVE CATNIP

Glechoma—Neat bushes of small lavender-like foliage covered with terminal spikes of blue flowers, both foliage and flowers aromatic. Very useful for beds edging and rock gardens.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Mussini—May to September. Lavender. 1 foot.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

NIEREMBERGIA

Rivularis (White Cup). 4 in. May-Sept. Dwarf, creeping rock plant bearing cup-shaped white flowers all summer.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

OENOTHERA—EVENING PRIMROSE

Fruticosa Major—Light yellow.

Missouriensis—1 ft. Long trailing stems with large yellow flowers followed by large winged seed.

Speciosa—White.

Youngii—Deep golden yellow flowers with reddish stems. These flowers are showy, beautiful plants for borders, beds, etc. Flowers from June to October.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

PAPAVER ORIENTALE—ORIENTAL POPPY

These are the regal representatives of this popular genus, growing 3 to 3½ feet high, and far surpassing in splendor of bloom all the annual and biennial kinds and for a gorgeous display of rich and brilliant coloring nothing equals them during their period of flowering in May and June.

**PAPAVER—POPPY****LYCHNIS—LAMP FLOWER****PAPAVER—(Continued)**

Oriental Red—Very striking color. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
Mrs. Perry's—Pink. each 30c; per 10 \$2.75
Mrs. Perry's—White. each 30c; per 10 \$2.75

PAPAVER NUDICAULE—ICELAND POPPIES

The plant is of neat habit, forming a tuft of bright green fern-like foliage, from which spring, throughout the entire season a profusion of slender leafless stems 1 foot high, each graced with charming cup-shaped flowers.

Alpine Mixed—6 inches. A charming miniature poppy with brilliantly colored flowers including white, pink, apricot, yellow or orange-scarlet. Useful for rockeries.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Gibson's Giant—Extra large orange flowers.

Tangerine.

White—Lovely well-formed flowers with paper-white petals.

Yellow—This is a particularly attractive shade of bright yellow.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

PACHYSANDRA

Terminalis—Attractive Evergreen Vine and ground cover. It is not a clinging vine or one which will cover a wall, but is suitable for use as a low border where it serves a very satisfactory purpose, or as an underplanting to trees and shrubs. 4" to 6".

per 100 \$6.00; per 1000 \$50.00

PENTSTEMON—BEARD TONGUE

Most useful showy perennials, either for the border or rockery; flowering throughout the Summer months.

Barbatus Torreyi (Chelone Barbata). July and August.
Coral red. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
Blue Gem. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
Glabia (Scarlet). each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Grandiflorus—One of the showiest, with thick, leathery leaves at base of stem and long, one-side spikes of large, showy, lilac or purple flowers. Very desirable cut flowers, flowering in May and June. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Laevigatus. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

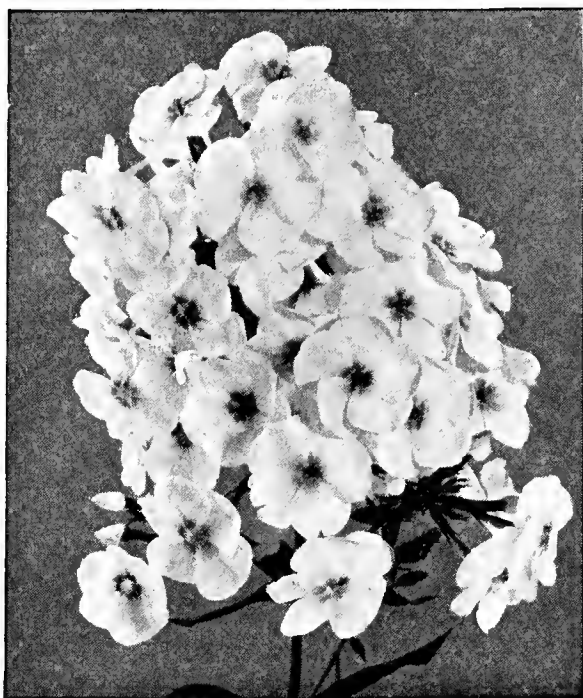
Pink Bedder. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Pygnaeus. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

PHALARIS—GRASS

Arundinacea Variegata (Variegated Ribbon Grass). Large variegated foliage, an excellent grass for bordering large beds. Grows from 12 to 15 inches in height.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25



PHLOX—LILIAN

HARDY PHLOX

This is one of the most useful flowers for Summer decorations, the colors varying from pure white to deep crimson. They succeed in any soil, but to obtain the best results it is wise to manure the soil well and give them a fairly open situation, and an occasional soaking of water during very dry weather. Once planted they require no attention for several years, but it is advisable to renew them about every fifth year.

Phlox flower from the early part of July to the middle of September and they grow to the heights varying from 1 to 3 and even 4 feet. If the first flower spikes are cut off as soon as over, and the plants are given a good soaking, a second crop of bloom extending till late in the Fall may be expected.

- Baron Von Dedem**—Brilliant orange-red. 24 in.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Beacon**—A very fine brilliant bright cherry-red phlox. Tall.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Bridesmaid**—Pure white with large crimson eyes.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Brilliant**—Red.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- F. A. Buchner**—A pure white variety, growing about 2½ to 3 feet high.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Champs Elysees.**
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Border Queen.**
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Columbia**—Gives new cameo-pink color, remindful of Elizabeth Campbell but more delicate and richer, with an exquisite distinguishment in the eye which is light blue. Cut blooms last over a week in water. Columbia's lateral branching habit continues the blooming season longer than any rival. Plant growth strong and expansive, apparently immune against disease. Plant Patent No. 118.
each 50c; per 10 \$4.50
- Eclairer**—Brilliant rosy carmine with large, lighter halo.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Elizabeth Campbell**—Light salmon-pink with lighter shadings and dark red eye; one of the handsomest and most attractive.
each 30c; per 10 \$2.75
- Enchantress**—An improved Elizabeth Campbell. Brighter, richer, salmon-pink.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Europa**—White, with crimson red band.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Evelyn**—Pink.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- General Von Heutz**—Salmon red.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Imperator**—A new phlox. Brilliant dark carmine with darker eye. The improved Boule de Feu
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Iris Lavender**—Very fragrant.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Jeanne D'Arc**—Pure white. 42 in.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Jules Sandeau**—Dwarf; very large-flowering watermelon-pink.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
- Lavender Beauty.**
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- LeMahdi**—Immense dark purple flowers, medium height. Has a tendency to bleach in strong sun.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

HARDY PHLOX—(Continued)

Lilian—A new phlox, lovely pure pink without any trace of magenta or rose, vastly superior to Elizabeth Campbell in color and habit of growth. The florets are large, the flower heads of good size and borne in remarkable profusion. We recommend them highly to phlox lovers.

- Louis Canna**—Salmon pink.
each 50c; per 10 \$4.50
- H. B. May**—Pink.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
- Milly Von Hoboken**—Fine clear pink, without an eye. Large flower. 36 in.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Miss Lingard—Pure white; the earliest of all phlox. Blooms all Summer; good for cut flowers.

- each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Mrs. Ethel Pritchard**—Beautiful lavender or rose-mauve; very distinct.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Mrs. Jenkins—A very free-flowering early variety of medium height producing immense panicles of pure white flowers.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Mrs. Greenles—White with reddish purple eye.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Painted Lady (Tall). This delicate colored sort is one of the most pleasing in our entire collection. Strong upright growth and large masses of flower heads. Silver pink with salmon shadings and cherry red eye.

- each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Rheinlander**—A rare shade of salmon-pink intensified by a distinct claret-red eye. Flowers and truss of unusual size.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Riverton Jewel—A lovely mauve-rose illuminated by a brilliant carmine-red eye.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

R. P. Struthers—Rosy carmine shaded orange-scarlet.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Special French—Beautiful bluish-pink with a salmon eye. Enormous flowers and trusses similar to Hydrangeas. Strong, tall grower. One of the very best.

- each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
- Spring Beauty**—Same as Miss Lingard only pink.
each 30c; per 10 \$2.75

Thor—A lovely shade of deep salmon-pink suffused and overlaid with a scarlet glow. A splendid variety. Late with tall vigorous growth.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Von Hochberg—Brilliant blood-red. Large individual flowers.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Von Lassburg—Pure white. 28 in.

- each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Wanadis**—Lilac with violet-red eye.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Widar—Violet-blue with a pure white eye. Fine large flowers.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

ALPINE PHLOX

These are remarkable for their dense prostrate habit and mass of bloom in Spring and early Summer. Used for the front of borders, on graves and in rock gardens.

Amoena—This belongs to the dwarf or creeping varieties. It is fine for carpeting the ground; rich, bright flowers of pink in early Spring. 6 inches.

- each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
- Divaricata**—Wild Sweet scented.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

PHLOX SUBULATA—MOSS or MOUNTAIN PINK

Subulata Alba—Dainty white flowers in May and June. 10 to 12 inches.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Subulata Apple Blossom—Dwarf, compact grower, covered with a profusion of apple blossom pink flowers. Will not over-run the rockery.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Atropurpurea—The same habit of growth as the well known Phlox Subulata Rosea. The flowers of this variety are a deep carmine-red making a most brilliant display.

- each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
- Subulata (Blue hill).**
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Fairy—Pale blue with dark purple eye; a beautiful little rock plant. Same habit as Vivid. Slow growing, neat in habit, with compact foliage, not spreading like Lilacina.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Subulata Lilacina—Light lilac in flower.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Subulata Rosea—Has dainty pink flowers.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Subulata Vivid—Bright pink with fiery red eye.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25



PLATYCODON

PHYSOSTEGIA—FALSE DRAGON HEAD

Grows 3 to 4 feet high. Extremely beautiful with spikes of rosy pink, lilac or white flowers, which are tube-shaped similar to a tiny Antirrhinum blossom. The buds and flowers grow on the stem as if growing four sides of a square; very attractive foliage surrounding the graceful spikes. Flowers in August.

Virginica—Dense bushes with spikes of delicate lavender tubular flowers. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Virginica Vivid—Very deep pink flower, heavy bloomer. The very best. Dwarf. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

PLATYCODON—BALLOON FLOWER or JAPANESE BELL FLOWER

The Platycodons are closely allied to the Campanula and form neat branched bushes of upright habit, 2 to 2 1/2 feet high, producing their attractive blue flowers or white flowers from July to October.

Grandiflorum—1 to 2 feet. Large, handsome, deep blue flowers. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Grandiflorum Alba. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Mariesii Blue—1 foot. Deep blue flowers, dwarf habit. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Grandiflora Praecox Gigantea—Blue. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

PLUMBAGO—LEAD WORT

Larpenae—One of the finest and most desirable border and rock plants; it is of dwarf, spreading habit, growing 6 to 8 inches high; covered with deep blue flowers during the Summer and Fall months.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

POLEMONIUM—JACOB'S LADDER

A very recommendable plant on account of its neat habits. The foliage is very pretty. It comes early in the Spring and stays neat and bright green until late in the Fall.

Coeruleum Prima Donna—Is a delicate blue shade. This variety is dwarf growing to about 1 1/2 feet in height.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Reptans—8 to 10 inches. April-June. Dwarf bushy plant of graceful growth. Showy blue flowers.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Richardsoni—Has sky blue flowers with golden anthers. Blooms during June and July.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

POTENTILLA

Salmon Beauty—Miss Wilmott. Very free flowering.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Dwarf Leander—Beautiful free flowering, rose color with red center variety.

each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

HARDY PRIMULUS—PRIMROSES

These are among the most beautiful and interesting of our early Spring flowers. Plant them in rich, well-drained soil in the border or in a sheltered nook in the rocky.

Auricula—6 in. Flowers in early spring in color of yellow, brown and red. The true Alpine species.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Rosea Grandiflora—8 in. Rose carmine. May-June.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Vulgaris—The true old English Primrose with pale yellow flowers.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

PRIMULA VERIS ELATIOR or POLYANTHUS PRIMROSE

Munstead Exhibition Yellow—A beautiful strain of large-flowered, yellow shaded, bunch Primroses; most desired by those who love the Primrose.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Munstead Giant—A good mixture of the Munstead varieties.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Veris Blue-flowered. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Veris Lutea—Yellow. 12 inches. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25



ROCK GARDEN PLANTING

PULMONARIA—LUNGWORT

Angustifolia Azurea—A lovely early blue Spring flower. Dwarf flowers. When the flowers are through blooming the plant has beautifully marked foliage.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Saccharata Maculata—A beautiful plant, rivaling in the markings of its foliage many of the choicest hot-house plants; of easy culture. Foliage deep green, handsomely mottled with a silvery grey, and terminal 1 foot high spikes of pink flowers, changing to blue. Bloom during May and June.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

PYRETHRUM—PAINTED DAISY

This grand old-fashioned Hardy Perennial is easy to grow in any good garden soil where there is good drainage and full exposure to the sun. They prefer to be left undisturbed for two or three years and if given an annual top dressing of well-rotted manure, flower generously. Their main season of blooming is in June, but if the first crop of flowers is removed as soon as finished, they will give a fair sprinkling of flowers during the Summer and Autumn months. The fine fern-like foliage of the plants is attractive at all times.

Atro-Sanguineum—Blood red. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
Beauty of Stapleford—Single Hybrids. Rich pink. 2 ft. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
Florence Shadley—Double pale pink. each 35c; per 10 \$3.25
General French—Single Hybrid. Rich red. 2 ft. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
Hybridum—Double mixed. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
Lord Rosebury—Double crimson. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
Parmicaflorum—Silvery white 6". each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
Roseum—Rose. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80
Uliginosum—4 ft. Large giant. Daisy-like white flowers in Fall. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25
Viscount Cardwell—Double pink. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

RANUNCULUS—BUTTERCUP

Well-known double yellow buttercup, effective either as a cut flower or grouped in the hardy borders.

Acris Flore Pleno—A double yellow, upright growing Buttercup-like plant. Can be planted in wet places. Blooms in May and June. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

RUDBECKIA—CONE FLOWER

Purpurea—Flowers about 4 inches across, of a peculiar reddish purple with a remarkably large cone-shaped center of brown forms bushy plants 3 feet high, and blooms from July to October. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

SALVIA—MEADOW SAGE

Showy, hardy plants of medium growth and of easy cultivation in sunny borders. The flowers are borne in spikes, racemes or panicles, and very attractive during the Summer months. Belongs to the Sage order.

Argentea—3 feet. June. Silvery white foliage, pyramids of yellow flowers. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Azurea Grandiflora—4 feet. September and October. Stately willow-like growth, spikes of pale blue flowers in great profusion. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Pratensis—2 feet. A dark blue perennial variety. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

SANTOLINA—LAVENDER COTTON

Chamaecyparissus (Incana). A sweet-smelling, dwarf, evergreen perennial, with delicate, silver-white foliage, useful as rock or border plants; also largely used for edgings to flower beds or walks. 1 foot. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

SAPONARIA

Ocymoides Splendens—6 inches. A showy dwarf trailing plant, producing a sheet of vivid crimson flowers. June-August. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

SAXIFRAGA—MEGASEA—ROCK-FOIL

Cordifolia—These will thrive in any kind of soil and in any position. Grow about 1 foot high, and are admirable for the front of the border or shrubbery, forming masses of handsome, broad, deep green foliage, which alone renders them useful; flowers appear very early in the Spring. Fine among rocks or ledges.

Cordifolia Splendens—Vivid rose.

Crassifolia—A showy spreading plant with drooping masses of pink flowers, high above the clustered leaves. Fine rock plant. It blooms luxuriantly throughout the Spring months. April to June. 1 foot.

Lingulata Leichtlini—30 inches. Bright red rock garden subject.

Purpurea—30 inches. Purple flowers, very showy. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

SCABIOSA—PINCUSHION

Handsome border plants, succeeding in any ordinary soil if well drained and in a sunny location, and should be grown in every garden where cut flowers are wanted; they last a long time when picked and placed in water.

Caucasica Perfecta—Light blue flowers fringed on long stem; fine for cutting. 18 inches. June to October. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Caucasica—Miss Wilmott. Largest white. each 35c; per 10 \$3.25

House's New Giant Hybrids—18 inches. June-Oct. Shades of blue and lavender. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

SCUTELLARIA—SKULL CAP

Coelestina—Pretty blue Siberian Rock plant. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

SEDUM—STONE CROP

Fine plants for the rock garden. A genus of plants with more or less fleshy leaves belonging to the Houseleek order. The species vary in habit from dwarf creeping plants to those of large growth as the Spectable, grows upwards of 2 feet high. Some, too, are of evergreen and others of deciduous growth. The dwarf kinds do well as edgings to borders and the others are suitable for grouping in the mixed border. They are the easiest of all plants to grow.

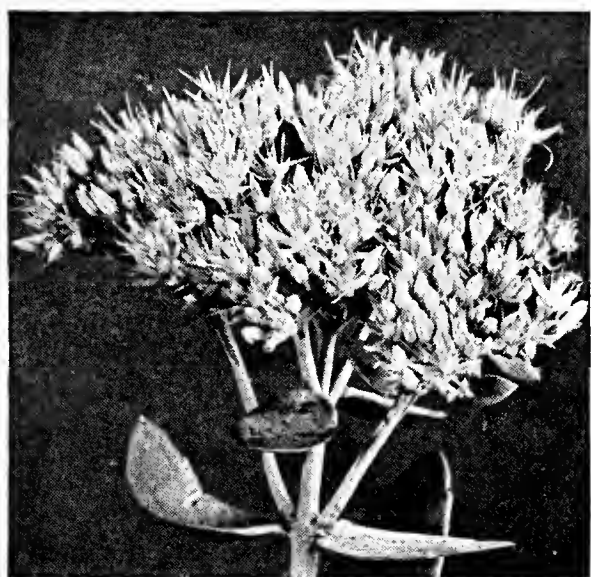
DWARF VARIETIES

Acre (Golden Moss). Much used for covering graves; foliage green; flowers bright yellow. each 18c; per 10 \$1.50

Acre Minus—A minute form of acre seldom over an inch high. Fine ground cover and wall plant. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25



SCABIOSA



SEDUM

SEDUM—(Continued)

- | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------|--------|
| Album | Micranthum Chloroticum. | each 25c; per 10 | \$2.25 |
| Aldum —Dwarf and spreading; thick, waxy round foliage, white flowers; good rock plant. | | each 18c; per 10 | \$1.50 |
| Altissimum —Thick, gray leaves on 6 to 8-inch stems. Greenish yellow flowers in July and August. | | each 25c; per 10 | \$2.25 |
| Anglicum Minus —A very miniature form of <i>Anglicum</i> no more than half an inch high. Fat, little green leaves on thread-like stems, taking on lovely shades of red in Fall. Flowers whitish in June. One of the finest of the tiny sedums. | | each 35c; per 10 | \$3.25 |
| Anopetalum —About midway between <i>Altissimum</i> and <i>Rup-estre</i> . Green leaves turning reddish in fall and pale yellow flowers in July. | | each 25c; per 10 | \$2.25 |
| Anopetalum Elegans. | | each 25c; per 10 | \$2.25 |
| Dasyphyllum —Blue-gray cushions two inches thick and pinkish stars in summer. | | each 25c; per 10 | \$2.25 |
| Divergens —Green, tinted red, beads on red stems. Deep yellow flowers. 4 to 5 inches. A fine native sedum. | | each 25c; per 10 | \$2.25 |
| Hispanicum —2 inch mossy growth with grayish blue foliage. | | each 20c; per 10 | \$1.80 |
| Hybridum —Evergreen creeper about midway between <i>mid-dendorfianum</i> and <i>kamschaticum</i> . Yellow flowers in Spring and Fall. One of the finest sedums for Winter and Spring effect when the foliage takes on brilliant colors. | | each 25c; per 10 | \$2.25 |
| Kamschaticum Variegated —Typical <i>kamschaticum</i> with leaves margined yellowish white. Handsome. | | each 25c; per 10 | \$2.25 |
| Lydium —Two-inch cushions of bright green foliage that turns red in autumn. Flowers pink in June and July. | | each 20c; per 10 | \$1.80 |
| Middendorffianum —This is the very narrow-leaved form which <i>Praeger</i> makes the type. Contrary to him, the species varies not a little, especially in leaf. This is the most ornamental form known here. | | each 25c; per 10 | \$2.25 |
| Pruniatum Forsterianum —Pretty glaucous, bluish green leaves of trailing habit with golden yellow flowers; 3 in. high. | | each 20c; per 10 | \$1.80 |
| Reflexum. | | each 18c; per 10 | \$1.50 |
| Rupestre —Gray-green, linear leaves taking on lovely shades of red and orange in Fall and Winter. 6 to 8 inches. | | each 20c; per 10 | \$1.80 |
| Sarmentosum —Excellent dwarf variety for rockeries or border edgings. The best Sedum for filling seams between rocks in wall garden. Rapid grower. Yellow—July. 2 in. | | each 20c; per 10 | \$1.80 |
| Sexangulare —Yellow flowers. | | each 20c; per 10 | \$1.80 |
| Sieboldii —Bright pink flowers. Aug. and Sept. | | each 20c; per 10 | \$1.80 |
| Spurium Coccineum —A beautiful rosy crimson flowered form. July and August. 6 inches. | | each 20c; per 10 | \$1.80 |

SEDUM—(Continued)

ERECT-GROWING VARIETIES

- Maximum**—Grows about 1½ feet. **each 25c; per 10 \$2.25**
- Spectabile**—One of the prettiest erect-growing species, attaining a height of two feet, with broad, light green foliage and immense heads of handsome, showy, rose colored flowers; indispensable as a late fall-blooming plant. **each 25c; per 10 \$2.25**
- Spectabile Brilliant**—A rich colored form of the preceding, being a bright amaranth-red. **each 25c; per 10 \$2.25**

SEMPERVIVUM—HEN and CHICK

Sempervivums are mostly hardy perennials and stemless, and increase by rosettes which are sent out from the parent plant, thereby suggesting the popular name "hen-and-chickens." The leaves are thick, short, and succulent. The flowers, which are borne in paniced cymes, are mostly yellow, greenish yellow, or some shade of rose or purple, rarely white. The individual flowers are larger than those of sedum, but the clusters are less showy.

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| Arachnoideum. | Fauconati. | |
| Assimile. | Fimbriatum. | |
| Globiferum. | Potsi. | |
| Old Fashioned. | Tectorum. | |
| Colcraeum. | | |
| | each 18c: | per 10 \$1.50 |

SENECIO—GROUNDSEL

- Clivorum**—Forms a neat tuft of foliage, from which spring up from July to October a succession of 3-foot stems, with clusters of orange-yellow flowers.

SIDALCEA—GREEK MALLOW

Graceful, hardy perennials with Hollyhock-like flowers borne on slender spikes. Suitable for sunny borders. The Genus belongs to the Mallow order.

- Rose Queen**—2 to 3 feet. July-August. Beautiful rose-pink flowers. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

SILENE—CATCHFLY

A charming class of plants for the rock garden. They are closely allied to the Pink family and require much the same treatment. They bloom nearly all Summer and are a very desirable addition to the rockery.

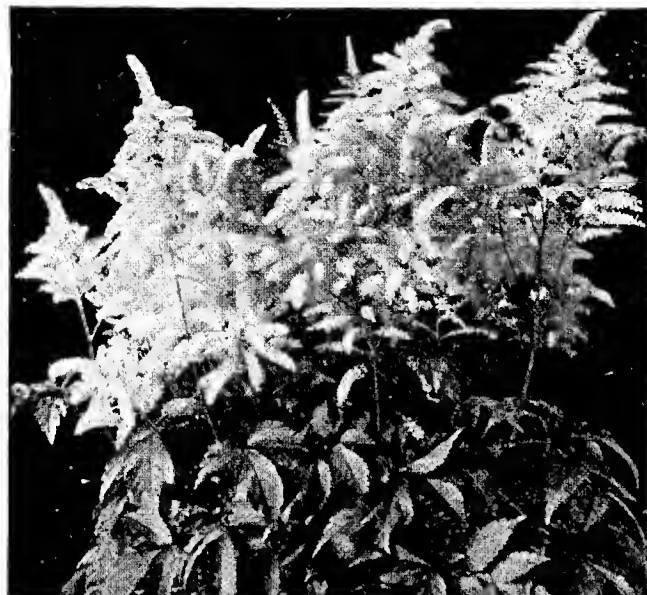
- Mixed**—Rose, pink, and white flowers, 4 to 6 inches.
each 18c; per 10 \$1.50
- Schafta**—A charming border or rock plant, growing from
4 to 6 inches high with masses of bright pink flowers from
July to October.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

SPERGULA

- Pilifera**—4 inch. A hardy evergreen suitable for grass edging or rock-work. **each 20c; per 10 \$1.80**

SPIREA ASTILBE

Hybrid varieties of very vigorous growth, producing many branched feathery heads of flowers in June and July. They prefer a half-shady moist position in any ordinary garden soil.



STINEA ADALDE



VERBENA

SPIREA—(Continued)

Varieties for Forcing and Outdoor Planting.

America —Beautiful violet-blue.	each 35c;	per 10 \$3.25
Ceres —Red.	each 35c;	per 10 \$3.25
Davidii —Bright rose pink.	each 35c;	per 10 \$3.25
Gloria —Beautiful deep crimson.	each 35c;	per 10 \$3.25
Gladstone —18 inches. June and July. A fine variety. Immense trusses of flowers are as white as snow, borne on erect strong stalk; best white for forcing.	each 35c;	per 10 \$3.25
Peach Blossom —Is of a delicate light pink.	each 35c;	per 10 \$3.25
Queen Alexandra —Light pink; good for forcing.	each 35c;	per 10 \$3.25

SPIREA—MEADOW SWEET

This is an elegant border plant, with feathery plumes of flowers and neat, attractive foliage; succeeds in all locations.

Filipendula (Flora pleno White).	each 35c;	per 10 \$3.25
Ulmaria —The well-known double Meadow Sweet. Creamy white flowers.	each 35c;	per 10 \$3.25

STACHYS—LAMB'S EARS

Lanata —1 to 1½ feet. Grown for the beauty of the effect of its dwarf white wooly foliage; the flowers spikes should be removed.	each 20c;	per 10 \$1.80
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STATICE—SEA LAVENDER

They are stemless, the leaves springing direct from the root stock and the flower stems are more or less twiggy, bearing their small flowers in much-branched panicles. The flowers are useful for drying for Winter use.

Incana Alba —White, growing about 1 foot, excellent for the rock garden.	each 25c;	per 10 \$2.25
Latifolia —This is the best known of all the Statice, an excellent perennial, that is sometimes called pink "Baby's Breath."	each 25c;	per 10 \$2.25
Tatarica —White. Useful for drying.	each 25c;	per 10 \$2.25

STOKESIA—CORNFLOWER ASTER

Very handsome perennials with flowers that appear to be a cross between a china aster and a giant corn-flower.

Cyanea —18 inches. July to October. Flowers rich blue, very distinct.	each 20c;	per 10 \$1.80
Cyanea Alba —White variety of the above.	each 20c;	per 10 \$1.80

TANSY

Tanacetum Vulgare —Yellow.	each 20c;	per 10 \$1.80
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THALICTRUM—MEADOW RUE

The foliage is very finely divided like that of the Maiden hair fern or columbine and is useful in making bouquets. The flowers are borne in feathery clusters. Easy of cultivation.

Adiantifolium —9 in. June-July. Light plumes of small whitish flowers.	each 25c;	per 10 \$2.25
Aquilegifolium —(Feathered Columbine). Handsome foliage; sepals white, stamens purple. Grows 3 feet.	each 25c;	per 10 \$2.25
Flavum —Common yellow variety. 2-4 feet. Flowers in June.	each 25c;	per 10 \$2.25
Glaucum —Fine cut glaucous foliage. Bronze-yellow flowers in June. 2 ft.	each 25c;	per 10 \$2.25

THYMUS—MOUNTAIN THYME

Citriodora —(Lemon thyme).	each 25c;	per 10 \$2.25
Serpyllum —The charming Mountain Thymus makes a perfect, close, fragrant carpet on hot, dry, sunny banks where grass is difficult to establish. They are a sheet of blossom in June and July. Purple.	each 20c;	per 10 \$1.80

TRADESCANTIA

Virginiana (Spiderwort). Long grass-like leaves and blue or violet flowers.	each 20c;	per 10 \$1.80
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TRITOMA—RED HOT POKER

Hybrida —Attractive scarlet and orange-red spikes in July and August.	each 25c;	per 10 \$2.25
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TROLLIUS—GLOBE FLOWER

Trollius are grown for the beauty of their globular flowers and show of dark green leaves. They are suited to wet sunken gardens, wild borders, and edges of water-gardens, although in a good garden soil not lacking in moisture they do well.

Asiaticus Salamander —Large, open flower, orange.
Earliest of all —Early and free-flowering, light orange yellow.
Europeaus —Lemon-yellow.
Gold Quelle —Large globe flowers of a fine yellow orange color.
Ledibouri —Prolongs blooming season with orange-yellow flowers.
Meteor —Deep orange.

Orange Prince —A very vigorous variety with unusually large flowers of a rich golden orange color. It flowers profusely both in the early Summer and in Autumn. Does best in a deep rich soil with ample moisture. Beautiful planted in bold clumps by the waterside.	each 25c;	per 10 \$2.25
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TUNICA

Saxifraga —A pretty tufted plant with light pink flowers, produced all summer. Useful either for the rockery or the border.	each 20c;	per 10 \$1.80
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VALERIANA—GARDEN HELIOTROPE

Coccinea —Showy heads of rose flowers.	each 20c;	per 10 \$1.80
Coccinea Alba —White form of above.	each 20c;	per 10 \$1.80
Officinalis (Hardy Garden Heliotrope). Produces showy heads of rose tinted white flowers during June and July with delicious, strong heliotrope odor. 3 to 4 feet.	each 20c;	per 10 \$1.80

VERBASCUM

Phoenicum —An excellent strain produced from a very superior grade of English Hybrids.	each 20c;	per 10 \$1.80
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VERBENA

Canadensis Venosa —A creeping plant in bloom all Summer. Purplish color and plentiful.	each 20c;	per 10 \$1.80
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YUCCA

VERONICA—SPEEDWELL

A family containing some of the most beautiful subjects for the hardy garden and rockery. Given a rich, well drained soil in an open situation in full sun, they will all thrive in an amazing manner.

Amethystina—Royal blue. Beautiful spikes of rich gentian-blue flowers. 10 to 15 inches. June and July flowering.
each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Erica—A heather-like Speedwell with delicate pink flowers. June-July. 8 to 12 inches. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Gentianoides—Beautiful variety with spikes of large flowers, palest blue edge deep blue, in June and July. 1 foot. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Incana (Candida). 1 foot, July and August. A white wooly plant. Flowers numerous, blue. Has a good appearance, both in and out of bloom. Useful in rockery or border. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Longifolia Subsessilis—2 feet. July to September. One of the handsomest blue-flowering plants. Perfectly hardy and increases in strength and beauty each year. Spikes completely studded with beautiful blue flowers; fine for cutting and one of the best plants for the hardy border. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Prenja (Creeping Veronica). 1 foot. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Prostrata—Creeping. 1/2 foot. Light and dark blue. each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

Repens—1 to 2 inches. May and June. A useful rock or carpeting plant with light blue flowers. Not very hardy. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Rupestris—Dwarf spreading type with deep blue flowers. May-June. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Spicata—Dwarf 8 to 12 inches. Violet blue. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Spicata—18 inches. June and July. Long spikes of blue flowers. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Spicata Rosea—Much branched variety with pink flowers. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

VINCA

Valuable for rockeries or makes a fine evergreen carpet under and about shrubs and trees.

Minor (Grave Myrtle). 4 inches. June. Green foliage, large blue flowers. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

VIOLA CORNUTA—TUFTED PANSY

Apricot.
Jersey Gem—Violet, extra fine.
Papillo—Pale blue, beautifully variegated.
Perfection—Light blue.
White Perfection—Pure white.
Rose Queen—Beautiful orchid-pink.
Yellow Gem. each 15c; per 10 \$1.20

VIOLA ODORATA—SWEET VIOLET

Blanda (Sweet White Violet). each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Papilio—Flowers soft lavender-purple, lower petals flushed white. Native. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

Pedata (Bird Foot). Native. Violet. each 20c; per 10 \$1.80

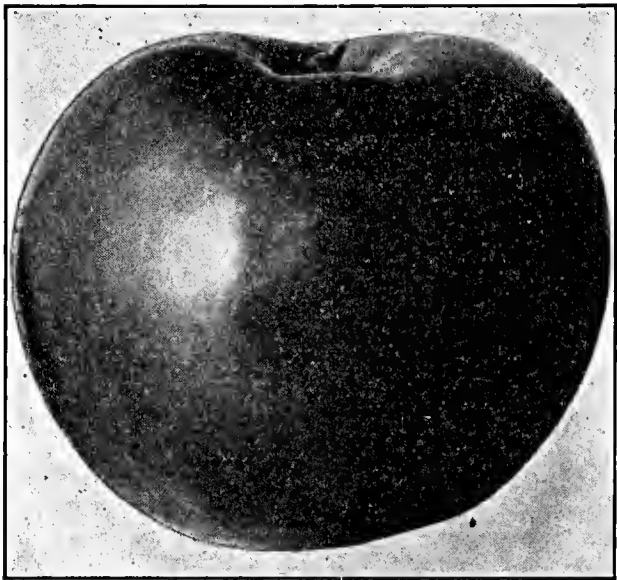
YUCCA—ADAM'S NEEDLE

Filamentosa—5 to 6 feet, or more. June and July. Handsome creamy-white flowers, much branched and densely packed with bloom, with sword-like foliage. Large Clumps. each 50c; per 10 \$4.50





FRUITS



BALDWIN APPLE

LARGE SIZES IN ALL FRUIT TREES FOR IMMEDIATE LANDSCAPE EFFECTS ON APPLICATION.

APPLES

Our collection of fruit is replete with all kinds that have proven to be the best for general purposes. It is not an extensive collection but there is not a single kind in all of the sections but what is of the highest merit.

The Apple is the king of fruit. With proper selections of our varieties it will supply your table with fruit the year round. When in bloom they are of great beauty and the fruit is loved by everyone.

Baldwin—Large; deep bright red, with flesh juicy, fine; sub-acid flavor. Bears abundantly. Ripens November and December.

Delicious—Large, red, with a peculiar and distinct aroma. Juicy and rich.

Grime's Golden—Large; golden yellow; flesh crisp, tender, juicy and of a fine flavor.

Jonathan—Medium size; deep red; flesh white and juicy, highly flavored, with fine grain. Keeps until late.

Wealthy—Medium; flesh white, juicy, sub-acid, very good. Tree hardy, free-grower, productive.

Yellow Transparent—Medium sized; skin yellow when fully matured; flesh tender, juicy, sub-acid. Ripens first part of August.

	Each	Per 10
11/16" and up .....	.75	7.00
1 1/4" to 1 1/2"	1.75	15.00
1 1/2" to 2"	4.00	35.00

BLACKBERRIES (Root Cutting Plants)

Mersereau—Large rich, sweet, black.

Snyder—Heavy bearing medium size. Sweet, early.
each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

CHERRIES

There is no fruit that makes more delicious preserves than canned Cherries, for Winter pies and other dessert. The so-called sour Cherries are hardy and vigorous and most profitable for planting.

Early Richmond—An early red Cherry. Fruit medium sized, juicy and acid. Fine for cooking and canning.

Montmorency—A fine large, bright red Cherry of the Richmond class, but larger and a more upright grower. Ripens about ten days later. Fruit valuable for canning and preserving.

	Each	Per 10
11/16" and up .....	.75	7.00
1 1/4" to 1 1/2"	1.75	15.00
1 1/2" to 2"	4.00	35.00

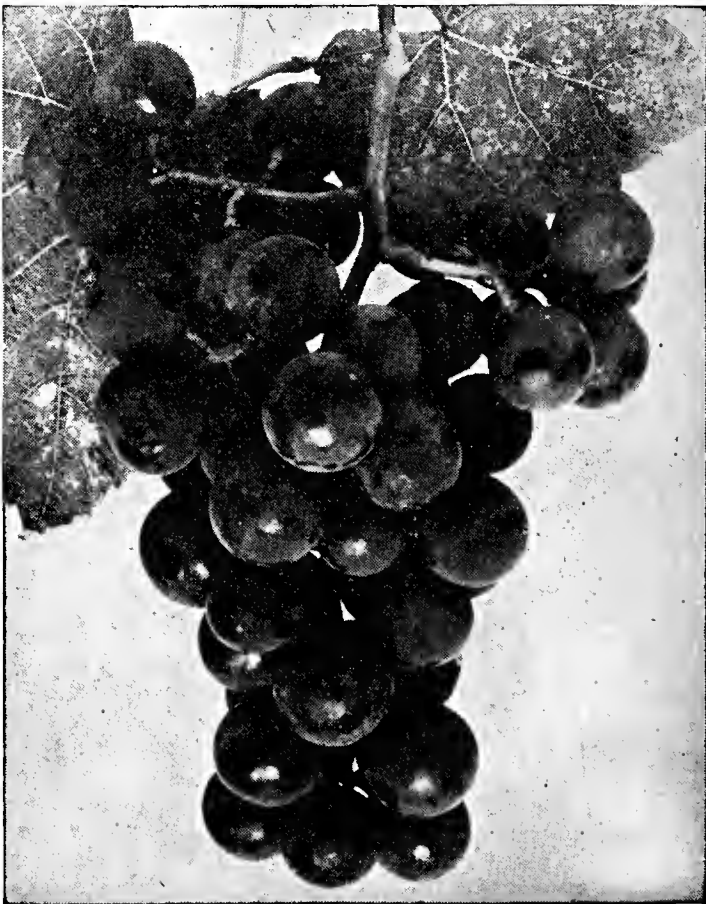
CRAB APPLES

Red Siberian Crab—Fruit medium. Red. Borne in clusters.

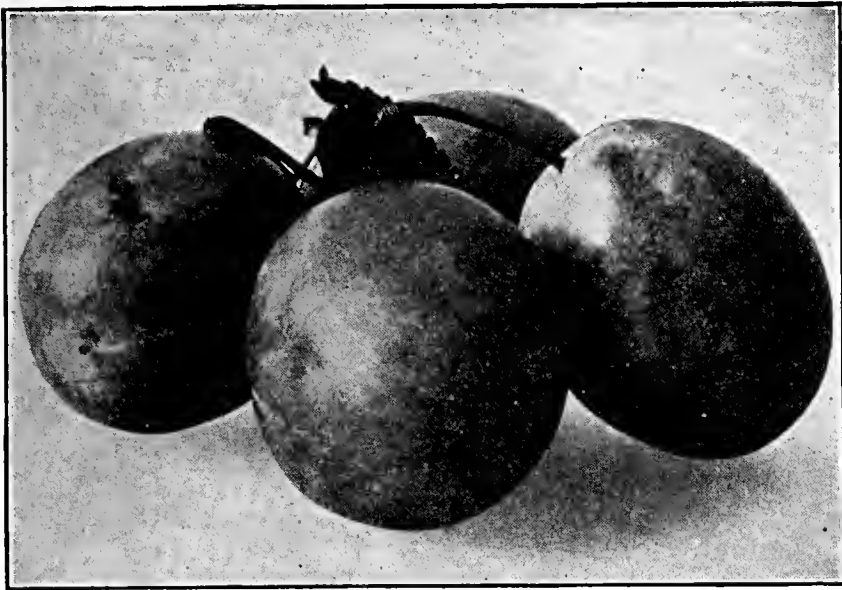
	Each	Per 10
11/16" to 1"	1.00	9.00
3" to 4" B&B	20.00	190.00

Transcendent—Flesh yellow, crisp, fine flavor.

	Each	Per 10
11/16" to 1" .....	.75	7.00
1 1/4" to 1 1/2"	1.75	15.00
1 1/2" to 2"	4.00	35.00



CONCORD GRAPES



PLUMS

CURRENTS

Black Champion—Very large berries, the size being maintained to the end of the bunch. Bright red, rich, mild, sub-acid flavor, prolific bearer. Very good.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4 year .....	.50	4.50	40.00

GOOSEBERRIES

Downing—One of the oldest and best known Gooseberries. "The Standard of Excellence". Large, handsome, pale green; of splendid quality both for cooking and table use. Bush a vigorous grower.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4 year .....	.50	4.50	40.00

Houghton—Small to medium; roundish, oval, pale red, sweet, tender, very good.

4 year50	4.50	40.00
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Josselyn—Large sized, smooth, prolific and hardy, red berries of best quality. The freest from mildew, both in leaf and fruit.

4 year50	4.50	40.00
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GRAPES

Concord—Decidedly the most popular Grape in America and deservedly so. Very hardy and productive, and succeeds over a larger range of soil than any other variety.

Delaware—Red, bunch small, compact; berries medium to large; skin thin but firm; flesh juicy, very sweet and refreshing; of best quality. A moderate grower, requiring rich soil and good culture to do its best.

Moore's Early—A good early black Grape; fair grower and bearer, ripens one week earlier than Concord. Bunches large.

Niagara—White. Prolific bearing large bunches. Yellowish white fruit.

	Each	Per 10
3 years .....	.25	2.25

PEARS

Bartlett—The Bartlett is the most popular Summer variety. Rich golden color with red cheek. Is fine and mellow early in the season, but if picked green and allowed to ripen in a cool place will keep a long time. Flesh white, fine grained, with a buttery, rich flavor. Ripens middle of September. Fine for canning.

Douglas—A profuse and early bearer of delicious and beautiful fruit. Noted for its remarkable freedom from blight.

Duchesse D'Angouleme—Very large, buttery, rich, juicy, excellent. Popular market variety as a dwarf. October and November.

Kieffer—Large; skin golden yellow, sprinkled thickly with small dots and often tinged with red on one side; flesh juicy, melting, with a pronounced quince flavor. Tree vigorous, and an early and great yielder. A variety suited to every purpose. October and November.

Seckel—An excellent small Pear of the highest flavor. Fine for pickling. Tree a stout, slow, erect grower. October.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/16" and up .....	.75	7.00
1 1/4" to 1 1/2"	1.75	15.00
1 1/2" to 2"	4.00	35.00

PLUMS

Abundance.
Red Wing.
Underwood.
Monitor.
Goldenrod.

	Each	Per 10
1 1/16" and up .....	.75	7.00
1 1/4" to 1 1/2"	1.75	15.00
1 1/2" to 2"	4.00	35.00

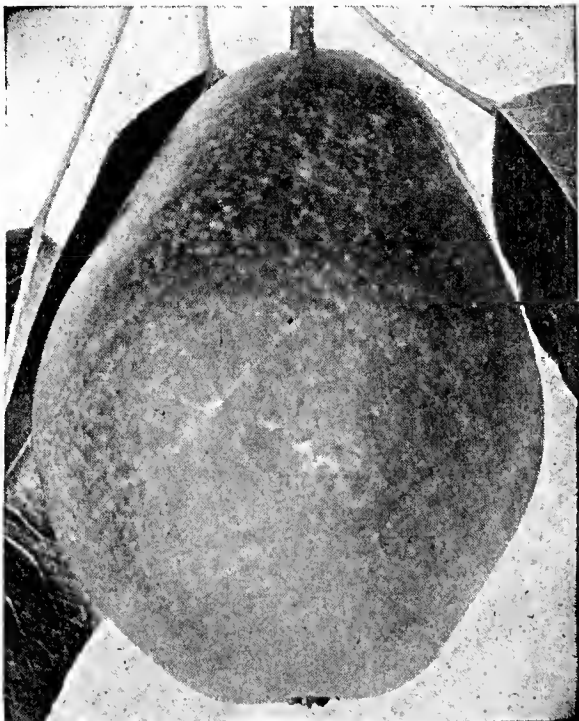
RASPBERRIES

Cumberland black—Midseason.
Flaming Giant.
Quillen—New black Raspberry. One week later than others.
St. Regis—Red, everbearing.

each 25c; per 10 \$2.25

RHUBARB

	Each	Per 10
Victoria —Whole roots.		
3 year roots50	4.50



KIEFFER PEAR

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Limited to Spring 1936, and superseding those of any previous price list are the prices herein.

Prices are for goods f.o.b. nurseries or cars Prairie View, Illinois, exclusive of any packing, express, freight or transportation charges; packing charges are extra in addition to cost of plants. No charge for packing car lot orders in bulk.

Prices are subject to cancellation or change without further notice upon prior sale or depletion of our stock of goods.

In the rush of the planting seasons, customers calling at the Nursery will be better waited upon and served by making an appointment in advance by phone or letter.

Whenever we are asked by customers to make special selection of the items for them we add 15% to catalog prices for items selected.

All nursery stock selected or tagged by customers in the Nursery will be charged for according to the value of the plants chosen, usually catalog prices plus 25%.

ORDERS: Write plainly and give explicit directions as to address and mode of shipment, whether by freight, express, etc.

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GUARANTEE AND CLAIMS: In growing and furnishing all Nursery stock, we exercise the utmost diligence and care to have it true to name and will on proper proof, within one year from date to our satisfaction, replace in ordered sizes any that will prove otherwise or refund the amount paid. Any and all sales made by us do not include any warranty expressed or implied, as to quality, description, productiveness, growth, or any matter or qualifications pertaining to the Nursery stock sold.

It is mutually agreed and understood between the Purchaser and Ourselves, that in any case we shall not be liable for a sum greater than the amount originally paid us for any tree or plants, etc., that prove untrue.

IN MAKING ALL SHIPMENTS WE CAREFULLY CONSIDER CONDITIONS IN GENERAL AND ACT ACCORDINGLY.

ALL SHIPMENTS AT PURCHASER'S RISK.

In absence of specific shipment instruction, we are to route all shipments according to our best judgment without assuming responsibility.

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CLAIMS for Errors or Shortage must be filed with us within Ten (10) days after receipt of goods. No claims for errors or shortage in excess of purchase price will be considered. Claims for damaged stock, damaged en route by Railroad or Express Company, shall be immediately reported and entered with your local agent of transportation company.

PAYMENT OF ACCOUNTS TO BE MADE AS FOLLOWS:

Remittances with order will be considered payment on account inasmuch as chargeable packing charges, or prepaid express or freight, or cost of trucking cannot be ascertained until goods are packed, shipped, or delivered, as the case may be.

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The condition may arise where the entire amount of all invoices for stock shipped will be less than the amount, or amounts, remitted, in which case the unearned portion of remittances will be refunded as soon as the shipping season is over and our books and accounts have been properly audited, if not before.

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R. F. D. No.

Draft

Post Office

P. M. O. or Exp. Order

County State.....

P. M. O. or Exp. Order

Railroad Co. Express Co.

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Name of Superintendent or Gardener

Stamps

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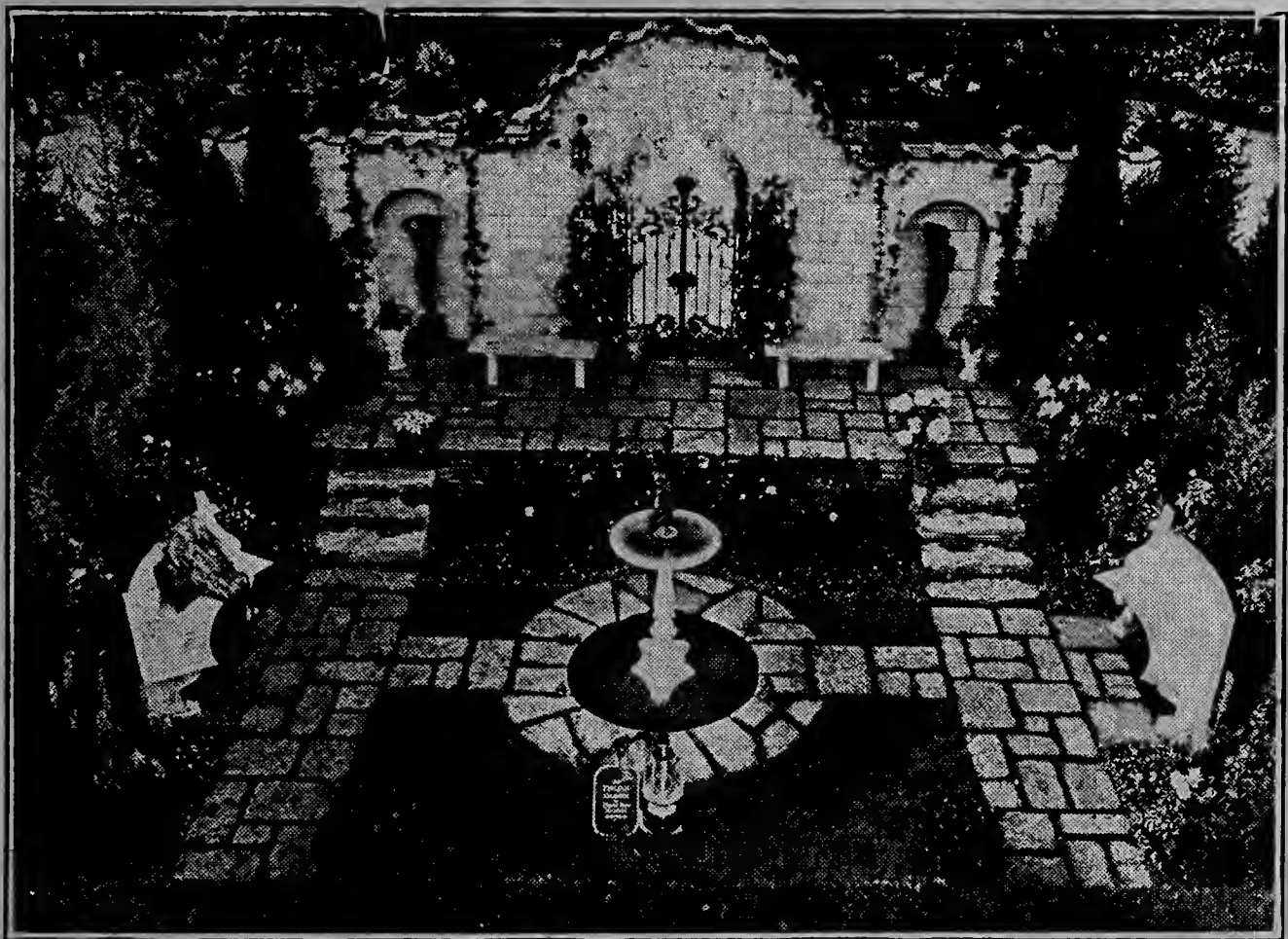
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A CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION as to healthfulness and freedom from diseases accompanies every shipment of our stock.

To avoid confusion, please give the size and price of each item.

OUR GUARANTEE—While we exercise the greatest care to have the following trees and plants true to name, and are ready, on proper proof, to replace anything sent by us that proves untrue to label, free of charge, it is understood and agreed between purchaser and ourselves, that we are not to be held liable for any greater sum than that paid for said trees that may prove untrue.

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